**Base Prospectus**

**RTÉ Réseau de transport d’électricité**

**Euro 10,000,000,000**

**Euro Medium Term Note Programme**

Under the Euro Medium Term Note Programme described in this Base Prospectus (the "Programme"), RTÉ Réseau de transport d’électricité (the "Issuer"), subject to compliance with all relevant laws, regulations and directives, may from time to time issue Euro Medium Term Notes (the "Notes"). The aggregate nominal amount of Notes outstanding will not at any time exceed Euro 10,000,000,000 (or the equivalent in other currencies at the date of issue of any Notes).

This Base Prospectus shall be in force for a period of one year as of the date set out hereunder.

Application has been made to the Autorité des marchés financiers (the "AMF") for approval of this Base Prospectus in its capacity as competent authority under the Directive 2003/71/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 November 2003, as amended (the "Prospectus Directive"). Application may be made (i) to Euronext Paris during the period of 12 months from the date of this Base Prospectus for Notes issued under the Programme to be admitted to trading and/or (ii) to the competent authority of any other Member State of the European Economic Area ("EEA") for Notes issued under the Programme to be admitted to trading on a Regulated Market (as defined below) in such Member State. Euronext Paris is a regulated market for the purposes of the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive 2014/65/EU (a "Regulated Market"). However, Notes may be issued pursuant to the Programme which are not admitted to trading on any Regulated Market.

The relevant final terms (the "Final Terms") (a form of which is contained herein) in respect of the issue of any Notes will specify whether or not such Notes will be admitted to trading, and, if so, the relevant Regulated Market.

In the case of any Notes which are to be admitted to trading on a Regulated Market within the EEA in circumstances which require the publication of a prospectus under the Prospectus Directive, the minimum denomination shall be €100,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency as at the date of issue of the Notes).

Notes may be issued either in dematerialised form ("Dematerialised Notes") or in materialised form ("Materialised Notes") as more fully described herein.

Dematerialised Notes will at all times be in book entry form in compliance with Articles L.211-3 and R.211-1 of the French Code monétaire et financier. No physical documents of title will be issued in respect of Dematerialised Notes. Dematerialised Notes may, at the option of the Issuer, be in bearer dematerialised form ("au porteur") as from the issue date in the books of Euroclear France ("Euroclear France") (acting as central depositary) which shall credit the accounts of Account Holders (as defined in "Terms and Conditions of the Notes — Form, Denomination(s), Title and Redenomination") including Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. ("Euroclear") and the depositary bank for Clearstream Banking, S.A. ("Clearstream") or in registered dematerialised form ("au nominatif") and, in such latter case, at the option of the relevant Noteholder (as defined in "Terms and Conditions of the Notes — Form, Denomination(s), Title and Redenomination"), in either fully registered form ("au nominatif pur"), in which case they will be inscribed either with the Issuer or with the registration agent (designated in the relevant Final Terms) for the Issuer, or in administered registered form ("au nominatif administré") in which case they will be inscribed in the accounts of the Account Holders designated by the relevant Noteholders.

Materialised Notes will be in bearer materialised form only and may only be issued outside France. A temporary global certificate in bearer form without interest coupons attached (a "Temporary Global Certificate") will initially be issued in connection with Materialised Notes. Such Temporary Global Certificate will be exchanged for definitive Materialised Notes in bearer form with, where applicable, coupons for interest attached, on or after a date expected to be on or about the 40th calendar day after the issue date of the Notes (subject to postponement as described in "Temporary Global Certificates issued in respect of Materialised Bearer Notes") upon certification as to non U.S. beneficial ownership as more fully described herein.

Temporary Global Certificates will (a) in the case of a Tranche (as defined in "General Description of the Programme") intended to be cleared through Euroclear and/or Clearstream, be deposited on the issue date with a common depositary on behalf of Euroclear and/or Clearstream and (b) in the case of a Tranche intended to be cleared through a clearing system other than or in addition to Euroclear and/or Clearstream or delivered outside a clearing system, be deposited as agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer (as defined below).

As at the date of this Base Prospectus, the Issuer is rated A (stable outlook) by Standard & Poor's Credit Market Services France S.A.S. ("S&P"); S&P is established in the European Union and is registered under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 on credit rating agencies, as amended (the "CRA Regulations") and is included in the list of registered credit rating agencies published by the European Securities and Markets Authority on its website (https://www.esma.europa.eu/supervision/credit-rating-agencies/list). Notes issued pursuant to the Programme may be unrated or rated differently from the current rating of the Issuer. The rating(s) of the Notes (if any) will be specified in the relevant Final Terms, including as to whether or not such credit ratings are issued by credit rating agencies established in the European Union, registered (or which have applied for registration) under the CRA Regulations and are included in the list of registered credit rating agencies published by the European Securities and Markets Authority on its website (https://www.esma.europa.eu/supervision/credit-rating-agencies/list). A rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension, change or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency.

This Base Prospectus, any supplements thereto (if any) and, so long as Notes are admitted to trading on any Regulated Market in accordance with the Prospectus Directive, the Final Terms relating to such Notes can be obtained free of charge from the registered office of the Issuer and will also be published on the websites of the Issuer (www.rte-france.com) and the AMF (www.amf.org).

Prospective investors should have regard to the factors described under the section headed "Risk Factors" in this Base Prospectus before deciding to invest in the Notes issued under the Programme.

**Arrangers**

Barclays

Société Générale Corporate & Investment Banking

**Dealers**

Barclays

CM-CIC Market Solutions

Crédit Agricole CIB

MUFG

NatWest Markets

BNP PARIBAS

Citigroup

HSBC

Natixis

Société Générale Corporate & Investment Banking

SMBC Nikko

The date of this Base Prospectus is 6 June 2018
This Base Prospectus (together with any supplements to this Base Prospectus published from time to time, each a "Supplement" and together the "Supplements") comprises a base prospectus for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive, and for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Issuer and its respective consolidated subsidiaries taken as a whole (together with the Issuer, the "Group" or the "RTE Group") and the Notes which, according to the particular nature of the Issuer and the Notes, is necessary to enable investors to make an informed assessment of the assets and liabilities, financial position, profits and losses and prospects of the Issuer.

This Base Prospectus should be read and construed in conjunction with any Supplement that may be published from time to time and all documents incorporated by reference (see "Information Incorporated by Reference") and, in relation to any Series (as defined herein) of Notes, should be read and construed together with the relevant Final Term(s) (the Base Prospectus and the Final Terms being together, the "Prospectus").

No person has been authorised to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this Base Prospectus in connection with the issue or sale of the Notes and, if given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Issuer or any of the Dealers or the Arrangers (each as defined in "General Description of the Programme"). Neither the delivery of this Base Prospectus nor any sale made in connection herewith shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Issuer or the Group since the date hereof or the date upon which this Base Prospectus has been most recently amended or supplemented or that there has been no adverse change in the financial position of the Issuer or the Group since the date hereof or the date upon which this Base Prospectus has been most recently amended or supplemented or that any other information supplied in connection with the Programme is correct as of any time subsequent to the date on which it is supplied or, if different, the date indicated in the document containing the same.

The distribution of this Base Prospectus and the offering or sale of the Notes in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law. Persons into whose possession this Base Prospectus comes are required by the Issuer, the Dealers and the Arrangers to inform themselves about and to observe any such restriction. The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") or with any securities regulatory authority of any state or other jurisdiction of the United States and may include Materialised Notes in bearer form that are subject to U.S. tax requirements. Subject to certain exceptions, Notes may not be offered, sold or, in the case of Materialised Notes in bearer form, delivered within the United States or to or for the account or benefit of U.S. persons (as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act ("Regulation S")), or, in the case of Materialised Notes in bearer form, the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "U.S. Internal Revenue Code" and the regulations thereunder). For a description of certain restrictions on offers and sales of Notes and on distribution of this Base Prospectus, see "Subscription and Sale".

MIFID II PRODUCT GOVERNANCE / TARGET MARKET – The Final Terms in respect of any Notes will include a legend entitled "MiFID II Product Governance" which will outline the target market assessment in respect of the Notes, taking into account the five (5) categories referred to in item 18 of the Guidelines published by the European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA) on 5 February 2018 and which channels for distribution of the Notes are appropriate. Any person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a distributor) should take into consideration the target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to Directive 2014/65/EU (MiFID II) is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.

A determination will be made in relation to each issue about whether, for the purpose of the MiFID Product Governance rules under EU Delegated Directive 2017/593 (the "MiFID Product Governance Rules"), any Dealer subscribing for any Notes is a manufacturer in respect of such Notes, but otherwise neither the Arranger nor the Dealers nor any of their respective affiliates will be a manufacturer for the purpose of the MiFID Product Governance Rules.

IMPORTANT - EEA RETAIL INVESTORS – If the Final Terms in respect of any Notes include a legend entitled "Prohibition of Sales to EEA Retail Investors", the Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and, with effect from such date, should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the European Economic Area (the "EEA"). For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive 2002/92/EC (as amended, the "Insurance Mediation Directive" or "IMD"), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Directive. Consequently, no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 (as amended, the PRIIPs Regulation) for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors
in the EEA has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the EEA may be unlawful under the PRIIPS Regulation.

This Base Prospectus does not constitute an offer of, or an invitation by or on behalf of the Issuer or the Dealers or the Arrangers to subscribe for, or purchase, any Notes.

The Arrangers and the Dealers have not separately verified the information or representations contained in this Base Prospectus (including the documents incorporated by reference). None of the Dealers or the Arrangers makes any representation, express or implied, or accepts any responsibility, with respect to the sincerity, accuracy or completeness of any of the information or representations in this Base Prospectus (including the documents incorporated by reference). Neither this Base Prospectus nor any other financial statements or any other information incorporated by reference are intended to provide the basis of any credit or other evaluation and should not be considered as a recommendation by any of the Issuer, the Arrangers or the Dealers that any recipient of this Base Prospectus or any financial statements or any other information incorporated by reference should purchase the Notes. Each potential purchaser of Notes should determine for itself the relevance of the information contained in this Base Prospectus and any purchase of Notes should be based upon such investigation as it deems necessary. None of the Dealers or the Arrangers has reviewed or undertakes to review the financial condition or affairs of the Issuer or the Group during the life of the arrangements contemplated by this Base Prospectus nor to advise any investor or potential investor in the Notes of any information coming to the attention of any of the Dealers or the Arrangers.

In this Base Prospectus, unless otherwise specified or the context otherwise requires, references to "€", "Euro", "EUR" or "euro" are to the single currency of the participating member states of the European Economic and Monetary Union which was introduced on 1 January 1999, references to "£", "pounds sterling", "GBP" and "Sterling" are to the lawful currency of the United Kingdom, references to "$", "USD" and "U.S. Dollars" are to the lawful currency of the United States of America.

In this Base Prospectus, any discrepancies in any table between totals and the sums of the amounts listed in such table are due to rounding.
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RISK FACTORS

The Issuer considers that the risk factors described below are important to make an investment decision in the Notes and/or may alter its ability to fulfil its obligations under the Notes towards investors. All of these factors are contingencies which are unpredictable and may or may not occur and the Issuer is not in a position to express a view on the likelihood of any such contingency occurring. The risk factors may relate to the Issuer or the RTE Group.

The following describes the main risk factors relating to the Issuer, the RTE Group and the Notes that the Issuer considers, as of the date hereof, material with respect to the Notes. The risks described below are not the only risks the Issuer and its subsidiaries face and they do not describe all of the risks of an investment in the Notes. The inability of the Issuer to pay interest, principal or other amounts on or in connection with any Note, may occur for other reasons and the Issuer does not represent that the statements below regarding the risks of holding any Notes are exhaustive. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to the Issuer or that it currently believes to be immaterial could also have a material impact on its business operations or on an investment in the Notes. However, pursuant to Articles L.121-1 et seq. of the French Energy Code, the Issuer is responsible for certain commitments relating to public service which are managed in accordance with the principles of equality, continuity and adaptability, and in the best conditions of safety, quality, costs, price and economic, social and energy efficiency. In this respect, the Issuer is protected by law in relation to these public service missions, which are also explained below.

Prior to making an investment decision in the Notes prospective investors should consider carefully all the information contained in this Base Prospectus, including the risk factors detailed below and any document incorporated by reference herein. In particular, prospective investors, subscribers and holders of Notes must make their own analysis and assessment of all the risks associated to the Notes and the risks related to the Issuer, the RTE Group and their activities and financial position. They should also consult their own financial or legal advisors as to the risks entailed by an investment in the Notes and the suitability of such an investment in light of their particular circumstances.

The Notes should only be purchased by investors who are financial institutions or other professional investors who are able to assess the specific risks implied by an investment in the Notes, or who act on the advice of financial institutions.

The order in which the following risk factors are presented is not an indication of the likelihood of their occurrence.

Terms defined herein shall have the same meaning as in the Terms and Conditions of the Notes.

I. RISK FACTORS RELATING TO THE NOTES

1. General risks relating to the Notes

1.1 Independent review and advice

Each prospective investor of Notes must determine, based on its own independent review and such professional advice as it deems appropriate under the circumstances, that its acquisition of the Notes is fully consistent with its financial needs, objectives and condition, complies and is fully consistent with all investment policies, guidelines and restrictions applicable to it and is a fit, proper and suitable investment for it, notwithstanding the clear and substantial risks inherent in investing in or holding the Notes.

A prospective investor may not rely on the Issuer or the Dealer(s) or any of their respective affiliates in connection with its determination as to the legality of its acquisition of the Notes or as to the other matters referred to above.

1.2 Potential conflicts of interest

All or some of the Dealers and, as the case may be, the calculation agent and their respective affiliates (including their parent companies) have and/or may in the future engage, in the ordinary course of business, in investment banking, commercial banking and/or other financial advisory and commercial dealings with the Issuer and its affiliates and in relation to securities issued by any entity of the Group. They have or may, in the ordinary course of business, (i) engage in investment banking, trading or hedging activities including activities that may include prime brokerage business, financing transactions or entry into derivative transactions, (ii) act as underwriters in connection with offering of shares or other securities issued by any entity of the Group or (iii) act as financial advisors to the Issuer or other companies of the Group. In the context of these transactions, certain of such Dealers have or may hold shares or other securities issued by entities of the Group. Where applicable, they have or will receive customary fees and commissions for these transactions.
Certain of the Dealers or their affiliates that have a lending relationship with the Issuer routinely hedge their credit exposure to the Issuer consistent with their customary risk management policies. Typically, such Dealers and their affiliates would hedge such exposure by entering into transactions which consist of either the purchase of credit default swaps or the creation of short positions in securities, including potentially the Notes issued under the Programme. Any such positions could adversely affect future trading prices of Notes issued under the Programme. The Dealers and their affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or financial instruments and may hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments.

Each of the Issuer and the Dealer(s) may from time to time be engaged in transactions involving an index or related derivatives which may affect the market price, liquidity or value of the Notes and which could be deemed to be adverse to the interests of the Noteholders.

Potential conflicts of interest may arise between the Calculation Agent, if any, for a Tranche of Notes and the Noteholders (including where a Dealer acts as calculation agent), including with respect to certain discretionary determinations and judgements that such Calculation Agent may make pursuant to the Terms and Conditions that may influence the amount receivable upon redemption of the Notes. The Calculation Agent shall act as an independent expert and not as agent of the Issuer in the performance of its duties. In particular, whilst a calculation agent will, as the case may be, have information barriers and procedures in place to manage conflicts of interest, it may in its other banking activities from time to time be engaged in transactions involving an index or related derivatives which may affect amounts receivable by Noteholders during the term and on the maturity of the Notes or the market price, liquidity or value of the Notes and which could be deemed to be adverse to the interests of the Noteholders.

1.3 Legality of purchase

Neither of the Issuer, the Dealer(s) nor any of their respective affiliates has or assumes responsibility for the lawfulness of the acquisition of the Notes by a prospective investor of the Notes, whether under the laws of the jurisdiction of its incorporation or the jurisdiction in which it operates (if different), or for compliance by that prospective investor with any law, regulation or regulatory policy applicable to it.

1.4 Modification of the Terms and Conditions of the Notes, waivers and substitution

The applicable Terms and Conditions of the Notes contain provisions for calling General Meetings of Noteholders to consider matters affecting their interests generally. These provisions permit defined majorities to bind all Noteholders including Noteholders who did not attend and vote at the relevant General Meeting and Noteholders who voted in a manner contrary to the majority.

1.5 Regulatory restrictions

Investors whose investment activities are subject to investment laws and regulations or to review or regulation by certain authorities may be subject to restrictions on investments in certain types of debt securities. Investors should review and consider such restrictions prior to investing in the Notes.

1.6 Taxation

Potential purchasers and sellers of the Notes should be aware that they may be required to pay taxes or other documentary charges or duties in accordance with the laws and practices of the country where the Notes are transferred or other jurisdictions. In some jurisdictions, no official statements of the tax authorities or court decisions may be available for innovative financial Notes such as the Notes. Potential investors are advised not to rely upon the tax summary contained in this Base Prospectus but to ask for their own tax adviser's advice on their individual taxation with respect to the acquisition, holding, sale and redemption of the Notes. Only these advisors are in a position to duly consider the specific situation of the potential investor. This investment consideration has to be read in connection with the taxation sections of this Base Prospectus.

1.7 The proposed financial transactions tax ("FTT")

On 14 February 2013, the European Commission published a proposal (the "Commission’s Proposal") for a Directive for a common FTT in Belgium, Germany, Estonia, Greece, Spain, France, Italy, Austria, Portugal, Slovenia and Slovakia (the "Participating Member States").
However, Estonia has since officially indicated that it will no longer be a Participating Member State.

The Commission’s Proposal has a very broad scope and could, if introduced, apply to certain dealings in the Notes (including secondary market transactions) in certain circumstances. The issuance and subscription of Notes should, however, be exempt.

Under the Commission’s Proposal the FTT could apply in certain circumstances to persons both within and outside of the Participating Member States. Generally, it would apply to certain dealings in the Notes where at least one party is a financial institution, and at least one party is established in a Participating Member State. A financial institution may be, or be deemed to be, “established” in a Participating Member State in a broad range of circumstances, including (a) by transacting with a person established in a ‘Participating Member State or (b) where the financial instrument which is subject to the dealings is issued in a Participating Member State.

However, the Commission's Proposal remains subject to negotiation between the Participating Member States (excluding Estonia) and its scope is uncertain. It may therefore be altered prior any implementation, the timing of which remains unclear. Additional EU Member States may decide to participate, and/or Participating Member States may decide to withdraw. If the proposed directive or any similar is adopted, transactions in the Notes could be subject to higher costs, and the liquidity of the market for the Notes may be diminished.

Prospective holders of the Notes should consult their own tax advisers in relation to the consequences of the FTT associated with subscribing, purchasing, holding and disposing of the Notes.

### 1.8 French insolvency law

Under French insolvency law, holders of debt securities are automatically grouped into a single assembly of holders (the "Assembly") in case of the opening in France of a safeguard procedure (procédure de sauvegarde), accelerated safeguard procedure (procédure de sauvegarde accélérée), accelerated financial safeguard procedure (procédure de sauvegarde financière accélérée) or a judicial reorganisation procedure (procédure de redressement judiciaire) of the Issuer, in order to defend their common interests.

The Assembly comprises holders of all debt securities issued by the Issuer (including the Notes), whether or not under a debt issuance programme (EMTN) and regardless of their governing law.

The Assembly deliberates on the draft safeguard plan (projet de plan de sauvegarde), draft accelerated safeguard plan (projet de plan de procédure de sauvegarde accélérée), draft accelerated financial safeguard plan (projet de plan de sauvegarde financière accélérée) or draft judicial reorganisation plan (projet de plan de redressement) applicable to the Issuer and may further agree to:

- increase the liabilities (charges) of holders of debt securities (including the Noteholders) by rescheduling and/or writing-off debts;
- establish an unequal treatment between holders of debt securities (including the Noteholders) as appropriate under the circumstances; and/or
- decide to convert debt securities (including the Notes) into shares.

Decisions of the Assembly will be taken by a two-thirds majority (calculated as a proportion of the debt securities held by the holders expressing a vote). No quorum is required on convocation of the Assembly.

For the avoidance of doubt, the provisions relating to the Representation of the Noteholders described in this Base Prospectus will not be applicable in these circumstances.

### 1.9 Change of law

The Terms and Conditions of the Notes are based on French law in effect as at the date of this Base Prospectus. No assurance can be given as to the impact of any possible judicial decision or change in French law or the official application or interpretation of French law after the date of this Base Prospectus.
**1.10 No active secondary/trading market for the Notes**

Notes issued under the Programme will be new securities which may not be widely distributed and for which there may be no active trading market. If the Notes are traded after their initial issuance, they may trade at a discount to their initial offering price, depending upon prevailing interest rates, the market for similar securities, general economic conditions and the financial condition of the Issuer. Although in relation to Notes to be admitted to trading on Euronext Paris and/or any other Regulated Market in the European Economic Area, the Final Terms of the Notes will be filed with the Autorité des marchés financiers and/or with the competent authority of the Regulated Market of the European Economic Area where the Notes will be admitted to trading, which, in the case of Notes to be admitted to trading on Euronext Paris shall be the Autorité des marchés financiers, there is no assurance that such filings will be accepted, that any particular Tranche of Notes will be so admitted or that an active trading market will develop. Accordingly, there is no assurance as to the development or liquidity of any trading market for any particular Tranche of Notes.

In addition, certain Notes may be designed for specific investment objectives or strategies and therefore may have a more limited secondary market and experience more price volatility than conventional debt securities.

Investors may not be able to sell Notes readily or at prices that will enable investors to realise their anticipated yield. No investor should purchase Notes unless the investor understands and is able to bear the risk that certain Notes may not be readily sellable, that the value of Notes may fluctuate over time and that such fluctuations may be significant.

Furthermore, the secondary market for securities is currently experiencing significantly reduced liquidity, which could limit investors' ability to resell Notes and adversely affect the price of Notes.

**1.11 Currency risk (exchange rates and exchange controls)**

The Issuer will pay principal and interest on the Notes issued under the Programme in the specified currency (the "Specified Currency"). This presents certain risks relating to currency conversions if an investor's financial activities are denominated principally in a currency or currency unit (the "Investor's Currency") other than the Specified Currency. These include the risk that exchange rates may significantly change (including changes due to devaluation of the Specified Currency or revaluation of the Investor's Currency) and the risk that authorities with jurisdiction over the Investor's Currency may impose or modify exchange controls. An appreciation in the value of the Investor's Currency relative to the Specified Currency would decrease (1) the Investor's Currency-equivalent yield on the Notes, (2) the Investor's Currency-equivalent value of the principal payable on the Notes and (3) the Investor's Currency-equivalent market value of the Notes.

Appreciation in the value of the Investor's Currency relative to the value of the Specified Currency would result in a decrease in the Investor's Currency-equivalent yield on a Note denominated, or the principal of or return on which is payable, in such Specified Currency, in the Investor's Currency-equivalent value of the principal of such Note payable at maturity (if any) and generally in the Investor's Currency-equivalent market value of such Note. In addition, depending on the specific terms of a Note denominated in, or the payment of which is determined by reference to the value of, one or more Specified Currencies other than solely the Investor's Currency, indices (including exchange rates and swap indices between currencies or currency units) or formulas, fluctuations in exchange rates relating to any of the currencies or currency units involved could result in a decrease in the effective yield on such Note and, in certain circumstances, could result in a loss of all or a substantial portion of the principal of such Note to the investor.

Government and monetary authorities may impose (as some have done in the past) exchange controls that could adversely affect an applicable exchange rate. As a result, investors may receive less interest or principal than expected, or no interest or principal.

**1.12 Credit ratings may not reflect all risks**

The Issuer has a credit rating which is subject to reviews from time to time by the independent credit rating agency which assigns such credit rating.

One or more independent credit rating agencies may assign credit ratings to the Notes and/or the Issuer. The ratings of the Notes may not reflect the potential impact of all risks related to structure, market, additional factors discussed above, and other factors that may affect the value of the Notes. A credit rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be revised or withdrawn by the rating agency at any time.
In general, European regulated investors are restricted under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009, as amended (the "CRA Regulation") from using credit ratings for regulatory purposes, unless such ratings are issued by a credit rating agency established in the EU and registered under the CRA Regulation (and such registration has not been withdrawn or suspended), subject to transitional provisions that apply in certain circumstances. Such general restriction will also apply in the case of credit ratings issued by non-EU credit rating agencies, unless the relevant credit ratings are endorsed by an EU-registered credit rating agency or the relevant non-EU rating agency is certified in accordance with the CRA Regulation (and such endorsement action or certification, as the case may be, has not been withdrawn or suspended), subject to transitional provisions that apply in certain circumstances. The list of registered and certified credit rating agencies published by the European Securities and Markets Authority ("ESMA") on its website in accordance with the CRA Regulation is not conclusive evidence of the status of the relevant rating agency included in such list, as there may be delays between certain supervisory measures being taken against a relevant rating agency and the publication of the updated ESMA's list.

The relevant Final Terms will specify whether or not such credit ratings are issued by a credit rating agency established in the European Union, and whether or not the relevant credit rating agency is registered (or has applied for registration) under the CRA Regulation and is included in the list of registered credit rating agencies published by the European Securities and Markets Authority on its website (https://www.esma.europa.eu/supervision/credit-rating-agencies/risk).

1.13 Market value of the Notes

The market value of the Notes will be affected by the creditworthiness of the Issuer and a number of additional factors, including, but not limited to, the volatility of market interest and yield rates and the time remaining to the maturity date.

The value of the Notes depends on a number of interrelated factors, including economic, financial and political events in France or elsewhere, including factors affecting capital markets generally and the stock exchanges on which the Notes are traded. The price at which a Noteholder will be able to sell the Notes prior to maturity may be at a discount, which could be substantial, from the issue price or the purchase price paid by such purchaser.

1.14 Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of loss arising when a borrower, counterparty or issuer does not meet its financial obligations. If the credit worthiness of the Issuer deteriorates (i) the Issuer may be unable to honor its obligations with respect to the Notes and (ii) the value of the Notes may decrease and investors may lose all or part of their investment.

2. Risks related to the structure of a particular issue of Notes

The Programme allows for different types of Notes to be issued. Accordingly, each Tranche of Notes may carry varying risks for potential investors depending on the specific features of such Notes such as, inter alia, the provisions for computation of periodic interest payments, if any, redemption and issue price.

2.1 Notes subject to optional redemption by the Issuer

The Issuer has the option, if so specified in the relevant the Final Terms, to redeem the Notes under a make-whole call option as provided in Condition 6(b), a call option as provided in Condition 6(c), a residual maturity call option as provided in Condition 6(d) or a clean-up call option as provided in Condition 6(f).

In the event of a clean-up call option, the Issuer has no obligation to inform investors that the percentage of 80 per cent. of the initial aggregate nominal amount of the Notes of the same Series being redeemed or purchased has been reached or is about to be reached, and the Issuer’s right to redeem the Notes, in whole but not in part, will exist notwithstanding that immediately prior to the serving of a notice in respect of the exercise of this option, the Notes may have been trading significantly above par, thus potentially resulting in a loss of capital invested.

Furthermore, in the event that the Issuer would be obliged to increase the amounts payable in respect of any Notes due to any withholding or deduction for or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by the country of domicile (or residence for tax purposes) by the Issuer, or on behalf of France, or any political subdivision thereof or any authority therein or thereof having power to tax, the Issuer may redeem all outstanding Notes in accordance with the Terms and Conditions.
In addition, a partial redemption of a specific Series of Notes may also adversely affect liquidity for the remaining outstanding Notes of such Series.

Finally, if in the case of any particular Tranche of Notes the relevant Final Terms specify that the Notes are redeemable at the Issuer's option in certain other circumstances the Issuer may choose to redeem the Notes at times when prevailing interest rates may be relatively low. During a period when the Issuer may elect, or has elected, to redeem Notes, such Notes may feature a market value not substantially above the price at which they can be redeemed. In such circumstances, an investor may not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds in a comparable security at an effective interest rate as high as that of the relevant Notes and any such optional redemption feature may also result in a decrease in such Notes' effective yield. Prospective investors should consider reinvestment risk in light of other investments available at that time.

2.2 Notes subject to optional redemption by the Noteholders

Exercise of a Put Option in respect of certain Notes may affect the liquidity of the Notes of the same Series in respect of which such option is not exercised.

Depending on the number of Notes of the same Series in respect of which the Put Option provided in the relevant Final Terms is exercised, any trading market in respect of those Notes in respect of which such option is not exercised may become illiquid.

2.3 Fixed Rate Notes

Investment in Notes which bear interest at a fixed rate involves the risk that subsequent changes in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the relevant Tranche of Notes.

2.4 Floating Rate Notes

A key difference between Floating Rate Notes and Fixed Rate Notes is that interest income on Floating Rate Notes cannot be anticipated. Due to varying interest income, investors are not able to determine a definite yield of Floating Rate Notes at the time they purchase them, so that their return on investment cannot be compared with that of investments having longer fixed interest periods. If the Terms and Conditions of the Notes provide for frequent interest payment dates, investors are exposed to reinvestment risk if market interest rates decline. That is, investors may reinvest the interest income paid to them only at the relevant lower interest rates then prevailing. In addition, the Issuer’s ability to also issue Fixed Rate Notes may affect the market value and the secondary market (if any) of the Floating Rate Notes (and vice versa).

Investment in Notes which bear interest at a floating rate comprise (i) a reference rate and (ii) a margin to be added or subtracted, as the case may be, from such base rate. Typically, the relevant margin will not change throughout the life of the Notes but there will be a periodic adjustment (specified in the relevant Final Terms) of the reference rate (e.g., every three months or six months) which itself will change in accordance with general market conditions. Accordingly, the market value of floating rate Notes may be volatile if changes, particularly short term changes, to market interest rates evidenced by the relevant reference rate can only be reflected in the interest rate of these Notes upon the next periodic adjustment of the relevant reference rate.

2.5 Fixed/Floating Rate Notes

Fixed/Floating Rate Notes may bear interest at a rate that converts from a fixed rate to a floating rate, or from a floating rate to a fixed rate either automatically or at the option of the Issuer if certain predetermiend conditions are met. The conversion (whether it be automatic or optional) of the interest rate will affect the secondary market and the market value of the Notes since the conversion may lead to a lower overall cost of borrowing. If a fixed rate is converted to a floating rate, the spread on the Fixed/Floating Rate Notes may be less favourable than then prevailing spreads on comparable Floating Rate Notes tied to the same reference rate. In addition, the new floating rate at any time may be lower than the rates on other Notes. If a floating rate is converted to a fixed rate, the fixed rate may be lower than then prevailing rates on its Notes.

2.6 Notes issued at a substantial discount or premium

The market values of securities issued at a substantial discount or premium from their principal amount tend to fluctuate more in relation to general changes in interest rates than do prices for conventional interest-bearing securities.
Generally, the longer the remaining term of the securities, the greater the price volatility as compared to conventional interest-bearing securities with comparable maturities.

2.7 Zero Coupon Notes

Changes in market interest rates have a substantially stronger impact on the prices of Zero Coupon Notes than on the prices of ordinary Notes because the discounted issue prices are substantially below par. If market interest rates increase, Zero Coupon Notes can suffer higher price losses than other Notes having the same maturity and credit rating. Due to their leverage effect, Zero Coupon Notes are a type of investment associated with a particularly high price risk.

2.8 Variable rate Notes with a multiplier or other leverage factor

Notes with variable interest rates can be volatile investments. If they are structured to include multipliers or other leverage factors, or caps or floors, or any combination of those features, their market values may be even more volatile than those for securities that do not include those features.

2.9 The regulation and reform of "benchmarks" may adversely affect the value of Notes linked to or referencing such "benchmarks"

Interest rates and indices which are deemed to be "benchmarks", (including EURIBOR and LIBOR) are the subject of recent national and international regulatory guidance and proposals for reform. Some of these reforms are already effective whilst others are still to be implemented. These reforms may cause such benchmarks to perform differently than in the past, to disappear entirely, or have other consequences which cannot be predicted. Any such consequence could have a material adverse effect on any Notes linked to or referencing such a "benchmark".

Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 (the "Benchmarks Regulation") was published in the Official Journal of the EU on 29 June 2016 and has applied since 1 January 2018. The Benchmarks Regulation applies to the provision of benchmarks, the contribution of input data to a benchmark and the use of a benchmark within the EU. It, among other things, (i) requires benchmark administrators to be authorised or registered (or, if non-EU-based, to be subject to an equivalent regime or otherwise recognised or endorsed) and (ii) prevents certain uses by EU supervised entities of "benchmarks" of administrators that are not authorised or registered (or, if non-EU based, not deemed equivalent or recognised or endorsed).

The Benchmarks Regulation could have a material impact on any Notes linked to or referencing a "benchmark", in particular, if the methodology or other terms of the "benchmark" are changed in order to comply with the requirements of the Benchmarks Regulation. Such changes could, among other things, have the effect of reducing, increasing or otherwise affecting the volatility of the published rate or level of the "benchmark".

More broadly, any of the international or national reforms, or the general increased regulatory scrutiny of "benchmarks", could increase the costs and risks of administering or otherwise participating in the setting of a "benchmark" and complying with any such regulations or requirements. Such factors may have the following effects on certain "benchmarks" (including EURIBOR and LIBOR): (i) discourage market participants from continuing to administer or contribute to the "benchmark"; (ii) trigger changes in the rules or methodologies used in the "benchmark" or (iii) lead to the disappearance of the "benchmark". Any of the above changes or any other consequential changes as a result of international or national reforms or other initiatives or investigations, could have a material adverse effect on the value of and return on any Notes linked to or referencing a "benchmark".

Investors should consult their own independent advisers and make their own assessment about the potential risks imposed by the Benchmarks Regulation in making any investment decision with respect to any Notes linked to or referencing a "benchmark".

2.10 Future discontinuance of LIBOR may adversely affect the value of Floating Rate Notes which reference LIBOR

On 27 July 2017, the Chief Executive of the United Kingdom Financial Conduct Authority, which regulates LIBOR, announced that it does not intend to continue to persuade, or use its powers to compel, panel banks to submit rates for the calculation of LIBOR to the administrator of LIBOR after 2021. The announcement indicated that the continuation of LIBOR on the current basis is not guaranteed after 2021. It is not possible to predict whether, and to what extent, panel banks will continue to provide LIBOR submissions to the administrator of LIBOR going forward. This may cause LIBOR to perform differently than it did in the past and may have other consequences that cannot be predicted.
Investors should be aware that, if LIBOR were discontinued or otherwise unavailable, the rate of interest on Floating Rate Notes which reference LIBOR will be determined for the relevant period by the fall-back provisions applicable to such Notes. Depending on the manner in which the LIBOR rate is to be determined under the Terms and Conditions, this may in certain circumstances (i) be reliant upon the provision by reference banks of offered quotations for the LIBOR rate which, depending on market circumstances, may not be available at the relevant time or (ii) result in the effective application of a fixed rate based on the rate which applied in the previous period when LIBOR was available. Any of the foregoing could have an adverse effect on the value or liquidity of, and return on, any Floating Rate Notes which reference LIBOR.

II. RISK FACTORS RELATING TO THE ISSUER AND ITS OPERATIONS

Risks associated with the Issuer's activities

The Issuer operates facilities that may cause significant harm to the natural or human environment or for which accidents or external attacks may have serious consequences

Regarding electricity transmission facilities, persons working in or near this type of facility may be exposed, in the event of an accident, error or negligence, to the risk of electrocution. The Issuer implements accident prevention and safety measures. However, the Issuer cannot guarantee that these measures will prove sufficient.

The Issuer implements measures both for accident prevention and repairs with respect to industrial accidents and harm to the environment caused by the facilities that it operates. Similarly, connection agreements for electricity production facilities (conventions de raccordement des installations de production d'électricité) oblige their owners and the operators to provide financial guarantees in the event of physical damage. However, the Issuer cannot guarantee that these measures will prove effective. The civil liability and damage insurance coverage taken out by the Issuer may be in some cases insufficient to avoid negative financial consequences.

In addition, French Decree no. 2011-1697 dated 1 December 2011 relating to the infrastructures of the public electricity networks requires that the Issuer develops and implements a control and monitoring programme of electromagnetic fields (as of 1 January 2012), and a technical inspection of its infrastructures, as from 2013. The cost of implementing these new requirements has yet to be determined.

Any one of these events or additional regulations may have material, negative consequences on the Issuer's activities, profits and financial situation.

The Issuer's revenue is generated from activities subject to regulated tariffs, the level of which may have an impact on the Issuer's results

Pursuant to Article L.341-3 of the French Energy Code, the deliberation dated 17 November 2016 in relation to tariffs for using the public transmission network (the Tarif d'Utilisation des Réseaux Publics de transport et de distribution d'électricité ("TURPE")) for the period from August 2017 to July 2021 ("TURPE 5 Period") issued by the Commission de Régulation de l'Énergie ("CRE") was published in the Official Journal of the French Republic (Journal officiel de la République française) on 28 January 2017.

The deliberations became effective on 1 August 2017 for a period of four years (i.e. until end of July 2021). In accordance with Article L.341-2 of the French Energy Code, tariffs for using the public transmission network are calculated in a non-discriminatory manner. Such calculation covers the total cost borne by the Issuer and includes those costs stemming from putting into practice its objectives and public service contracts which in turn guarantees the Issuer's solvency.

However, the Issuer cannot guarantee that the transmission tariffs will always be set or revised at a level which would allow it to improve or maintain its profitability margins and its rates of return on investments. This "regulation risk" could have a material negative impact on the Issuer's activities, profits and financial results. Nevertheless, during the TURPE 5 Period, the annual tariffs revisions will be revised periodically (August 2018, August 2019 and August 2020), taking into account a maximum 2% annual inflation rate, in such a manner so as to cover the total costs borne by the Issuer in accordance with Article L.341-2 of the French Energy Code, as it was the case during the previous TURPEs applicable for the 2013-2017 period.

Risk related to incentive mechanisms

The TURPE for the TURPE 5 Period contains the following incentive mechanisms: (i) a bonus / penalty system on supply quality based on two indicators, average outage duration and outage frequency, and which is limited to €45 million a year, (ii) an
incentive mechanism on operating cost and investments not related to the public transmission network that enables the Issuer to retain, during the TURPE 5 Period, 100 per cent. of gains on operating and capital costs (compared on the basis of reference costs), (iii) a bonus/penalty scheme on new interconnection investments which provides for additional revenues to the Issuer if certain requirements are met (social welfare of the asset, building cost, completion time, commercial flows) and which was first applied in the context of the Piemont-Savoie interconnection project, (iv) a bonus/penalty scheme with a reference budget for investments over €30 million, (v) a bonus/penalty scheme on price and volume of grid losses, and (vi) an incentive regulation on balancing reserves. The incentive on electricity interruption duration and frequency lead to a penalty of €8 million in 2015, a bonus of €15 million in 2016 and €34 million in 2017.

The incentive mechanisms in relation to the TURPE applicable for the TURPE 5 Period (as described above) should slightly reduce the risk of a negative impact on the Issuer's financial results of the incentive mechanisms introduced in the context of the TURPE for the previous periods. However, although the Issuer has put in place an efficient risk management policy, these incentive mechanisms may have a negative impact on the Issuer's financial results.

The Issuer's activities require various administrative authorisations that may be difficult to obtain or whose grant may be subject to conditions that may become significantly more stringent

The development of the Issuer's industrial activities — transmission — requires various administrative authorisations, at local and national levels, both in France and abroad. The procedures for obtaining and renewing these authorisations can be drawn out and complex. The Issuer may accordingly be required to pay significant amounts to comply with the requirements associated with obtaining or renewing these authorisations (for example, the costs of preparing the application for the authorisations or investments associated with installing equipment required before the authorisation can be issued). However, these costs ought to be covered by the transmission tariff according to Article L.341-2 of the French Energy Code.

The Issuer operates its transmission activities within the context of concessions governed by public law and must comply with increasingly restrictive environmental regulations

The Issuer is the public transmission system operator according to standard concession specifications (cahier des charges de la concession du réseau public de transport) which are currently being developed in accordance with a concession agreement (contrat de concession du réseau public de transport) between the French State and RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité dated 30 October 2008. The Issuer cannot guarantee that these concession specifications will not change in the future to contain obligations that are more restrictive for the Issuer, in particular, obligations of a financial nature, than the obligations that are currently applicable.

In addition, new legislative or regulatory environmental requirements could lead to new obligations for the Issuer. For example, some provisions resulting from Law n°2015-992 dated 17 August 2015 relating to energy transition for green growth (relative à la transition énergétique pour la croissance verte) will either reduce the Issuer's turnover (an enlargement in favour of "electro-intensive" clients which applies from 1 January 2016 of the rebate), or make the Issuer be subject to new charges (interruptibility from the 1 April 2016). Furthermore, Law n°2013-1168 dated 18 December 2013 relating to military programme for the years 2014 to 2019 governing defence and national security (relative à la programmation militaire pour les années 2014 à 2019 et portant diverses dispositions concernant la défense et la sécurité nationale) will lead to new obligations for organisations of critical importance such as the Issuer.

The Issuer cannot guarantee that such more restrictive obligations will always be covered by the transmission tariff, without any impact on its financial situation. However, these costs ought to be covered by the transmission tariff according to Article L.341-2 of the French Energy Code.

The Issuer's failure to comply with any applicable environmental, health and safety laws and regulations may cause the Issuer to incur liability or other damages that it might be required to compensate

The Issuer must comply with increasingly restrictive environmental and public health regulations that are the sources of costs.

The Issuer's activities are subject to regulations for the protection of the environment and public health, which are increasingly numerous and restrictive. The Issuer has made and will continue to make significant capital and other expenditures to comply with applicable environmental, health and safety regulations. The Issuer is continuously required to incur expenditures to ensure that the installations that it operates comply with applicable legal, regulatory and administrative requirements. These expenditures, which are evidenced in the Public Service Contract (see "Description of the Issuer"), mainly relate to the protection of the land and biodiversity, to the strengthening of cooperation with local authorities, the promotion of research and development activities and towards the ISO 14001 environmental certification which the Issuer obtained in 2002. Any of the
Issuer's operations, moreover, may, in the future, become subject to stricter laws and regulations, and correspondingly greater compliance expenditures.

Such regulations could lead to potential liabilities if the related costs were not covered by the transmission tariff in spite of the principles resulting from Article L.341-2 of the French Energy Code. Other current and future regulations in the environmental and health areas may also have a material financial impact on the Issuer.

**Widespread blackouts in France if they are attributable to the Issuer may have consequences for its activities and profits**

Italy, Great Britain, Denmark, Sweden and a large part of the United States and Canada experienced significant blackouts in 2003. The causes of these blackouts vary: local or regional imbalance between electricity generation and consumption, accidental interruption to the power supply, cascaded interruptions (more difficult to overcome in a market with cross border exchanges), interconnection problems at borders, lack of investment and difficulty in coordinating operators on an open market.

On 4 November 2006, following an incident in the German network, a significant breakdown in the electricity supply involved several European countries. Nevertheless, a European "blackout" was avoided and the electricity supply breakdown lasted less than one hour in France. Prior to this, the most recent event of this kind last occurred in France in 1978 where half of France suffered a power outage for approximately four hours. Several incidents have occurred in the south-east area in the past where the Issuer had difficulties to obtain authorisations to build new lines, e.g. 3 November 2008 (power outage for 1.2 million consumers due to a thunderstorm), 31 July 2009 (power outage for 1.2 million consumers due to a forest fire), 21 December 2009 (power cut for 2 million consumers due to a technical incident). On 27 and 28 February 2010, about 20 substations and 80 lines were out of service for several hours, as a consequence of the Xynthia storm.

From 30 June to 4 July 2015, a heat wave in the North West of France caused damages to measurement transformers leading to power outages for about 80,0000 consumers.

The Issuer may be, or may be found to be, responsible for a blackout.

These blackouts would first have an impact on the Issuer's income and may also result in repair costs incurred by disrupted customers.

Nevertheless, in some cases such blackouts may be recognised as being a consequence of a force majeure event which would limit the Issuer's responsibility.

**Natural disasters or major climatic unforeseen events could have a material negative impact on the Issuer's industrial and commercial activities**

In addition to climatic disasters, other natural disasters, such as floods, landslides and earthquakes can affect the Issuer's activities.

The Issuer has implemented measures, which allow it to limit the consequences should such events re-occur. For example, following the storms of December 1999, the Issuer implemented a programme to secure the transmission network which was completed in 2017. Initially, following the heat wave in the summer of 2003, an "Unforeseen Climatic Events" plan was drawn up in order to anticipate and prevent the consequences of such events. Such measures can lead to costs in addition to those related to the cost of repairing the damage caused by the natural disaster and the loss of earnings corresponding to the interruption to supply.

The Issuer cannot guarantee that the occurrence of a natural disaster or a significant climatic unforeseen event that is difficult to predict will not have consequences as serious or even more material than the events described above on its activities and its financial situation. However, the Issuer is protected by law in relation to its contractual arrangements with the users of the transport network. By way of an example, the Transport Network Access Contract (Contrat d'Accès au Réseau de Transport), contains a force majeure clause which excludes the liability of the Issuer upon the occurrence of certain events as set out in the contract (natural catastrophes that fall within Law no. 82-600 dated 13 July 1982, atmospheric phenomena that are unstoppable owing to their cause and their magnitude to which electricity networks, and especially ariels, are particularly vulnerable, where at least 100,000 customers supplied by the public transport network and/or by the distribution networks are without electricity on the same day because of the same phenomenon). This force majeure clause, originally from the specifications of the public transport network concession, thus allowed the Issuer to exclude civil liability in the case of the storms of December 1999.

Furthermore, in the case of a long power outage, the Issuer must offer its customers a standard deduction of 2 per cent. of the fixed part of the tariff for every block of 6 hours of power outage in accordance with the Transport Network Access Contract.
**Certain assets of the Issuer do not have the benefit of any insurance against damage**

The Issuer does not have the benefit of any insurance against damage for certain of its assets, i.e. the overhead transmission lines (the exact proportion of which cannot be determined) of which it is the owner. Any damage to these overhead lines could have a negative impact on the Issuer's financial situation. The other assets of the Issuer (underground or offshore cables, substation, transformers and business premises) are covered by an insurance against damage.

**Risks associated with climatic conditions**

Electricity consumption, and thus the volume of electricity transported by the Issuer, depends to some extent on climatic conditions. Accordingly, mild winters (where less heating is required) or cool summers (where there is reduced demand for air conditioning) result in decreased demand for electricity. The Issuer's annual results may therefore be temporarily affected by significant climatic variations. The Issuer's operating profits also reflect the seasonal character of demand for electricity, which is typically higher during the coldest months and when the nights are longer. However, any loss of earnings resulting from the difference between forecast and actual transmitted electricity volumes will be reflected in the "account to regulate costs and revenues" (Compte de Régulation des Charges et des Produits, or "CRCP") aimed at offsetting the impact of external factors on the network operators' costs and revenues that cannot be fully controlled by the network operators. Depending on whether or not the balance is positive or negative, it will be offset by decreases or increases in the costs to be recovered by the TURPE over the following years, capped to +/- 2% during the regulation period.

**The Issuer's activities fluctuate in accordance with economic cycles and general economic conditions**

The Issuer's activities fluctuate in accordance with the economic cycles and general economic conditions of the geographical regions in which it operates, particularly in France. Any economic slowdown in these regions would lead to a reduction in energy consumption, and, consequently, would have a negative impact on the demand for electricity which in turn could have a temporary adverse effect on the Issuer's activities, profits and prospects. However, the Issuer believes that it is in a relatively favourable position compared to other economic players, particularly due to the need for, and in certain cases, the difficulty in finding, a viable alternative to electricity and due to its role as a publicly owned utility governed by law that guarantees the continuity of its activities at all times. However, any loss of earnings resulting from the difference between forecast and actual transmitted electricity volumes will be reflected in the CRCP. Depending on whether or not the balance is positive or negative, it will be offset by decreases or increases in the costs to be recovered by the TURPE over the following years.

**The occurrence of work-related illnesses and accidents cannot be excluded**

Although the Issuer considers that it is substantially compliant with the laws and regulations concerning health and safety in the different countries in which it operates, and has taken measures intended to ensure the health and safety of its employees and those of its subcontractors, the risk of work-related illnesses and accidents cannot be excluded. The occurrence of work-related illnesses or accidents may lead to lawsuits against the Issuer and the payment of damages, which may prove material.

**The Issuer is exposed to financial risks**

In the course of its activities, the Issuer is potentially exposed to financial risks:

- interest rate risk: the RTE Group is exposed to an interest rate risk on its financial indebtedness;
- liquidity risk: low market liquidity can affect RTE’s access to financing sources, making the cost of resources excessive although the liquidity risk is limited by the Issuer's existing financing agreements;
- counterparty risk: counterparty risk is defined as the total loss that the RTE Group would sustain on its business and market transactions if a counterparty defaults and fails to perform its contractual obligations. The main potential counterparty risks for the RTE Group concern cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, negotiable debt instruments, short-term investments and derivative financial instruments. The monitoring and reporting procedures applied by the Issuer in connection with its exposure to counterparty risk were strengthened in 2008 following, in particular the bankruptcy of Lehman Brothers, which had however no impact on the Issuer.

The Issuer cannot guarantee total protection, including in the event of significant movements in exchange rates and in interest rates. However, the interest rate risk is mitigated by the high proportion of fixed rate bonds in its debt liability portfolio.
Risks associated with the opening up of the European energy markets

The revenues of the Issuer that arise from the auction of rights of use of interconnection capacities are likely to be affected by changes in the electricity market. In particular, any variation resulting from the difference between forecast and actual auction revenues may temporarily affect the Issuer’s financial situation. However, those variations will be reflected in the CRCP when these revenues deviate from the initial projections which were used to set the transmission tariffs.

The cost of electricity, purchased by the Issuer to compensate for technical losses on the transmission network, depends on its market price and on the effects of new regulatory measures such as the possibility from 2014 to buy nuclear power at a regulated price under the Regulated Access to Historical Nuclear Energy scheme known as “ARENH” – Accès Régulé au Nucléaire Historique, and the creation in 2017 of a capacity mechanism (mécanisme de capacité). Both provisions result from the Act on New organisation of the Electricity Market (known as “NOME” – Nouvelle Organisation du Marché de l’Electricité) enacted on 7 December 2010 and codified in the French Energy Code. The access to ARENH could lead to a reduction of the cost of losses purchase, whereas the contribution of losses to the capacity mechanism should lead to a cost increase. The manner in which ancillary services are acquired may also be modified and based on a market price after 2016. However, these costs ought to be covered by the transmission tariff according to Article L.341-2 of the French Energy Code, either via the abovementioned "CRCP" account, or via the TURPE applicable as from 2017.

The Issuer also contributes to a mechanism providing for financial compensation to managers of the European transmission system operators, which aims to cover the cost of the European transmission networks required by cross-border transits of electricity. The TURPE is intended to cover the charges that the Issuer bears in relation to this mechanism. The size of the infrastructure fund corresponding to this mechanism is currently under review by the Agency for the Cooperation of Energy regulators which could lead to a revision decision by the European Commission. Such modification could lead to potential profits or liabilities for the Issuer if the related costs are not covered by the transmission tariff despite the principles resulting from Article L.341-2 of the French Energy Code.

Risks relating to the structure and changes within the Issuer

RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité is a wholly owned subsidiary of Co-entreprise de Transport d'Electricité (CTE), which is held by EDF (50.1% of the share capital), Caisse des Dépôts et Consignations (29.9% of the share capital) and CNP Assurances (20.0% of the share capital) since 31 March 2017.

The Issuer cannot guarantee that it will remain a subsidiary indirectly controlled by EDF through CTE. However, legislation requires that the Issuer must be wholly-owned by EDF, the French State and/or any other body or company belonging to the public sector.

Risks relating to information systems

The Issuer operates multiple and highly complex information systems (such as servers, networks, applications and databases) which are essential for the everyday operations of its commercial and industrial business. A problem with one of these systems may have material, negative consequences for the Issuer.

In addition, the risk of cyber-attack cannot be excluded and could also have material, negative consequences for the Issuer. From 20 to 25 November 2012, the corporate web sites and mail servers hosted by the service providers of one of the German Transmission System Operators experienced a cyber-attack, although this did not create a threat to the security of supply. The Issuer cannot guarantee that, despite specific protection measures and security monitoring it continually improves to respond quickly and limit the impact of a possible attack, such event will never have an impact on its activity.

Finally, as a general matter, the Issuer cannot guarantee that the policy of reinforcing information back-up systems will not meet with technical difficulties and/or delays in implementation, which could, in the event of a serious incident, have a material, negative impact on the activity, and even, in some cases, on the financial results and the financial position of the Issuer.

The Issuer will also be required to renew much of its workforce and transfer experience and skills to new employees

A large number of the Issuer's employees will soon be of retirement age. The renewal of this workforce brings with some difficulties:

- for some types of jobs, skills could be hard to find on the labour market, and training resources must be redeveloped for electricity transmission graduates and professionals; and
the experience gained forms an important part of the skills which will need to be transferred.

The Issuer cannot guarantee that it will be able to renew these staff and skills in time or under satisfactory conditions, which may have an impact on its transmission capacity, quality of service and productivity.

**The Issuer may be required to satisfy significant obligations related to pensions and other employee benefits**

In France, the financing of the pension system for the electricity and gas industries was reformed by French law no. 2004-803 dated 9 August 2004 (the "Law dated 9 August 2004").

The transmission tariff takes into account the reform of the financing of the IEG (Industries Electrique et Gazière) pension system. For regulated activities (electricity transmission and distribution), the part of the pension expenses related to the past specific right (rights under the special IEG pension system not covered by the general system and gained before 31 December 2004) which was, formerly covered by the TURPE, is now financed by a delivery tariff contribution that is distinct from the actual tariff (see "Description of the Issuer").

Under this reform, the Issuer remains responsible for the financing of future specific rights (i.e., accrued since 1 January 2005) relating to the Issuer's employees.

Furthermore, the Law dated 9 August 2004 imposed joint and several liability among the companies in the IEG branch with regard to financing the specific rights for which they are responsible. In the event that one company in the IEG branch fails to pay, the Issuer may be forced to finance a portion of the obligations of such company. This may also have a negative impact on the financial situation and the financial results of the Issuer.

The pension system described above involves commitments to pay benefits to the RTE Group's employees. The amounts of these commitments, the provisions booked are estimated on the basis of certain actuarial assumptions, including a discount rate subject to adjustment depending on market conditions; the rules governing retirement benefits paid out by the general retirement scheme; and amounts owed by the RTE Group. These assumptions and rules may be adjusted in the future, which could increase the RTE Group's current commitments for pensions and other employee benefits and, therefore, require a corresponding increase in provisions.
DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

This Base Prospectus should be read and construed in conjunction with the following documents, all of which have been previously or simultaneously filed with the AMF and which are incorporated by reference in, and shall be deemed to form part of, this Base Prospectus:

(a) sections referred to in the table below included in the 2017 Rapport de gestion - Comptes consolidés, in the French language, which contains the audited consolidated annual financial statements of the Issuer for the financial year ended 31 December 2017 and the related statutory auditors’ report (the "2017 Financial Report")

(b) sections referred to in the table below included in the 2016 Rapport de gestion - Comptes consolidés, in the French language, which contains the audited consolidated annual financial statements of the Issuer for the financial year ended 31 December 2016 and the related statutory auditors’ report (the "2016 Financial Report");

(c) the terms and conditions of the Notes contained in the base prospectus of the Issuer dated 19 May 2017 (the "EMTN 2017 Conditions");

(d) the terms and conditions of the Notes contained in the base prospectus of the Issuer dated 13 May 2016 (the "EMTN 2016 Conditions");

(e) the terms and conditions of the Notes contained in the base prospectus of the Issuer dated 7 May 2015 (the "EMTN 2015 Conditions");

(f) the terms and conditions of the Notes contained in the base prospectus of the Issuer dated 16 May 2014 (the "EMTN 2014 Conditions");

(g) the terms and conditions of the Notes contained in the base prospectus of the Issuer dated 16 May 2013 (the "EMTN 2013 Conditions");

(h) the terms and conditions of the Notes contained in the base prospectus of the Issuer dated 3 May 2012 (the "EMTN 2012 Conditions"); and

(i) the terms and conditions of the Notes contained in the base prospectus of the Issuer dated 5 May 2011 (the "EMTN 2011 Conditions" and together with the EMTN 2012 Conditions, the EMTN 2013 Conditions, the EMTN 2014 Conditions, the EMTN 2015 Conditions, the EMTN 2016 Conditions and the EMTN 2017 Conditions, the "EMTN Previous Conditions").

The information incorporated by reference that is not included in the cross-reference table below is considered as additional information and is not required by the relevant schedules of the Commission Regulation No. 809/2004, as amended.

Such documents shall be deemed to be incorporated in, and form part of this Base Prospectus, save that any statement contained in this Base Prospectus or in a document which is incorporated by reference herein shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for the purpose of this Base Prospectus to the extent that a statement contained in any document which is subsequently incorporated by reference herein by way of a supplement prepared in accordance with Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive modifies or supersedes such earlier statement (whether expressly, by implication or otherwise). Any statement so modified or superseded shall not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute a part of this Base Prospectus.

This Base Prospectus and copies of the documents incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus may be obtained without charge at the registered office of the Issuer, at the office of the Fiscal Agent and the Paying Agents and on the website of the Issuer (www.rte-france.com).


For the purposes of the Prospectus Directive, the information incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus is set out in the following cross-reference table:
### EMTN Previous Conditions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EMTN 2017 Conditions</th>
<th>Pages 28 to 51 of the base prospectus of the Issuer dated 19 May 2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EMTN 2016 Conditions</td>
<td>Pages 28 to 50 of the base prospectus of the Issuer dated 13 May 2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMTN 2015 Conditions</td>
<td>Pages 27 to 50 of the base prospectus of the Issuer dated 7 May 2015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMTN 2014 Conditions</td>
<td>Pages 26 to 49 of the base prospectus of the Issuer dated 16 May 2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMTN 2013 Conditions</td>
<td>Pages 25 to 47 of the base prospectus of the Issuer dated 16 May 2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMTN 2012 Conditions</td>
<td>Pages 26 to 48 of the base prospectus of the Issuer dated 3 May 2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMTN 2011 Conditions</td>
<td>Pages 24 to 46 of the base prospectus of the Issuer dated 5 May 2011</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The EMTN Previous Conditions are incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus for the purpose only of further issues of Notes to be assimilated (assimilées) and form a single series with Notes already issued pursuant to the relevant EMTN Previous Conditions.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4. Risk factors</td>
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<tr>
<td>5.1.1. Prominent disclosure of risk factors that may affect the issuer’s ability to fulfil its obligations under the securities to investors.</td>
<td>p.18-28</td>
<td>p. 23-26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Business Overview</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>5.1.1. A brief description of the issuer’s principal activities stating the main categories of products sold and/or services performed.</td>
<td>p.3-17, 29 and 37-60</td>
<td>p. 3-16, p. 27-28 and p. 35-58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE ISSUER'S ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, FINANCIAL POSITION AND PROFITS AND LOSSES</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.1 Historical Financial Information</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audited historical financial information covering the latest 2 financial years (or such shorter period that the issuer has been in operation), and the audit report in respect of each year. Such financial information must be prepared according to Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002 s, or if not applicable to a Member’s State national accounting standards for issuers from the Community.</td>
<td>p.63-120</td>
<td>p. 61-114</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Consolidated Financial statements:</td>
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<td>- Balance Sheet:</td>
<td>p.65</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Income Statement:</td>
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<td>- Cash Flow Statements:</td>
<td>p.66</td>
<td>p. 64</td>
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<td>Notes to consolidated Financial Statements:</td>
<td>p.68-116</td>
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<tr>
<td>11.2 Financial statements</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>If the issuer prepares both own and consolidated financial statements, include at least the consolidated financial statements in the registration document.</td>
<td>p.63-120</td>
<td>p. 61-114</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.3 Auditing of historical annual financial information</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.3.1 A statement that the historical financial information has been audited. If audit reports on the historical financial information have been refused by the statutory auditors or if they contain qualifications or disclaimers, such refusal or such qualifications or disclaimers must be reproduced in full and the reasons given.</td>
<td>p.117-120</td>
<td>p. 115</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.3.2 An indication of other information in the registration document which has been audited by the auditors.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.3.3 Where financial data in the registration document is not extracted from the issuer's audited financial statements, state the source of the data and state that the data is unaudited.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any information not listed in the cross-reference list but included in the documents incorporated by reference is given for information purposes only.
SUPPLEMENT TO THE BASE PROSPECTUS

If at any time the Issuer shall be required to prepare a Supplement to the Base Prospectus pursuant to the provisions of Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive and Article 212-25 of the General Regulations (Règlement général) of the Autorité des marchés financiers, the Issuer will prepare and make available an appropriate Supplement to this Base Prospectus or a restated Base Prospectus, which in respect of any subsequent issue of Notes to be admitted to trading on Euronext Paris or on a Regulated Market of a Member State of the European Economic Area, shall constitute a Supplement to the Base Prospectus for the purpose of the relevant provisions of the Prospectus Directive.

The Issuer has given an undertaking to the Dealers that if at any time during the duration of the Programme there is a significant new factor, material mistake or inaccuracy relating to information contained in this Base Prospectus which is capable of affecting the assessment of any Notes and whose inclusion in or removal from this Base Prospectus is necessary for the purpose of allowing an investor to make an informed assessment of the assets and liabilities, financial position, profits and losses and prospects of the Issuer, and the rights attaching to the Notes, the Issuer shall prepare a Supplement to this Base Prospectus or publish a replacement Base Prospectus for use in connection with any subsequent offering of the Notes and shall supply to each Dealer such number of copies of such supplement hereto as such Dealer may reasonably request.
STABILISATION

In connection with the issue of any Tranche of Notes, the Dealer or Dealers (if any) named as the stabilising manager(s) (the “Stabilising Manager(s)”) (or persons acting on behalf of any Stabilising Manager(s)) in the applicable Final Terms may over-allot Notes or effect transactions with a view to supporting the market price of the Notes at a level higher than that which might otherwise prevail. However, stabilisation may not necessarily occur. Any stabilisation action may begin on or after the date on which adequate public disclosure of the Final Terms of the offer of the relevant Tranche of Notes is made and, if begun, may cease at any time, but it must end no later than the earlier of 30 calendar days after the issue date of the relevant Tranche of Notes and 60 calendar days after the date of the allotment of the relevant Tranche of Notes.

Any stabilisation action or over-allotment must be conducted by the relevant Stabilising Manager(s) (or person(s) acting on behalf of any Stabilising Manager(s)) in accordance with applicable laws and rules.
The following general description of the Programme is qualified in its entirety by the remainder of this Base Prospectus. The Notes will be issued on such terms as shall be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s) and will be subject to the Terms and Conditions of the Notes below as completed by the Final Terms.

All capitalised terms used and not defined in this section are defined in the Terms and Conditions.

**Issuer**
RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité

**Risk factors**
There are certain factors that may affect the Issuer's ability to fulfil its obligations under Notes issued under the Programme. These are set out under the heading "Risk Factors relating to the Issuer" in the section headed "Risk Factors" in this Base Prospectus. In addition, there are certain factors which are material for the purpose of assessing the market risks associated with Notes issued under the Programme. These are set out under the heading "Risk Factors relating to the Notes" in the section headed "Risk Factors" in this Base Prospectus.

**Description**
Euro Medium Term Note Programme for the continuous offer of Notes (the "Programme").

**Arrangers**
Barclays Bank PLC and Société Générale

**Dealers**
Barclays Bank PLC
BNP Paribas
Crédit Industriel et Commercial S.A.
Citigroup Global Markets Limited
Crédit Agricole Corporate and Investment Bank
HSBC Bank plc
MUFG Securities EMEA plc
Natixis
NatWest Markets Plc
SMBC Nikko Capital Markets Limited
Société Générale

The Issuer may from time to time terminate the appointment of any dealer under the Programme or appoint additional dealers either in respect of one or more Tranches or in respect of the whole Programme. References in this Base Prospectus to "Permanent Dealers" are to the persons listed above as Dealers and to such additional persons that are appointed as dealers in respect of the whole Programme (and whose appointment has not been terminated) and to "Dealers" are to all Permanent Dealers and all persons appointed as a dealer in respect of one or more Tranches. The identity of the Dealer(s) in respect of a specific Tranche will be disclosed in the relevant Final Terms.

**Programme Limit**
Up to Euro 10,000,000,000 (or the equivalent in other currencies at the date of issue) aggregate nominal amount of Notes outstanding at any one time.

Any increase to this Programme limit will require the publication of a Supplement to the Base Prospectus and subject to compliance with the relevant provisions of the Amended and Restated Dealer Agreement.
Fiscal Agent, Principal Paying Agent and Paris Paying Agent

BNP Paribas Securities Services

Method of Issue

The Notes will be issued on a syndicated or non-syndicated basis. The Notes will be issued in series (each a "Series") having one or more issue dates and on terms otherwise identical (or identical other than in respect of the first payment of interest), the Notes of each Series being intended to be interchangeable with all other Notes of that Series. Each Series may be issued in tranches (each a "Tranche") on the same or different issue dates. The specific terms of each Tranche will be completed in the final terms (the "Final Terms").

Maturities

Subject to compliance with all applicable relevant laws, regulations and directives, any maturity from one month from the date of original issue.

Currencies

Subject to compliance with all relevant laws, regulations and directives, Notes may be issued in any currency agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealers.

Specified Denomination(s)

The Notes will be issued in such denomination(s) as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer save that the minimum denomination of each Note admitted to trading on a regulated market in a Member State (a "Regulated Market") of the European Economic Area ("EEA") in circumstances which require the publication of a Base Prospectus under the Prospectus Directive will be €100,000 (or, if the Notes are denominated in a currency other than euro, the equivalent amount in such currency at the issue date) or such other higher amount as may be allowed or required from time to time by the relevant central bank (or equivalent body) or any laws or regulations applicable to the relevant Specified Currency.

Notes having a maturity of less than one year will constitute deposits for the purposes of the prohibition on accepting deposits contained in section 19 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 unless they are issued to a limited class of professional investors and have a denomination of at least £100,000 or its equivalent.

Dematerialised Notes will be issued in one denomination only.

Status of the Notes

Notes will constitute direct, general, unconditional, unsecured (subject to the provisions of Condition 4) and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer and will rank pari passu and without any preference among themselves and (subject to such exceptions as are from time to time mandatory under French law) equally and rateably with all other present or future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer.

Negative Pledge

There will be a negative pledge as set out in Condition 4 — see "Terms and Conditions of the Notes — Negative Pledge".

Events of Default (including cross default)

There will be events of default and a cross-default as set out in Condition 9 — see "Terms and Conditions of the Notes — Events of Default".
Redemption Amount

The relevant Final Terms will specify the redemption amounts payable. Unless permitted by then current laws and regulations, Notes (including Notes denominated in Sterling) having a maturity of less than one year from the date of issue and in respect of which the issue proceeds are to be accepted by the Issuer in the United Kingdom or whose issue otherwise constitutes a contravention of section 19 of the FSMA must have a minimum redemption amount of £100,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies).

Make-Whole Redemption by the Issuer

If so specified in the relevant Final Terms, in respect of any issue of Notes, the Issuer will have the option to redeem the Notes, in whole or in part, at any time or from time to time, prior to their Maturity Date. The Optional Redemption Amount will be calculated by the Calculation Agent and will be the greater of (x) 100 per cent. of the nominal amount of the Notes so redeemed and, (y) the sum of the then present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on such Notes (not including any interest accrued on the Notes to, but excluding, the relevant Optional Redemption Date) discounted to the relevant Optional Redemption Date on an annual basis at the Redemption Rate plus a Redemption Margin (as specified in the relevant Final Terms), plus in each case (x) or (y) above, any interest accrued on the Notes to, but excluding, the Optional Redemption Date.

Residual Maturity Call Option

If so specified in the relevant Final Terms, in respect of any issue of Notes, the Issuer will have the option to redeem the Notes, in whole but not in part, at any time as from the call option date, which shall be no earlier than (i) three months before the Maturity Date in respect of Notes having a maturity of not more than ten years or (ii) six months before the Maturity Date in respect of Notes having a maturity of more than ten years, until the Maturity Date.

Clean-Up Call Option

If a Clean-Up Call Option is specified in the relevant Final Terms and if at least 80 per cent. of the initial aggregate nominal amount of the Notes of the same Series have been redeemed or purchased and, in each case, cancelled, the Issuer may on giving not less than 15 nor more than 30 calendar days’ notice to the Noteholders redeem the Notes, in whole but not in part, at their Clean-Up Redemption Amount together with any interest accrued to the date set for redemption (as specified in the relevant Final Terms).

Optional Redemption

The Final Terms issued in respect of each issue of Notes will state whether such Notes may be redeemed prior to their stated maturity at the option of the Issuer (either in whole or in part) and/or the Noteholders and if so the terms applicable to such redemption.

Early Redemption

Except as provided in "Make-Whole Redemption by the Issuer", "Residual Maturity Call Option", "Clean-Up Call Option" and "Optional Redemption" above, Notes will be redeemable at the option of the Issuer prior to maturity only for tax reasons or illegality. See Condition 6 “Terms and Conditions of the Notes — Redemption, Purchase and Options”.

Taxation

All payments of principal, interest and other revenues by or on behalf of the Issuer in respect of the Notes shall be made free and clear of, and without withholding or deduction for, any taxes,
duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by or within France or any authority therein or thereof having power to tax, unless such withholding or deduction is required by law. In the event that any such withholding or deduction is made, the Issuer will, save in certain limited circumstances provided in Condition 8 and to the fullest extent then permitted by law, be required to pay additional amounts to cover the amounts so deducted.

See “Terms and Conditions of the Notes — Taxation”.

### Interest Periods and Interest Rates

The length of the interest periods for the Notes and the applicable interest rate or its method of calculation may differ from time to time or be constant for any Series. Notes may have a maximum interest rate, a minimum interest rate, or both. The use of interest accrual periods permits the Notes to bear interest at different rates in the same interest period. All such information will be set out in the relevant Final Terms.

**Fixed Rate Notes**

Fixed interest will be payable in arrear on the date or dates in each year specified in the relevant Final Terms.

**Floating Rate Notes**

Floating Rate Notes will bear interest determined separately for each Series as follows:

(i) on the same basis as the floating rate under a notional interest rate swap transaction in the relevant Specified Currency pursuant to the June 2013 Fédération Bancaire Française ("FBF") Master Agreement relating to transactions on forward financial instruments; or

(ii) on the same basis as the floating rate under a notional interest rate swap transaction in the relevant Specified Currency governed by an agreement incorporating the 2006 ISDA Definitions, as published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc.; or

(iii) by reference to LIBOR, LIBID, LIMEAN or EURIBOR (or such other benchmark as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms), in each case plus or minus any applicable margin, if any, and calculated and payable as indicated in the applicable Final Terms. Floating Rate Notes may also have a maximum rate of interest, a minimum rate of interest or both.

The minimum rate of interest, being the relevant rate of interest plus any relevant margin, shall be deemed to be zero.

Where Linear Interpolation is specified in the relevant Final Terms in respect of an Interest Accrual Period, the Rate of Interest for such Interest Accrual Period shall be calculated by straight line linear interpolation by reference to two rates based on the relevant FBF Rate, the relevant Reference Rate or the relevant Floating Rate Option, as the case may be.

**Fixed/Floating Rate Notes:**

Fixed/Floating Rate Notes may bear interest at a rate (i) that the Issuer may elect to convert on the date set out in the Final Terms from a Fixed Rate to a Floating Rate, or from a Floating Rate to a
Fixed Rate or (ii) that will automatically change from a Fixed Rate to a Floating Rate or from a Floating Rate to a Fixed Rate on the date set out in the Final Terms.

**Zero Coupon Notes**

Zero Coupon Notes (as defined in "Terms and Conditions of the Notes") may be issued at their nominal amount or at a discount to it and will not bear interest.

**Redenomination**

Notes issued in the currency of any Member State of the EU which will participate in the single currency of the European Economic and Monetary Union may be redenominated into Euro, all as more fully provided in "Terms and Conditions of the Notes — Form, Denomination, Title and Redenomination" below.

**Consolidation**

Notes of one Series may be consolidated with Notes of another Series as more fully provided in "Terms and Conditions of the Notes — Further Issues and Consolidation".

**Form of Notes**

Notes may be issued in either dematerialised form ("Dematerialised Notes") or in materialised form ("Materialised Notes").

Dematerialised Notes may, at the option of the Issuer, be issued in bearer dematerialised form ("au porteur") or in registered dematerialised form ("au nominatif") and, in such latter case, at the option of the relevant Noteholder, in either fully registered form ("au nominatif pur") or administered registered form ("au nominatif administré"). No physical documents of title will be issued in respect of Dematerialised Notes. See Condition 1 "Terms and Conditions" of the "Notes — Form, Denomination, Title and Redenomination".

Materialised Notes will be in bearer materialised form ("Materialised Bearer Notes") only. A Temporary Global Certificate will be issued initially in respect of each Tranche of Materialised Bearer Notes. Materialised Notes may only be issued outside France.

**Governing Law**

French law.

**Clearing Systems**

Euroclear France as central depositary in relation to Dematerialised Notes and, in relation to Materialised Notes, Clearstream Banking S.A. ("Clearstream") and Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. ("Euroclear") or any other clearing system that may be agreed between the Issuer, the Fiscal Agent and the relevant Dealer.

**Initial Delivery of Dematerialised Notes**

One Paris business day before the issue date of each Tranche of Dematerialised Notes, the lettre comptable relating to such Tranche shall be deposited with Euroclear France as central depositary.
Initial Delivery of Materialised Notes

On or before the issue date for each Tranche of Materialised Bearer Notes, the Temporary Global Certificate issued in respect of such Tranche shall be deposited with a common depositary for Euroclear and Clearstream, or with any other clearing system or may be delivered outside any clearing system provided that the method of such delivery has been agreed in advance by the Issuer, the Fiscal Agent and the relevant Dealer.

Issue Price

Notes may be issued at their nominal amount or at a discount or premium to their nominal amount.

Listing and Admission to trading

Euronext Paris or as otherwise specified in the relevant Final Terms. As specified in the relevant Final Terms, a Series of Notes may or may not be admitted to trading.

Rating

Notes issued under the Programme may be rated or unrated. Where a Tranche of Notes is rated, its rating will be specified in the applicable Final Terms.

The applicable Final Terms will specify whether or not such credit ratings are issued by a credit rating agency established in the European Union, and whether such credit rating agency is registered (or has applied for registration) under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 on credit rating agencies, as amended (the "CRA Regulation") and is included in the list of credit rating agencies registered in accordance with the CRA Regulation, published by the European Securities and Markets Authority on its website (https://www.esma.europa.eu/supervision/credit-rating-agencies/risk).

A rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension, change, or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency.

Offer to the Public

The Notes shall not be offered to the public in France and/or in any Member State of the EEA.

Selling Restrictions

There are restrictions on the sale of Notes and the distribution of offering material in various jurisdictions. See "Subscription and Sale".

The Notes constitute Category 2 securities for the purposes of Regulation S under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended, unless otherwise specified in the Final Terms.

Materialised Notes will be issued in compliance with U.S. Treas. Reg. §1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(D) (the "D Rules") unless (i) the relevant Final Terms states that such Materialised Notes are issued in compliance with U.S. Treas. Reg. §1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(C) (the "C Rules") or (ii) such Materialised Notes are issued other than in compliance with the D Rules or the C Rules but in circumstances in which the Notes will not constitute "registration required obligations" under the United States Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 ("TEFRA"), which circumstances will be referred to in the relevant Final Terms as a transaction to which TEFRA is not applicable.

The TEFRA rules do not apply to any Dematerialised Notes.
TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE NOTES

The following is the text of the terms and conditions that, subject to completion in accordance with the provisions of Part A of the relevant Final Terms, shall be applicable to the Notes. In the case of Dematerialised Notes, the text of the terms and conditions will not be endorsed on physical documents of title but will be constituted by the following text as completed by Part A of the relevant Final Terms. In the case of Materialised Notes, either (i) the full text of these terms and conditions together with the relevant provisions of Part A of the Final Terms or (ii) these terms and conditions as so completed (and subject to simplification by the deletion of non-applicable provisions), shall be endorsed or attached on Definitive Materialised Bearer Notes. All capitalised terms that are not defined in these Conditions will have the meanings given to them in Part A of the relevant Final Terms. References in the Conditions to "Notes" are to the Notes of one Series only, not to all Notes that may be issued under the Programme.

The Notes are issued by RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité (the "Issuer"). An amended and restated agency agreement dated 6 June 2018 has been agreed between the Issuer, BNP Paribas Securities Services as fiscal agent and the other agents named in it (as amended or supplemented from time to time, the "Amended and Restated Agency Agreement"). The fiscal agent, the paying agents, the redenomination agent, the consolidation agent and the calculation agent(s) for the time being (if any) are referred to below respectively as the "Fiscal Agent", the "Paying Agents" (which expression shall include the Fiscal Agent), the "Redenomination Agent", the "Consolidation Agent" and the "Calculation Agent(s)". References below to "Conditions" are, unless the context requires otherwise, to the numbered paragraphs below.

Copy of the Amended and Restated Agency Agreement is available for inspection during normal business hours at the specified offices of each of the Paying Agents.

For the purpose of these Terms and Conditions, "Regulated Market" means any regulated market situated in a Member State of the European Economic Area ("EEA") as defined in the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive 2014/65/EU.

1. Form, Denomination(s), Title, Redenomination

(a) Form: Notes may be issued either in dematerialised form ("Dematerialised Notes") or in materialised form ("Materialised Notes").

(i) Title to Dematerialised Notes will be evidenced in accordance with Articles L.211-3 and R.211-1 of the French Code monétaire et financier by book entries (inscriptions en compte-titres). No physical document of title (including certificats représentatifs pursuant to Article R.211-7 of the French Code monétaire et financier) will be issued in respect of the Dematerialised Notes.

Dematerialised Notes are issued, at the option of the Issuer and as specified in the relevant final terms ("Final Terms"), in either bearer dematerialised form (au porteur), which will be inscribed in the books of Euroclear France ("Euroclear France") (acting as central depositary) which shall credit the accounts of Account Holders, or in registered dematerialised form (au nominatif) and, in such latter case, at the option of the relevant Noteholder in either administered registered form (au nominatif administré) inscribed in the books of an Account Holder or in fully registered form (au nominatif pur) inscribed in an account in the books of Euroclear France maintained by the Issuer or the registration agent (designated in the relevant Final Terms) acting on behalf of the Issuer (the "Registration Agent").

For the purpose of these Conditions, "Account Holder" means any financial intermediary institution entitled to hold, directly or indirectly, accounts on behalf of its customers with Euroclear France, and includes Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. ("Euroclear") and the depositary bank for Clearstream Banking, S.A. ("Clearstream").

(ii) Materialised Notes are issued in bearer form ("Materialised Bearer Notes"). Materialised Bearer Notes are serially numbered and are issued with coupons (each, a "Coupon") and, where appropriate, a talon (a "Talon") attached, save in the case of Zero Coupon Notes in which case references to interest (other than in relation to interest due after the Maturity Date), Coupons and Talons in these Conditions are not applicable.
In accordance with Articles L.211-3 and R.211-1 of the French Code monétaire et financier, securities (such as Notes) which are governed by French law and are in materialised form must be issued outside the French territory.

The Notes may be "Fixed Rate Notes", "Floating Rate Notes", "Fixed/Floating Rate Notes", "Zero Coupon Notes", or a combination of any of the foregoing, depending on the Interest Basis and the redemption method specified in the relevant Final Terms.

(b) **Denomination(s):** Notes shall be issued in the specified denomination(s) as set out in the relevant Final Terms (the "Specified Denomination(s)") save that the minimum denomination of each Note admitted to trading on a Regulated Market in circumstances which require the publication of a Base Prospectus under the Directive 2003/71/EC, as amended (the "Prospectus Directive") will be €100,000 (or, if the Notes are denominated in a currency other than euro, the equivalent amount in such currency at the issue date) or such other higher amount as may be allowed or required from time to time by the relevant central bank (or equivalent body) or any laws or regulations applicable to the relevant Specified Currency. Dematerialised Notes shall be issued in one Specified Denomination only.

(c) **Title:**

(i) Title to Dematerialised Notes in bearer dematerialised form ("au porteur") and in administered registered form ("au nominatif administré") shall pass upon, and transfer of such Notes may only be effected through, registration of the transfer in the accounts of Account Holders. Title to Dematerialised Notes in fully registered form ("au nominatif pur") shall pass upon, and transfer of such Notes may only be effected through, registration of the transfer in the accounts of the Issuer or the Registration Agent.

(ii) Title to Materialised Bearer Notes in definitive form having, where appropriate, Coupons and/or a Talon attached thereto on issue ("Definitive Materialised Bearer Notes"), shall pass by delivery.

(iii) Except as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or as required by law, the holder of any Note (as defined below), Coupon or Talon shall be deemed to be and may be treated as its absolute owner for all purposes, whether or not it is overdue and regardless of any notice of ownership, or an interest in it, any writing on it or its theft or loss and no person shall be liable for so treating the holder.

(iv) In these Conditions, "holder of Notes" or "holder of any Note", or "Noteholder" means (i) in the case of Dematerialised Notes, the person whose name appears in the account of the relevant Account Holder or the Issuer or the Registration Agent (as the case may be) as being entitled to such Notes and (ii) in the case of Materialised Notes, the bearer of any Definitive Materialised Bearer Note, Coupons ("Couponholder"), or Talon relating to it, and capitalised terms have the meanings given to them in the relevant Final Terms, the absence of any such meaning indicating that such term is not applicable to the Notes.

(d) **Redenomination**

(i) The Issuer may (if so specified in the relevant Final Terms), on any Interest Payment Date, without the consent of the holder of any Note, Coupon or Talon, by giving at least 30 calendar days' notice in accordance with Condition 15 and on or after the date on which the European Member State in whose national currency the Notes are denominated has become a participating Member State in the single currency of the European Economic and Monetary Union (as provided in the Treaty establishing the European Community (the "EC"), as amended from time to time (the "Treaty")), or events have occurred which have substantially the same effects (in either case, "EMU"), redenominate all, but not some only, of the Notes of any Series into Euro and adjust the aggregate principal amount and the Specified Denomination(s), set out in the relevant Final Terms accordingly, as described below. The date on which such redenomination becomes effective shall be referred to in these Conditions as the "Redenomination Date".

(ii) The redenomination of the Notes pursuant to Condition 1(d)(i) shall be made by converting the principal amount of each Note from the relevant national currency into Euro using the fixed
relevant national currency Euro conversion rate established by the Council of the European Union pursuant to applicable regulations of the Treaty and rounding the resultant figure to the nearest Euro 0.01 (with Euro 0.005 being rounded upwards). If the Issuer so elects, the figure resulting from conversion of the principal amount of each Note using the fixed relevant national currency Euro conversion rate shall be rounded down to the nearest Euro. The Euro denominations of the Notes so determined shall be notified to Noteholders in accordance with Condition 15. Any balance remaining from the redenomination with a denomination higher than Euro 0.01 shall be paid by way of cash adjustment rounded to the nearest Euro 0.01 (with Euro 0.005 being rounded upwards). Such cash adjustment will be payable in Euro on the Redenomination Date in the manner notified to Noteholders by the Issuer. For the avoidance of doubt, the minimum denomination of each redenominated Note shall not be less than €100,000 (or, if the Notes are denominated in a currency other than euro, the equivalent amount in such currency at the issue date).

(iii) Upon redenomination of the Notes, any reference in the relevant Final Terms to the relevant national currency shall be construed as a reference to Euro.

(iv) The Issuer may, with the prior approval of the Redenomination Agent and the Consolidation Agent, in connection with any redenomination pursuant to this Condition or any consolidation pursuant to Condition 14, without the consent of the holder of any Note, Coupon or Talon, make any changes or additions to these Conditions or Condition 14 (including, without limitation, any change to any applicable business day definition, business day convention, principal financial centre of the country of the Specified Currency, interest accrual basis or benchmark), taking into account market practice in respect of redenominated euromarket debt obligations and which it believes are not prejudicial to the interests of such holders. Any such changes or additions shall, in the absence of manifest error, be binding on the holders of Notes, Coupons and Talons and shall be notified to Noteholders in accordance with Condition 15 as soon as practicable thereafter.

(v) Neither the Issuer nor any Paying Agent shall be liable to the holder of any Note, Coupon or Talon or other person for any commissions, costs, losses or expenses in relation to or resulting from the credit or transfer of Euro or any currency conversion or rounding effected in connection therewith.

2. Conversion and Exchanges of Notes

(a) Dematerialised Notes

(i) Dematerialised Notes issued in bearer dematerialised form (au porteur) may not be converted into Dematerialised Notes in registered dematerialised form, whether in fully registered form (au nominatif pur) or in administered registered form (au nominatif administré).

(ii) Dematerialised Notes issued in registered dematerialised form (au nominatif) may not be converted into Dematerialised Notes in bearer dematerialised form (au porteur).

(iii) Dematerialised Notes issued in fully registered form (au nominatif pur) may, at the option of the Noteholder, be converted into Notes in administered registered form (au nominatif administré), and vice versa. The exercise of any such option by such Noteholder shall be made in accordance with Article R.211-4 of the French Code monétaire et financier. Any such conversion shall be effected at the cost of such Noteholder.

(b) Materialised Notes

Materialised Bearer Notes of one Specified Denomination may not be exchanged for Materialised Bearer Notes of another Specified Denomination.

3. Status of the Notes

The Notes and, where applicable, any relative Coupons are direct, general, unconditional, unsecured (subject to the provisions of Condition 4) and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer and rank and will rank pari passu and without any preference among themselves and (subject to such exceptions as are from time to time mandatory under French law) equally and rateably with all other present or future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer.
4. **Negative Pledge**

So long as any of the Notes remains outstanding, the Issuer will not create or have outstanding any mortgage, charge, pledge or other security interest upon the whole or any part of its undertaking, revenues or assets, present or future, in order to secure any Indebtedness, or any guarantee or indemnity in respect of any Indebtedness, without at the same time according to the Notes the same security.

For the purposes of this Condition 4, "**Indebtedness**" means any monies borrowed and any indebtedness of the Issuer which, in each case, is in the form of or represented by any bond, note, debenture, debenture stock, loan stock, certificate or other instrument which is, or is capable of being, listed, quoted or traded on any stock exchange or in any securities market (including, without limitation, any over-the-counter market).

5. **Interest and other Calculations**

(a) **Definitions**: In these Conditions, unless the context otherwise requires, the following defined terms shall have the meanings set out below. Certain defined terms contained in the June 2013 FBF Master Agreement relating to transactions on forward financial instruments as supplemented by the Technical Schedules published by the Fédération Bancaire Française ("FBF") (together the "FBF Master Agreement") and in the 2006 ISDA Definitions published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. ("ISDA"), have either been used or reproduced in this Condition 5.

"**Business Day**" means:

(i) in the case of Euro, a day on which TARGET2 (as defined below) is operating (a "**TARGET Business Day**"); and/or

(ii) in the case of a specified currency other than Euro, a day (other than a Saturday or Sunday) on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments in the principal financial centre for that currency; and/or

(iii) in the case of a specified currency and/or one or more Business Centre(s) specified in the relevant Final Terms (the "**Business Centre(s)**"), a day (other than a Saturday or a Sunday) on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments in such currency in the Business Centre(s) or, if no currency is indicated, generally in each of the Business Centres so specified.

"**Day Count Fraction**" means, in respect of the calculation of an amount of interest on any Note for any period of time (from and including the first day of such period to but excluding the last) (whether or not constituting an Interest Accrual Period or Interest Period, the "**Calculation Period**"):

(iv) if "**Actual/365 — FBF**" is specified in the relevant Final Terms, the fraction whose numerator is the actual number of calendar days elapsed during the Calculation Period and whose denominator is 365. If part of that Calculation Period falls in a leap year, Actual /365 — FBF shall mean the sum of (i) the fraction whose numerator is the actual number of calendar days elapsed during the non-leap year and whose denominator is 365 and (ii) the fraction whose numerator is the number of actual calendar days elapsed during the leap year and whose denominator is 366;

(v) if "**Actual/Actual**" or "**Actual/Actual — ISDA**" is specified in the relevant Final Terms, the actual number of calendar days in the Calculation Period divided by 365 (or, if any portion of that Calculation Period falls in a leap year, the sum of (A) the actual number of calendar days in that portion of the Calculation Period falling in a leap year divided by 366 and (B) the actual number of calendar days in that portion of the Calculation Period falling in a non-leap year divided by 365);

(vi) if "**Actual/Actual-ICMA**" is specified in the relevant Final Terms:

(A) if the Calculation Period is equal to or shorter than the Determination Period during which it falls, the number of calendar days in the Calculation Period divided by the product of (x) the number of calendar days in such Determination Period and (y) the number of Determination Periods normally ending in any year; and
if the Calculation Period is longer than one Determination Period, the sum of:

the number of calendar days in such Calculation Period falling in the Determination Period in which it begins divided by the product of (1) the number of calendar days in such Determination Period and (2) the number of Determination Periods normally ending in any year; and the number of calendar days in such Calculation Period falling in the next Determination Period divided by the product of (1) the number of calendar days in such Determination Period and (2) the number of Determination Periods normally ending in any year;

in each case where:

"Determination Period" means the period from and including a Determination Date in any year to but excluding the next Determination Date; and

"Determination Date" means the date specified in the relevant Final Terms or, if none is so specified, the Interest Payment Date;

(vii) if "Actual/365 (Fixed)" is specified in the relevant Final Terms, the actual number of calendar days in the Calculation Period divided by 365;

(viii) if "Actual/360" is specified in the relevant Final Terms, the actual number of calendar days in the Calculation Period divided by 360;

(ix) if "30/360", "360/360" or "Bond Basis" is specified in the Final Terms, the number of calendar days in the Calculation Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

\[
\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1) + 30 \times (M_2 - M_1) + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}
\]

where:

"Y_1" is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

"Y_2" is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

"M_1" is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

"M_2" is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

"D_1" is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D_1 will be 30; and

"D_2" is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31 and D_1 is greater than 29, in which case D_2 will be 30.

(x) if "30E/360" or "Eurobond Basis" is specified in the Final Terms, the number of calendar days in the Calculation Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

\[
\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1) + 30 \times (M_2 - M_1) + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}
\]

where:
“Y₁” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“Y₂” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“M₁” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“M₂” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“D₁” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“D₂” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D₂ will be 30.

(xi) if “30E/360 (ISDA)” is specified in the Final Terms, the number of calendar days in the Calculation Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

\[
\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{360x(Y₂ - Y₁) + 30x(M₂ - M₁) + (D₂ - D₁)}{360}
\]

where:

“Y₁” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“Y₂” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“M₁” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“M₂” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“D₁” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“D₂” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February but not the Maturity Date or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D₂ will be 30.

“Euro-zone” means the region comprised of member states of the European Union that have adopted or adopt the single currency in accordance with the Treaty establishing the European Community, as amended.

“FBF Definitions” means the definitions set out in the June 2013 FBF Master Agreement relating to transactions on forward financial instruments as supplemented by the Technical Schedules (Additifs Techniques) as published by the Fédération Bancaire Française (together the “FBF Master Agreement”), as supplemented or amended as at the Issue Date.

“Interest Accrual Period” means the period beginning on (and including) the Interest Commencement Date and ending on (but excluding) the first Interest Period Date and each successive period beginning on (and including) an Interest Period Date and ending on (but excluding) the next succeeding Interest Period Date.

“Interest Amount” means the amount of interest payable, and in the case of Fixed Rate Notes, means the Fixed Coupon Amount or Broken Amount as specified in the relevant Final Terms, as the case may be.
"Interest Commencement Date" means the Issue Date or such other date as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms.

"Interest Determination Date" means, with respect to a Rate of Interest and Interest Accrual Period, the date specified as such in the relevant Final Terms or, if none is so specified, (i) the day falling two TARGET Business Days prior to the first day of such Interest Accrual Period if the Specified Currency is Euro or (ii) the first day of such Interest Accrual Period if the Specified Currency is Sterling or (iii) the day falling two Business Days in the city specified in the Final Terms for the Specified Currency prior to the first day of such Interest Accrual Period if the Specified Currency is neither Sterling nor Euro.

"Interest Payment Date" means the date(s) specified in the relevant Final Terms.

"Interest Period" means the period beginning on (and including) the Interest Commencement Date and ending on (but excluding) the first Interest Payment Date and each successive period beginning on (and including) an Interest Payment Date and ending on (but excluding) the next succeeding Interest Payment Date.

"Interest Period Date" means each Interest Payment Date unless otherwise specified in the relevant Final Terms.

"ISDA Definitions" means the 2006 ISDA Definitions (a copy of which may be obtained at the registered office of the Issuer during usual business hours), as published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc., as amended or supplemented as at the Issue Date.

"Rate of Interest" means the rate of interest payable from time to time in respect of the Notes and that is either specified or calculated in accordance with the provisions in the relevant Final Terms.

"Reference Banks" means, in the case of a determination of LIBOR, the principal London office of four major banks in the London inter-bank market, in the case of a determination of EURIBOR, the principal Euro-zone office of four major banks in the Euro-zone inter-bank market or, if otherwise, the principal offices of five major banks in the Relevant Inter-Bank Market, in each case selected by the Calculation Agent or as specified in the relevant Final Terms.

"Reference Rate" means the rate specified as such in the relevant Final Terms.

"Relevant Inter-Bank Market" means such inter-bank market as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms.

"Relevant Screen Page" means such page, section, caption, column or other part of a particular information service as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms.

"Relevant Screen Page Time" means such relevant Screen Page Time as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms.

"Specified Currency" means the currency specified as such in the relevant Final Terms.

"TARGET2" means the Trans-European Automated Real-time Gross Settlement Express Transfer system which utilises a single shared platform and which was launched on 19 November 2007, or any successor thereto.

(b) **Interest on Fixed Rate Notes**: Each Fixed Rate Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from the Interest Commencement Date at the rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Rate of Interest, such interest being payable in arrear on each Interest Payment Date. The amount of interest payable shall be determined in accordance with Condition 5(h).

If a Fixed Coupon Amount or a Broken Amount is specified in the relevant Final Terms, the amount of interest payable on each Interest Payment Date will amount to the Fixed Coupon Amount or, if applicable, the Broken Amount so specified and in the case of the Broken Amount will be payable on the particular Interest Payment Date(s) specified in the relevant Final Terms.
Interest on Floating Rate Notes

(i) **Interest Payment Dates**: Each Floating Rate Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount from the Interest Commencement Date at the rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Rate of Interest, such interest being payable in arrear (except as otherwise provided in the relevant Final Terms) on each Interest Payment Date. The amount of interest payable shall be determined in accordance with Condition 5(h). Such Interest Payment Date(s) is/are either shown in the relevant Final Terms as Specified Interest Payment Dates or, if no Specified Interest Payment Date(s) is/are shown in the relevant Final Terms, Interest Payment Date shall mean each date which falls the number of months or other period shown in the relevant Final Terms as the Interest Period after the preceding Interest Payment Date or, in the case of the first Interest Payment Date, after the Interest Commencement Date.

(ii) **Business Day Convention**: If any date referred to in these Conditions that is specified to be subject to adjustment in accordance with a Business Day Convention would otherwise fall on a day that is not a Business Day, then, if the Business Day Convention specified is:

(A) the "Floating Rate Business Day Convention", such date shall be postponed to the next day that is a Business Day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event (x) such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day and (y) each subsequent such date shall be the last Business Day of the month in which such date would have fallen had it not been subject to adjustment;

(B) the "Following Business Day Convention", such date shall be postponed to the next day that is a Business Day;

(C) the "Modified Following Business Day Convention", such date shall be postponed to the next day that is a Business Day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day; or

(D) the "Preceding Business Day Convention", such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day.

(iii) **Rate of Interest for Floating Rate Notes**: The Rate of Interest in respect of Floating Rate Notes for each Interest Accrual Period shall be determined in the manner specified in the relevant Final Terms and the provisions below relating to either FBF Determination or ISDA Determination or Screen Rate Determination shall apply, depending upon which is specified in the relevant Final Terms.

(A) **FBF Determination for Floating Rate Notes**

Where FBF Determination is specified in the relevant Final Terms as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Accrual Period shall be determined by the Calculation Agent as a rate equal to the relevant FBF Rate. For the purposes of this sub-paragraph (A), "FBF Rate" for an Interest Accrual Period means a rate equal to the Floating Rate that would be determined by the Calculation Agent under a Transaction under the terms of an agreement incorporating the FBF Definitions and under which:

(a) the Floating Rate is as specified in the relevant Final Terms; and

(b) the relevant Floating Rate Determination Date (**Date de Détermination du Taux Variable**) is the first day of that Interest Accrual Period unless otherwise specified in the relevant Final Terms.

For the purposes of this sub-paragraph (A), "Floating Rate" (**Taux Variable**), "Calculation Agent" (**Agent**), "Floating Rate Determination Date" (**Date de Détermination du Taux Variable**) and "Transaction" (**Transaction**) have the meanings given to those terms in the FBF Definitions, provided that "Euribor" means the rate
calculated for deposits in euro which appears on Reuters Page EURIBOR 01, as more fully described in the relevant Final Terms.

(B) ISDA Determination for Floating Rate Notes

Where ISDA Determination is specified in the relevant Final Terms as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Accrual Period shall be determined by the Calculation Agent as a rate equal to the relevant ISDA Rate. For the purposes of this sub-paragraph (B), "ISDA Rate" for an Interest Accrual Period means a rate equal to the Floating Rate that would be determined by the Calculation Agent under a Swap Transaction under the terms of an agreement incorporating the ISDA Definitions and under which:

(a) the Floating Rate Option is as specified in the relevant Final Terms;
(b) the Designated Maturity is a period specified in the relevant Final Terms; and
(c) the relevant Reset Date is the first day of that Interest Accrual Period unless otherwise specified in the relevant Final Terms.

For the purposes of this sub-paragraph (B), "Floating Rate", "Calculation Agent", "Floating Rate Option", "Designated Maturity", "Reset Date" and "Swap Transaction" have the meanings given to those terms in the ISDA Definitions.

(C) Screen Rate Determination for Floating Rate Notes

(a) Where Screen Rate Determination is specified in the relevant Final Terms as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Accrual Period will, subject as provided below, be either (as specified in the relevant Final Terms):

(1) the offered quotation; or
(2) the arithmetic mean of the offered quotations,

(expressed as a percentage rate per annum) for the Reference Rate which appears or appear, as the case may be, on the Relevant Screen Page as at either (i) 11.00 a.m. (London time in the case of LIBOR or Brussels time in the case of EURIBOR) or (ii) if otherwise, the Relevant Screen Page Time on the Interest Determination Date in question as determined by the Calculation Agent. If five or more of such offered quotations are available on the Relevant Screen Page, the highest (or, if there is more than one such highest quotation, one only of such quotations) and the lowest (or, if there is more than one such lowest quotation, one only of such quotations) shall be disregarded by the Calculation Agent for the purpose of determining the arithmetic mean of such offered quotations.

If the Reference Rate from time to time in respect of Floating Rate Notes is specified in the relevant Final Terms as being other than LIBOR or EURIBOR, the Rate of Interest in respect of such Notes will be determined as provided in the relevant Final Terms.

(b) if the Relevant Screen Page is not available or, if sub-paragraph (C)(a)(1) applies and no such offered quotation appears on the Relevant Screen Page, or, if sub-paragraph (C)(a)(2) applies and fewer than three such offered quotations appear on the Relevant Screen Page, in each case as at the time specified above, subject as provided below, the Calculation Agent shall request, (i) if the Reference Rate is LIBOR, the principal London office of each of the Reference Banks or, (ii) if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, the principal Euro-zone office of each of the Reference Banks, or (iii) if otherwise, each of the
Reference Banks to provide the Calculation Agent with its offered quotation (expressed as a percentage rate per annum) for the Reference Rate if the Reference Rate is LIBOR, at approximately 11.00 a.m. (London time), if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, at approximately 11.00 a.m. (Brussels time) or, if otherwise, the Relevant Screen Page Time, on the Interest Determination Date in question. If two or more of the Reference Banks provide the Calculation Agent with such offered quotations, the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall be the arithmetic mean of such offered quotations as determined by the Calculation Agent; and

(c) if paragraph (b) above applies and the Calculation Agent determines that fewer than two Reference Banks are providing offered quotations, subject as provided below, the Rate of Interest shall be the arithmetic mean of the rates per annum (expressed as a percentage) as communicated to (and at the request of) the Calculation Agent by the Reference Banks or any two or more of them, at which such banks were offered, if the Reference Rate is LIBOR, at approximately 11.00 a.m. (London time), if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, at approximately 11.00 a.m. (Brussels time) or, if otherwise, the Relevant Screen Page Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date, deposits in the Specified Currency for a period equal to that which would have been used for the Reference Rate by leading banks in, if the Reference Rate is LIBOR, the London inter-bank market, if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, the Euro-zone inter-bank market, or, if otherwise, the Relevant Inter-Bank Market, as the case may be, or, if fewer than two of the Reference Banks provide the Calculation Agent with such offered rates, the offered rate for deposits in the Specified Currency for a period equal to that which would have been used for the Reference Rate, or the arithmetic mean of the offered rates for deposits in the Specified Currency for a period equal to that which would have been used for the Reference Rate, at which, if the Reference Rate is LIBOR, at approximately 11.00 a.m. (London time), if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, at approximately 11.00 a.m. (Brussels time) or, if otherwise, the Relevant Screen Page Time, on the relevant Interest Determination Date, any one or more banks (which bank or banks is or are in the opinion of the Issuer suitable for such purpose) informs the Calculation Agent it is quoting to leading banks in, if the Reference Rate is LIBOR, the London inter-bank market, if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR, the Euro zone inter-bank market, or, if otherwise, the Relevant Inter-Bank Market, as the case may be, provided that, if the Rate of Interest cannot be determined in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this paragraph, the Rate of Interest shall be determined as at the last preceding Interest Determination Date (though substituting, where a different Margin or Maximum or Minimum Rate of Interest is to be applied to the relevant Interest Accrual Period from that which applied to the last preceding Interest Accrual Period, the Margin or Maximum or Minimum Rate of Interest relating to the relevant Interest Accrual Period, in place of the Margin or Maximum or Minimum Rate of Interest relating to that last preceding Interest Accrual Period).

(D) Linear Interpolation

Where Linear Interpolation is specified in the relevant Final Terms in respect of an Interest Accrual Period, the Rate of Interest for such Interest Accrual Period shall be calculated by the Calculation Agent by straight line linear interpolation by reference to two rates based on the relevant FBF Rate (if specified as applicable in the applicable Final terms), the relevant Floating Rate Option (where ISDA Determination is specified in the relevant Final Terms) or the relevant Reference Rate (where Screen Rate Determination is specified in the relevant Final Terms), one of which shall be determined as if the Applicable Maturity were the period of time for which rates are available next shorter than the length of the relevant Interest Accrual Period and the other of which shall be determined as if the Applicable Maturity were the period of time for which rates are available next longer than the length of the relevant Interest Accrual Period provided
however that if there is no rate available for the period of time next shorter or, as the case may be, next longer, then the Calculation Agent shall determine such rate at such time and by reference to such sources as it determines appropriate.

For the purposes of this sub-paragraph (D), “Applicable Maturity” means: (a) in relation to FBF Determination, the period of time specified in the relevant FBF Rate, (b) in relation to ISDA Determination, the Designated Maturity, and (c) in relation to Screen Rate Determination, the period of time designated in the Reference Rate.

(d) **Zero Coupon Notes**: Where a Note the Interest Basis of which is specified to be Zero Coupon and is repayable prior to the Maturity Date is not paid when due, the amount due and payable prior to the Maturity Date shall be the Early Redemption Amount of such Note. As from the Maturity Date, the Rate of Interest for any overdue principal of such a Note shall be a rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Amortisation Yield (as described in Condition 6(g)(i)).

(e) **Fixed/Floating Rate Notes**: Fixed/Floating Rate Notes may bear interest at a rate (i) that the Issuer may elect to convert on the date set out in the Final Terms from a Fixed Rate to a Floating Rate, or from a Floating Rate to a Fixed Rate or (ii) that will automatically change from a Fixed Rate to a Floating Rate, or from a Floating Rate to a Fixed Rate at the date(s) set out in the Final Terms.

(f) **Accrual of interest**: Interest shall cease to accrue on each Note on the due date for redemption unless (i) in the case of Dematerialised Notes, on such due date or (ii) in the case of Materialised Notes, upon due presentation, payment is improperly withheld or refused, in which event interest shall continue to accrue (as well after as before judgment) at the Rate of Interest in the manner provided in this Condition 5 to the Relevant Date (as defined in Condition 8).

(g) **Margin, Maximum/Minimum Rates of Interest and Redemption Amounts and Rounding**

(i) If any Margin is specified in the relevant Final Terms (either (x) generally, or (y) in relation to one or more Interest Accrual Periods), an adjustment shall be made to all Rates of Interest, in the case of (x), or the Rates of Interest for the specified Interest Accrual Periods, in the case of (y), calculated in accordance with (c) above by adding (if a positive number) or subtracting the absolute value (if a negative number) of such Margin, subject always to the next paragraph, provided that in no event, the minimum rate of interest, being the relevant rate of interest plus any relevant margin, shall be deemed to be 0.00 per cent.

(ii) If any Maximum or Minimum Rate of Interest or Redemption Amount is specified in the relevant Final Terms, then any Rate of Interest or Redemption Amount shall be subject to such maximum or minimum, as the case may be.

(iii) For the purposes of any calculations required pursuant to these Conditions, (x) all percentages resulting from such calculations shall be rounded, if necessary, to the nearest one-hundred-thousandth of a percentage point (with halves being rounded up), (y) all figures shall be rounded to seven significant figures (with halves being rounded up) and (z) all currency amounts that fall due and payable shall be rounded to the nearest unit of such currency (with halves being rounded up), save in the case of yen, which shall be rounded down to the nearest yen. For these purposes "unit" means the lowest amount of such currency that is available as legal tender in the country(ies) of such currency.

(h) **Calculations**: The amount of interest payable in respect of any Note for any period shall be calculated by multiplying the product of the Rate of Interest and the outstanding nominal amount of such Note by the Day Count Fraction, unless an Interest Amount is specified in respect of such period in the Final Terms, in which case the amount of interest payable in respect of such Note for such period shall equal such Interest Amount. Where any Interest Period comprises two or more Interest Accrual Periods, the amount of interest payable in respect of such Interest Period shall be the sum of the amounts of interest payable in respect of each of those Interest Accrual Periods.

(i) **Determination and Publication of Rates of Interest, Interest Amounts, Final Redemption Amounts, Optional Redemption Amounts and Early Redemption Amounts**: The Calculation Agent shall, as soon as
practicable on such date as the Calculation Agent may be required to calculate any rate or amount, obtain any quotation or make any determination or calculation, it shall determine such rate and calculate the Interest Amounts in respect of each Specified Denomination of the Notes for the relevant Interest Accrual Period, calculate the Final Redemption Amount, Optional Redemption Amount or Early Redemption Amount obtain such quotation or make such determination or calculation, as the case may be, and cause the Rate of Interest and the Interest Amounts for each Interest Period and the relevant Interest Payment Date and, if required to be calculated, the Final Redemption Amount, Optional Redemption Amount or Early Redemption Amount to be notified to the Issuer, the Fiscal Agent, each of the Paying Agents, the Noteholders, any other Calculation Agent appointed in respect of the Notes that is to make a further calculation upon receipt of such information and, if the Notes are admitted to trading on a Regulated Market and the rules of, or applicable to, such Regulated Market so require, such Regulated Market as soon as possible after their determination but in no event later than (i) the commencement of the relevant Interest Period, if determined prior to such time, in the case of notification to such Regulated Market of a Rate of Interest and Interest Amount, or (ii) in all other cases, the fourth Business Day after such determination. Where any Interest Payment Date or Interest Period Date is subject to adjustment pursuant to Condition 5(c)(ii), the Interest Amounts and the Interest Payment Date so published may subsequently be amended (or appropriate alternative arrangements made by way of adjustment) without notice in the event of an extension or shortening of the Interest Period. The determination of any rate or amount, the obtaining of each quotation and the making of each determination or calculation by the Calculation Agent(s) shall (in the absence of manifest error) be final and binding upon all parties.

Calculation Agent: The Issuer shall use its best efforts to procure that there shall at all times one or more Calculation Agents if provision is made for them in the relevant Final Terms and for so long as any Note is outstanding (as defined below). Where more than one Calculation Agent is appointed in respect of the Notes, references in these Conditions to the Calculation Agent shall be construed as each Calculation Agent performing its respective duties under the Conditions. If the Calculation Agent is unable or unwilling to act as such or if the Calculation Agent fails duly to establish the Rate of Interest for an Interest Period or Interest Accrual Period or to calculate any Interest Amount, Final Redemption Amount, Early Redemption Amount or Optional Redemption Amount, as the case may be, or to comply with any other requirement, the Issuer shall appoint a leading bank or investment banking firm engaged in the interbank market (or, if appropriate, money, swap or over-the-counter index options market) that is most closely connected with the calculation or determination to be made by the Calculation Agent (acting through its principal Paris office or any other office actively involved in such market) to act as such in its place. The Calculation Agent may not resign its duties without a successor having been appointed as aforesaid. So long as the Notes are admitted to trading on a Regulated Market and the rules of, or applicable to, that Regulated Market so require, notice of any change of Calculation Agent shall be given in accordance with Condition 15.

For the purpose of this Condition:

"outstanding" means, in relation to the Notes of any Series, all the Notes issued other than (a) those that have been redeemed in accordance with these Conditions, (b) those in respect of which the date for redemption has occurred and the redemption moneys (including all interest accrued on such Notes to the date for such redemption and any interest payable after such date) have been duly paid (i) in the case of Dematerialised Notes in bearer form and in administered registered form, to the relevant Account Holders on behalf of the Noteholder as provided in Condition 7(a), (ii) in the case of Dematerialised Notes in fully registered form, to the account of the Noteholder as provided in Condition 7(a) and (iii) in the case of Materialised Notes, to the relevant account with, or, by check drawn on, a Bank as provided in Condition 7(b) and remain available for payment against presentation and surrender of Bearer Materialised Notes and/or Coupons, as the case may be, (c) those which have become void or in respect of which claims have become prescribed, (d) those which have been purchased and cancelled as provided in these Conditions, (e) in the case of Materialised Notes (i) those mutilated or defaced Bearer Materialised Notes that have been surrendered in exchange for replacement Bearer Materialised Notes, (ii) (for the purpose only of determining how many such Bearer Materialised Notes are outstanding and without prejudice to their status for any other purpose) those Bearer Materialised Notes alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed and in respect of which replacement Bearer Materialised Notes have been issued and (iii) any Temporary Global Certificate to the extent that it shall have been exchanged for one or more Definitive Bearer Materialised Notes, pursuant to its provisions.
6. Redemption, Purchase and Options

(a) **Final Redemption**: Unless previously redeemed, purchased and cancelled as provided below, each Note shall be finally redeemed on the Maturity Date specified in the relevant Final Terms at its Final Redemption Amount (which is its nominal amount).

(b) **Make-Whole Redemption by the Issuer**: If a Make-Whole Redemption by the Issuer is specified in the relevant Final Terms, in respect of any issue of Notes, the Issuer will, subject to compliance by the Issuer with all relevant laws, regulations and directives and on giving not less than 15 nor more than 30 calendar days’ irrevocable notice in accordance with Condition 15 to the Noteholders (or such other notice period as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms), have the option to redeem the Notes, in whole or in part, at any time or from time to time, prior to their Maturity Date (the “Optional Redemption Date”) at their Optional Redemption Amount. The Optional Redemption Amount will be calculated by the Calculation Agent and will be the greater of (x) 100 per cent. of the nominal amount of the Notes so redeemed and, (y) the sum of the then present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on such Notes (not including any interest accrued on the Notes to, but excluding, the relevant Optional Redemption Date) discounted to the relevant Optional Redemption Date on an annual basis at the Redemption Rate plus a Redemption Margin (as specified in the relevant Final Terms), plus in each case (x) or (y) above, any interest accrued on the Notes to, but excluding, the Optional Redemption Date.

The “Redemption Rate” is the average of the four quotations given by the Reference Dealers of the mid-market annual yield to maturity of the Reference Security (as specified in the relevant Final Terms) on the fourth business day preceding the Optional Redemption Date at 11.00 a.m. (Central European time (CET)).

“Reference Dealers” means each of the four banks selected by the Calculation Agent which are primary European government security dealers, and their respective successors, or market makers in pricing corporate bond issues or as specified in the relevant Final Terms.

If the Reference Security is no longer outstanding, a Similar Security (as specified in the relevant Final Terms) will be chosen by the Calculation Agent at 11.00 a.m. (Central European time (CET)) on the third business day in London preceding the Optional Redemption Date, quoted in writing by the Calculation Agent to the Issuer and notified in accordance with Condition 15.

The Redemption Rate will be notified by the Issuer in accordance with Condition 15.

The determination of any rate or amount, the obtaining of each quotation and the making of each determination or calculation by the Calculation Agent shall (in the absence of manifest error) be final and binding upon all parties.

In the case of a partial redemption, the relevant provision of Condition 6(c) shall apply mutatis mutandis to this Condition 6(b).

(c) **Redemption at the Option of the Issuer and Partial Redemption**: If a Call Option is specified in the relevant Final Terms, the Issuer may, subject to compliance by the Issuer with all relevant laws, regulations and directives and on giving not less than 15 nor more than 30 calendar days’ irrevocable notice in accordance with Condition 15 to the Noteholders (or such other notice period if specified in the relevant Final Terms), redeem all, or, if so provided, some, of the Notes on any Optional Redemption Date. Any such redemption of Notes shall be at their Optional Redemption Amount together with interest accrued to the date fixed for redemption. Any such redemption must relate to Notes of a nominal amount at least equal to the Minimum Redemption Amount to be redeemed specified in the relevant Final Terms and no greater than the Maximum Redemption Amount to be redeemed specified in the relevant Final Terms.

All Notes in respect of which any such notice is given shall be redeemed on the date specified in such notice in accordance with this Condition.

In the case of a partial redemption in respect of Materialised Notes, the notice to holders of such Materialised Notes shall also contain the number of the Definitive Materialised Bearer Notes to be redeemed, which shall have been drawn in such place and in such manner as may be fair and reasonable in the circumstances, taking account of prevailing market practices, subject to compliance with any applicable laws and Regulated Market requirements.
In the case of a partial redemption in respect of Dematerialised Notes, the redemption may be effected, at the option of the Issuer, either (i) by reducing the nominal amount of all such Dematerialised Notes in a Series in proportion to the aggregate nominal amount redeemed, subject to compliance with any other applicable laws and stock exchange requirements or (ii) by redeeming in full some only of such Dematerialised Notes and, in such latter case, the choice between those Dematerialised Notes that will be fully redeemed and those Dematerialised Notes of any Series that will not be redeemed shall be made in accordance with Article R.213-16 of the French Code monétaire et financier, subject to compliance with any other applicable laws and Regulated Market requirements.

So long as the Notes are admitted to trading on a Regulated Market and the rules of, or applicable to, such Regulated Market require, the Issuer shall, each time there has been a partial redemption of the Notes, cause to be published in accordance with Articles 221-3 and 221-4 of the General Regulations (Règlement Général) of the Autorité des marchés financiers and on the website of any other competent authority and/or Regulated Market of the EEA Member State where the Notes are admitted to trading, a notice specifying the aggregate nominal amount of Notes outstanding and, in the case of Materialised Notes, a list of any Definitive Materialised Bearer Notes drawn for redemption but not surrendered.

(d) **Residual Maturity Call Option**: If a Residual Maturity Call Option is specified in the relevant Final Terms, the Issuer may, on giving not less than 15 nor more than 30 calendar days’ irrevocable notice in accordance with Condition 15 to the Noteholders (or such other notice period if specified in the relevant Final Terms) redeem the Notes, in whole but not in part, at par together with interest accrued to, but excluding, the date fixed for redemption, at any time as from the "Call Option Date" specified in the relevant Final Terms, which shall be no earlier than (i) three months before the Maturity Date in respect of Notes having a maturity of not more than ten years or (ii) six months before the Maturity Date in respect of Notes having a maturity of more than ten years, until the Maturity Date.

For the purpose of the preceding paragraph, the maturity of not more than ten years or the maturity of more than ten years shall be determined as from the Issue Date of the first Tranche of the relevant Series of Notes.

All Notes in respect of which any such notice is given shall be redeemed on the date specified in such notice in accordance with this Condition.

(e) **Redemption at the Option of Noteholders**: If a Put Option is specified in the relevant Final Terms the Issuer shall, at the option of the Noteholder, upon the Noteholder giving not less than 15 nor more than 30 calendar days’ notice to the Issuer (or such other notice period as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms) redeem such Note on the Optional Redemption Date(s) at its Optional Redemption Amount together with interest accrued to the date fixed for redemption.

To exercise such option the Noteholder must deposit with any Paying Agent at its specified office during usual business hours a duly completed option exercise notice (the "Exercise Notice") in the form obtainable during usual business hours from any Paying Agent or the Registration Agent, as the case may be, within the notice period. Such notice shall, in the case of Materialised Bearer Notes, have attached to it such Note (together with all unmatured Coupons and unexchanged Talons). In the case of Dematerialised Notes, the Noteholder shall transfer, or cause to be transferred, the Dematerialised Notes to be redeemed to the account of the Paris Paying Agent specified in the Exercise Notice. No option so exercised and, where applicable, no Note so deposited or transferred may be withdrawn without the prior consent of the Issuer.

(f) **Clean-Up Call Option**: If a Clean-Up Call Option is specified in the relevant Final Terms and if at least 80 per cent. of the initial aggregate nominal amount of the Notes of the same Series have been redeemed or purchased and, in each case, cancelled, the Issuer may on giving not less than 15 nor more than 30 calendar days’ notice to the Noteholders redeem the Notes, in whole but not in part, at their Clean-Up Redemption Amount together with any interest accrued to the date set for redemption (as specified in the relevant Final Terms).

(g) **Early Redemption**

(i) **Zero Coupon Notes**: 

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(A) The Early Redemption Amount payable in respect of any Zero Coupon Note, upon redemption of such Note pursuant to Condition 6(e) or Condition 6(i) or upon it becoming due and payable as provided in Condition 9 shall be the Amortised Nominal Amount (calculated as provided below) of such Note.

(B) Subject to the provisions of sub-paragraph (C) below, the Amortised Nominal Amount of any such Note shall be the scheduled Final Redemption Amount of such Note on the Maturity Date discounted at a rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Amortisation Yield (which, if none is shown in the relevant Final Terms, shall be such rate as would produce an Amortised Nominal Amount equal to the issue price of the Notes if they were discounted back to their issue price on the Issue Date) compounded annually.

(C) If the Early Redemption Amount payable in respect of any such Note upon its redemption pursuant to Condition 6(e) or Condition 6(i) or upon it becoming due and payable as provided in Condition 9 is not paid when due, the Early Redemption Amount due and payable in respect of such Note shall be the Amortised Nominal Amount of such Note as defined in sub-paragraph (B) above, except that such sub-paragraph shall have effect as though the date on which the Amortised Nominal Amount becomes due and payable were the Relevant Date. The calculation of the Amortised Nominal Amount in accordance with this sub-paragraph shall continue to be made (both before and after judgment) until the Relevant Date, unless the Relevant Date falls on or after the Maturity Date, in which case the amount due and payable shall be the scheduled Final Redemption Amount of such Note on the Maturity Date together with any interest that may accrue in accordance with Condition 5(d).

Where such calculation is to be made for a period of less than one year, it shall be made on the basis of the Day Count Fraction shown in the relevant Final Terms.

(ii) Other Notes:

The Early Redemption Amount payable in respect of any Note (other than Notes described in (i) above), upon redemption of such Note pursuant to Condition 6(h) or Condition 6(k), or upon it becoming due and payable as provided in Condition 9 shall be the Final Redemption Amount.

(h) Redemption for Taxation Reasons:

(i) If, by reason of any change in French law, or any change in the official application or interpretation of such law, becoming effective after the date on which agreement is reached to issue the first Tranche of the Notes, the Issuer would on the occasion of the next payment of principal or interest due in respect of the Notes, not be able to make such payment without having to pay additional amounts as specified under Condition 8(b) below, the Issuer may, at its option, on any Interest Payment Date (if this Note is not a Floating Rate Note) or, at any time (if this Note is not a Floating Rate Note), subject to having given not more than 60 nor less than 30 calendar days' notice to the Noteholders (which notice shall be irrevocable), in accordance with Condition 15, redeem all, but not some only, of the Notes at their Early Redemption Amount together with any interest accrued to the date set for redemption provided that the due date for redemption of which notice hereunder may be given shall be no earlier than the latest practicable date on which the Issuer could make payment of principal and interest without withholding for French taxes.

(ii) If the Issuer would on the next payment of principal or interest in respect of the Notes be prevented by French law from making payment to the Noteholders or, if applicable, Couponholders of the full amounts then due and payable, notwithstanding the undertaking to pay additional amounts contained in Condition 8(b) below, then the Issuer shall forthwith give notice of such fact to the Fiscal Agent and the Issuer shall upon giving not less than seven calendar days' prior notice to the Noteholders (which notice shall be irrevocable), in accordance with Condition 15, redeem all, but not some only, of the Notes then outstanding at their Early Redemption Amount together with any interest accrued to the date set for redemption on (A) the latest practicable Interest Payment Date on which the Issuer could make payment of the full amount then due and payable in respect of the Notes, provided that if such
notice would expire after such Interest Payment Date the date for redemption pursuant to such notice of Noteholders shall be the later of (i) the latest practicable date on which the Issuer could make payment of the full amount then due and payable in respect of the Notes and (ii) 14 calendar days after giving notice to the Fiscal Agent as aforesaid or (B) if so specified in the relevant Final Terms, at any time, provided that the due date for redemption of which notice hereunder shall be given shall be the latest practicable date at which the Issuer could make payment of the full amount payable in respect of the Notes, or, if applicable, Coupons or, if that date is passed, as soon as practicable thereafter.

(i) **Purchases:** The Issuer shall have the right at all times to purchase Notes (provided that, in the case of Materialised Notes, all unmatured Coupons and unexchanged Talons relating thereto are attached thereto or surrendered therewith) in the open market or otherwise at any price, subject to the applicable laws and/or regulations.

Unless the possibility of holding and reselling is expressly excluded in the Final Terms, all Notes purchased by the Issuer may be held and resold in accordance with Articles L.213-1 A and D.213-1 A of the French *Code monétaire et financier* for the purpose of enhancing the liquidity of the Notes.

(j) **Cancellation:** All Notes purchased for cancellation by or on behalf of the Issuer will forthwith be cancelled, in the case of Dematerialised Notes, by transfer to an account in accordance with the rules and procedures of Euroclear France and, in the case of Materialised Bearer Notes, by surrendering to the Fiscal Agent the Temporary Global Certificate and the Definitive Materialised Bearer Notes in question together with all unmatured Coupons and all unexchanged Talons and, in each case, if so transferred or surrendered, shall, together with all Notes redeemed by the Issuer, be cancelled forthwith (together with, in the case of Dematerialised Notes, all rights relating to payment of interest and other amounts relating to such Dematerialised Notes and, in the case of Materialised Notes, all unmatured Coupons and unexchanged Talons attached thereto or surrendered therewith). Any Notes so cancelled or, where applicable, transferred or surrendered for cancellation may not be re-issued or resold and the obligations of the Issuer in respect of any such Notes shall be discharged.

(k) **Illegality:** If, by reason of any change in French law, or any change in the official application of such law, becoming effective after the date on which agreement is reached to issue the first Tranche of the Notes, it will become unlawful for the Issuer to perform or comply with one or more of its obligations under the Notes, the Issuer will, subject to having given not more than 45 nor less than 30 calendar days' notice to the Noteholders (which notice shall be irrevocable), in accordance with Condition 15, redeem all, but not some only, of the Notes at their Early Redemption Amount together with any interest accrued to the date set for redemption.

7. **Payments and Talons**

(a) **Dematerialised Notes:** Payments of principal and interest in respect of Dematerialised Notes shall (in the case of Dematerialised Notes in bearer dematerialised form or administered registered form) be made by transfer to the account denominated in the relevant currency of the relevant Account Holders for the benefit of the Noteholders and, (in the case of Dematerialised Notes in fully registered form), to an account denominated in the relevant currency with a Bank (as defined below) designated by the Noteholders. All payments validly made to such Account Holders will be an effective discharge of the Issuer in respect of such payments.

(b) **Materialised Bearer Notes:** Payments of principal and interest in respect of Materialised Bearer Notes shall, subject as mentioned below, be made against presentation and surrender during usual business hours of the relevant Materialised Bearer Notes (in the case of all other payments of principal and, in the case of interest, as specified in Condition 7(f)(v)) or Coupons (in the case of interest, save as specified in Condition 7(f)(v)), as the case may be, at the specified office of any Paying Agent outside the United States by a cheque payable in the relevant currency drawn on, or, at the option of the Noteholder, by transfer to an account denominated in such currency with, a Bank.

"Bank" means a bank in the principal financial centre for such currency or, in the case of Euro, in a city in which banks have access to TARGET2.
(c) **Payments in the United States:** Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any Materialised Bearer Notes are denominated in U.S. Dollars, payments in respect thereof may be made at the specified office of any Paying Agent in New York City in the same manner as aforesaid if (i) the Issuer shall have appointed Paying Agents with specified offices outside the United States with the reasonable expectation that such Paying Agents would be able to make payment of the amounts on the Notes in the manner provided above when due, (ii) payment in full of such amounts at all such offices is illegal or effectively precluded by exchange controls or other similar restrictions on payment or receipt of such amounts and (iii) such payment is then permitted by United States law, without involving, in the opinion of the Issuer, any adverse tax consequence to the Issuer.

(d) **Payments Subject to Fiscal Laws:** All payments are subject in all cases to any applicable fiscal or other laws, regulations and directives in the place of payment but without prejudice to the provisions of Condition 8. No commission or expenses shall be charged to the Noteholders or Couponholders in respect of such payments.

(e) **Appointment of Agents:** The Fiscal Agent, the Paying Agents, the Calculation Agent, the Redenomination Agent and the Consolidation Agent initially appointed by the Issuer and their respective specified offices are listed below. The Fiscal Agent, the Paying Agents, the Redenomination Agent, the Consolidation Agent and the Registration Agent act solely as agents of the Issuer and the Calculation Agent(s) act(s) as independent experts(s) and, in each case such, do not assume any obligation or relationship of agency for any Noteholder or Couponholder. The Issuer reserves the right at any time to vary or terminate the appointment of the Fiscal Agent, any other Paying Agent, the Redenomination Agent, the Consolidation Agent and the Registration Agent or the Calculation Agent(s) and to appoint additional or other Paying Agents, provided that the Issuer shall at all times maintain:

(i) a Fiscal Agent;

(ii) one or more Calculation Agent(s) where the Conditions so require;

(iii) a Redenomination Agent and a Consolidation Agent where the Conditions so require;

(iv) Paying Agents having specified offices in at least two major European cities (including Paris so long as Notes are admitted to trading on Euronext Paris and, in either case, so long as the rules of, or applicable to, the relevant Regulated Market so require);

(v) in the case of Dematerialised Notes, in fully registered form, a Registration Agent; and

(vi) such other agents as may be required by any other Regulated Market on which the Notes may be admitted to trading.

In addition, the Issuer shall forthwith appoint a Paying Agent in New York City in respect of any Materialised Bearer Notes denominated in U.S. Dollars in the circumstances described in paragraph (c) above.

On a redenomination of the Notes of any Series pursuant to Condition 1(d) with a view to consolidating such Notes with one or more other Series of Notes, in accordance with Condition 14, the Issuer shall ensure that the same entity shall be appointed as both Redenomination Agent and Consolidation Agent in respect of both such Notes and such other Series of Notes to be so consolidated with such Notes.

Notice of any such change or any change of any specified office shall promptly be given to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 15.

(f) **Unmatured Coupons and unexchanged Talons**

(i) Upon the due date for redemption, Materialised Bearer Notes which comprise Fixed Rate Notes, they should be surrendered for payment together with all unmatured Coupons (if any) relating thereto, failing which an amount equal to the face value of each missing unmatured Coupon (or, in the case of payment not being made in full, that proportion of the amount of such missing unmatured Coupon that the sum of principal so paid bears to the total principal due) shall be deducted from the Final Redemption Amount, Amortised Nominal Amount, Early Redemption
Amount or Optional Redemption Amount, as the case may be, due for payment. Any amount so deducted shall be paid in the manner mentioned above against surrender of such missing Coupon within a period of 10 years from the Relevant Date for the payment of such principal (whether or not such Coupon has become void pursuant to Condition 10).

(ii) Upon the due date for redemption of any such Materialised Bearer Note comprising a Floating Rate Note, unmatured Coupons relating to such Note (whether or not attached) shall become void and no payment shall be made in respect of them.

(iii) Upon the due date for redemption of any Materialised Bearer Note, any unexchanged Talon relating to such Note (whether or not attached) shall become void and no Coupon shall be delivered in respect of such Talon.

(iv) Where any Materialised Bearer Note that provides that the relative unmatured Coupons are to become void upon the due date for redemption of those Notes is presented for redemption without all unmatured Coupons, and where any Bearer Note is presented for redemption without any unexchanged Talon relating to it, redemption shall be made only against the provision of such indemnity as the Issuer may require.

(v) If the due date for redemption of any Materialised Bearer Note is not a due date for payment of interest, interest accrued from the preceding due date for payment of interest or the Interest Commencement Date, as the case may be, shall only be payable against presentation (and surrender if appropriate) of the relevant Definitive Materialised Bearer Note. Interest accrued on a Materialised Bearer Note that only bears interest after its Maturity Date shall be payable on redemption of such Note against presentation of the relevant Materialised Bearer Notes.

(g) Talons: On or after the Interest Payment Date for the final Coupon forming part of a Coupon sheet issued in respect of any Materialised Bearer Note, the Talon forming part of such Coupon sheet may be surrendered at the specified office of the Fiscal Agent in exchange for a further Coupon sheet (and if necessary another Talon for a further Coupon sheet) (but excluding any Coupons that may have become void pursuant to Condition 10), provided that, in respect of Notes listed and admitted to trading on Euronext Paris, such exchange shall always take place at the specified office of the Fiscal Agent or of the Paying Agent, as a case may be, in Paris.

(h) Non-Business Days: If any date for payment in respect of any Note, Coupon is not a business day, the Noteholder shall not be entitled to payment until the next following business day nor to any interest or other sum in respect of such postponed payment. In this paragraph, “business day” means a day (other than a Saturday or a Sunday) (A) (i) in the case of Dematerialised Notes, on which Euroclear France is open for business or (ii) in the case of Materialised Notes, on which banks and foreign exchange markets are open for business in the relevant place of presentation, in such jurisdictions as shall be specified as “Financial Centres” in the relevant Final Terms and (B) (i) (in the case of a payment in a currency other than Euro), where payment is to be made by transfer to an account maintained with a bank in the relevant currency, on which foreign exchange transactions may be carried on in the relevant currency in the principal financial centre of the country of such currency or (ii) (in the case of a payment in Euro), which is a TARGET Business Day.

8. Taxation

(a) Taxation: All payments of principal, interest and other revenues by or on behalf of the Issuer in respect of the Notes shall be made free and clear of, and without withholding or deduction for, any taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by or within France or any authority therein or thereof having power to tax, unless such withholding or deduction is required by law.

(b) Additional Amounts: If French law should require that payments of principal, interest and other revenues in respect of any Note, Coupon be subject to deduction or withholding in respect of any present or future taxes, duties whatsoever or any other governmental charges of whatever nature, the Issuer will, to the fullest extent then permitted by law, pay such additional amounts as shall result in receipt by the Noteholders or, if applicable, the Couponholders, as the case may be, of such amounts as would have been received by them.
had no such withholding or deduction been required, except that no such additional amounts shall be payable with respect to any Note or Coupon, as the case may be:

(i) **Other connection**: to, or to a third party on behalf of, a Noteholder or, if applicable, a Couponholder, as the case may be, who is liable to such taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges in respect of such Note, Coupon by reason of his having some connection with the Republic of France other than the mere holding of the Note or Coupon; or

(ii) **Presentation more than 30 calendar days after the Relevant Date**: in the case of Materialised Notes, more than 30 calendar days after the Relevant Date except to the extent that the Noteholder or, if applicable, a Couponholder, as the case may be, would have been entitled to such additional amounts on presenting it for payment on the thirtieth such day.

As used in these Conditions, "**Relevant Date**" in respect of any Note or Coupon means the date on which payment in respect of it first becomes due or (if any amount of the money payable is improperly withheld or refused) the date on which payment in full of the amount outstanding is made or, in the case of Materialised Notes (if earlier) the date seven calendar days after that on which notice is duly given to the Noteholders that, upon further presentation of the Note or Coupon being made in accordance with the Conditions, such payment will be made, provided that payment is in fact made upon such presentation.

References in these Conditions to (i) "**principal**" shall be deemed to include any premium payable in respect of the Notes, Final Redemption Amounts, Early Redemption Amounts, Optional Redemption Amounts, Amortised Nominal Amounts and all other amounts in the nature of principal payable pursuant to Condition 6 or any amendment or supplement to it, (ii) "**interest**" shall be deemed to include all Interest Amounts and all other amounts payable pursuant to Condition 5 or any amendment or supplement to it and (iii) "**principal**" and/or "**interest**" shall be deemed to include any additional amounts that may be payable under this Condition.

### 9. Events of Default

The Representative (as defined in Condition 11), upon request of any Noteholder, may, upon written notice to the Fiscal Agent given before all defaults shall have been cured, cause all the Notes (but not some only) held by such Noteholder to become immediately due and payable at their principal amount, together with any accrued interest thereon, as of the date on which such notice for payment is received by the Fiscal Agent without further formality, if any of the following events (each an "**Event of Default**") shall occur:

(i) the Issuer fails to pay any amount of principal in respect of the Notes of the relevant Series or any of them on the due date for payment thereof or fails to pay any amount of interest in respect of the Notes of the relevant Series or any of them within 15 calendar days of the due date for payment thereof; or

(ii) the Issuer defaults in the performance or observance of any of its other obligations under or in respect of the Notes of the relevant Series and (except in any case where such default is incapable of remedy when no such continuation or notice, as is hereinafter mentioned, will be required) such default remains unremedied for 30 calendar days after written notice requiring such default to be remedied has been received by the Issuer at the specified office of the Fiscal Agent by the Holder of any such Note; or

(iii) (a) any Indebtedness (as defined below) of the Issuer (being Indebtedness having an outstanding aggregate principal amount in excess of €50,000,000 or its equivalent in any other currency) is not paid when due or (as the case may be) within any original applicable grace period, (b) any Indebtedness (being Indebtedness having an outstanding aggregate principal amount in excess of €50,000,000 or its equivalent in any other currency) becomes due and payable prior to its stated maturity as a result of a default thereunder which is not remedied within the relevant grace period or (c) the Issuer fails to pay when due any amount payable by it under any guarantee of Indebtedness (being Indebtedness having an outstanding aggregate principal amount in excess of €50,000,000 or its equivalent in any other currency) unless, in each case, the Issuer is contesting in good faith its obligations to make payment or repayment of such amount; or

(iv) a judgment is issued for judicial liquidation (**liquidation judiciaire**) or for a transfer of the whole of the Issuer's business (**cession totale de l'entreprise à la suite d'un plan de cession**), or the Issuer is subject to
proceedings to the same effect, or in the absence of legal proceedings the Issuer makes a conveyance, assignment or other arrangement for the benefit of its creditors or enters into a composition with its creditors.

For the purposes of this Condition 9, “Indebtedness” means (i) any monies borrowed and any indebtedness of the Issuer which, in each case, is in the form of or represented by any bond, note, debenture, debenture stock, loan stock, certificate or other instrument which is, or is capable of being, listed, quoted or traded on any stock exchange or in any securities market (including, without limitation, any over-the-counter market) and (ii) any indebtedness of the Issuer which is in the form of or represented by any bank loan.

10. **Prescription**

Claims against the Issuer for payment in respect of the Notes, Coupons (which for this purpose shall not include Talons) shall be prescribed and become void unless made within 10 years (in the case of principal) or five years (in the case of interest) from the appropriate Relevant Date in respect of them.

11. **Representation of Noteholders**

The Noteholders will, in respect of all Tranches of the relevant Series, be grouped automatically for the defence of their common interests in a masse (the "Masse") which will be governed by the provisions of articles L.228-46 et seq. of the French Code de commerce with the exception of Articles L.228-48, L.228-59, the second sentence of L.228-65 II, and R. 228-69 of the French Code de commerce and as supplemented by this Condition 11.

(a) **Legal Personality**

The Masse will be a separate legal entity and will act in part through a representative (the "Representative") and in part through collective decisions of the Noteholders (the "Collective Decisions").

The Masse alone, to the exclusion of all individual Noteholders, shall exercise the common rights, actions and benefits which now or in the future may accrue with respect to the Notes.

(b) **Representative**

The names and addresses of the Representative and its alternate (if any), will be set out in the relevant Final Terms. The Representative appointed in respect of the first Tranche of any Series of Notes will be the Representative of the single Masse of all subsequent Tranches in such Series.

The Representative will be entitled to such remuneration in connection with its functions or duties as set out in the relevant Final Terms. No additional remuneration is payable in relation to any subsequent Tranche of any given Series.

In the event of death, liquidation, retirement, resignation or revocation of appointment of the Representative, such Representative will be replaced by its alternate, if any. Another Representative may be appointed.

All interested parties will at all times have the right to obtain the names and addresses of the Representative and the alternate Representative (if any) at the registered office of the Issuer.

(c) **Powers of the Representative**

The Representative shall (in the absence of any Collective Decision to the contrary) have the power to take all acts of management necessary in order to defend the common interests of the Noteholders, with the capacity to delegate its powers.

All legal proceedings against the Noteholders or initiated by them, must be brought by or against the Representative.

(d) **Collective Decisions**

Collective Decisions are adopted either in a general meeting (the "General Meeting") or by consent following a written consultation (the "Written Resolution") (as further described in Condition 11.(d)(ii) below).
In accordance with Article R.228-71 of the French Code de commerce, the rights of each Noteholder to participate in Collective Decisions will be evidenced by the entries in the books of the relevant Account Holder or the Issuer or the Registration Agent (as the case may be) of the name of such Noteholder as of 0:00 Paris time, on the second (2nd) business day in Paris preceding the date set for the Collective Decision.

Collective Decisions must be published in accordance with Condition 15.

The Issuer shall hold a register of the Collective Decisions and shall make it available, upon request, to any subsequent holder of any of the Notes of such Series.

For the purpose of this Condition 11 (d), references to "Notes" and "Noteholders" are only to the Notes of one or several Series of Notes in respect of which a General Meeting has been, or is to be, called, and to the Notes of one several Series of Notes in respect of which a Written Resolution has been, or is to be sought, and to the holders of those Notes respectively.

(i) **General Meeting**

A General Meeting may be called at any time, either by the Issuer or by the Representative. One or more Noteholders, holding together at least one-thirtieth (1/30) of the principal amount of Notes outstanding, may address to the Issuer and the Representative a demand for a General Meeting to be called. If such General Meeting has not been called within two (2) months after such demand, the Noteholders may commission one of them to petition the competent court to appoint an agent (mandataire) who will call the General Meeting.

The General Meeting may act with respect to any matter that relates to the common rights, actions and benefits which now or in the future may accrue with respect to the Notes, including authorising the Representative to act at law as plaintiff or defendant.

The General Meeting may further deliberate on any proposal relating to the modification of the Conditions including any proposal, whether for arbitration or settlement, relating to rights in controversy or which were the subject of judicial decisions, provided, however, that the General Meeting may not increase the liabilities (charges) of Noteholders, nor establish any unequal treatment between the Noteholders, nor decide to convert Notes into shares.

General Meetings may deliberate validly on first convocation only if the Noteholders present or represented hold at least one-fifth (1/5) of the principal amount of the Notes then outstanding. On second convocation, no quorum shall be required. The decisions of the General Meeting shall be taken by a two-third (2/3) majority of votes held by the Noteholders attending such General Meeting or represented thereat.

Notice of the date, time, place and agenda of any General Meeting will be published in accordance with Condition 15 not less than fifteen (15) calendar days prior to the date of the General Meeting on first convocation and not less than five (5) calendar days prior to the date of the General Meeting on second convocation.

Each Noteholder has the right to participate in a General Meeting in person, by proxy, correspondence or videoconference or any other means of telecommunication allowing the identification of the participating Noteholders. Each Note carries the right to one vote or, in the case of Notes issued with more than one Specified Denomination, one vote in respect of each multiple of the lowest Specified Denomination comprised in the principal amount of the Specified Denomination of such Note.

(ii) **Written Resolutions and Electronic Consent**

Pursuant to Article L.228-46-1 of the French Code de commerce, the Issuer shall be entitled in lieu of the holding of a General Meeting to seek approval of a resolution from the Noteholders by way of a Written Resolution. Subject to the following sentence, a Written Resolution may be contained in one document or in several documents in like form, each signed by or on behalf of one or more of the Noteholders. Pursuant to Article L.228-46-1 of the French Code de commerce, approval of a
Written Resolution may also be given by way of electronic communication allowing the identification of Noteholders ("Electronic Consent").

Notices seeking the approval of a Written Resolution will contain the conditions of form and time limits to be complied with by the Noteholders that wish to express their approval or rejection of such proposed Written Resolution. Written Resolution shall not have to comply with formalities and time limits referred to in Condition 12.2.1 above. Noteholders expressing their approval or rejection before the time limits specified in the notice seeking the approval of a Written Resolution will undertake not to dispose of their Notes until after such time limits. Any Written Resolution shall, for all purposes, have the same effect as a resolution passed at a General Meeting.

For the purpose hereof, a "Written Resolution" means a resolution in writing signed or approved by the Noteholders representing not less than 75 per cent. in nominal amount of the Notes outstanding.

References to a Written Resolution include, unless the context otherwise requires, a resolution approved by Electronic Consent.

(e) Information to Noteholders

Each Noteholder or Representative thereof will have the right, during the 15-days' period preceding the holding of each General Meeting, to consult or make a copy of the text of the resolutions which will be proposed and of the reports which will be presented at the General Meeting, all of which will be available for inspection by the relevant Noteholders at the registered office of the Issuer, at the specified offices of any of the Paying Agents during usual business hours and at any other place specified in the notice of the General Meeting.

(f) Expenses

The Issuer will pay all expenses relating to the operation of the Masse, including expenses relating to the calling and holding of General Meetings and, more generally, all administrative expenses resolved upon by the General Meeting, it being expressly stipulated that no expenses may be imputed against interest payable under the Notes.

(g) Single Masse

The holders of Notes of the same Series, and the holders of Notes of any other Series which have been assimilated with the Notes of such first mentioned Series in accordance with Condition 14, shall, for the defence of their respective common interests, be grouped in a single Masse. The Representative appointed in respect of the first Tranche of any Series of Notes will be the Representative of the single Masse of all such Series.

(h) Sole Noteholder

If and for so long as the Notes of any Series are held by a sole Noteholder and unless a Representative has been appointed in relation to such Series, such Noteholder shall exercise all the powers, rights and obligations entrusted to the Masse by the provisions of the French Code de commerce. Such sole Noteholder shall hold a register of the decisions it will have taken in this capacity and shall make it available, upon request, to any subsequent holder of all or part of the Notes of such Series.

For the avoidance of doubt, in this Condition 11 "outstanding" shall not include those Notes purchased by the Issuer in accordance with applicable laws and regulations that are held by it and not cancelled.

12. Modifications

These Conditions may be completed in relation to any Series of Notes by the terms of the relevant Final Terms in relation to such Series.
13. **Replacement of definitive Notes, Coupons and Talons**

If, in the case of any Materialised Bearer Notes, a Definitive Materialised Bearer Note, Coupon or Talon is lost, stolen, mutilated, defaced or destroyed, it may be replaced, subject to applicable laws, regulations and Regulated Market regulations, at the specified office of the Fiscal Agent or such other Paying Agent as may from time to time be designated by the Issuer for the purpose and notice of whose designation is given to Noteholders, in each case on payment by the claimant of the fees and costs incurred in connection therewith and on such terms as to evidence, security and indemnity (which may provide, *inter alia*, that if the allegedly lost, stolen or destroyed Definitive Materialised Bearer Note, Coupon or Talon is subsequently presented for payment or, as the case may be, for exchange for further Coupons, there shall be paid to the Issuer on demand the amount payable by the Issuer in respect of such Definitive Materialised Bearer Notes, Coupons or further Coupons) and otherwise as the Issuer may require. Mutilated or defaced Materialised Bearer Notes, Coupons or Talons must be surrendered before replacements will be issued.

14. **Further Issues and Consolidation**

(a) **Further Issues**: The Issuer may from time to time without the consent of the Noteholders or Couponholders create and issue further notes to be assimilated (*assimilables*) and form a single series with the Notes provided such Notes and the further notes carry rights identical in all respects (or in all respects save for the principal amount thereof and the first payment of interest in the relevant Final Terms) and that the terms of such further notes provide for such assimilation and references in these Conditions to "Notes" shall be construed accordingly.

(b) **Consolidation**: The Issuer may, with the prior approval (which shall not be unreasonably withheld) of the Redenomination and Consolidation Agent, from time to time on any Interest Payment Date occurring on or after the Redenomination Date on giving not less than 30 calendar days' prior notice to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 15, without the consent of the Noteholders or Couponholders, consolidate the Notes of one Series with the Notes of one or more other Series issued by it, whether or not originally issued in one of the European national currencies or in Euro, provided such other Notes have been redenominated in Euro (if not originally denominated in Euro) and which otherwise have, in respect of all periods subsequent to such consolidation, the same terms and conditions as the Notes.

15. **Notices**

(a) Notices to the holders of Dematerialised Notes in registered form (*au nominatif*) shall be valid if either, (i) they are mailed to them at their respective addresses, in which case they will be deemed to have been given on the fourth weekday (being a day other than a Saturday or a Sunday) after the mailing, or (ii) at the option of the Issuer, they are published (a) so long as such Notes are listed and admitted to trading on Euronext Paris, (x) in a leading daily newspaper of general circulation in France (which is expected to be *Les Echos*), or (y) in a leading daily newspaper of general circulation in Europe (which is expected to be the *Financial Times*) or (z) in accordance with Articles 221-3 and 221-4 of the General Regulations (*Règlement Général*) of the *Autorité des marchés financiers* and (b) so long as such Notes are listed and admitted to trading on any Regulated Market and, to the extent applicable, laws or regulations or the rules of such Regulated Market so require (x) in a leading daily newspaper with general circulation in the city where the Regulated Market on which such Notes are listed and admitted to trading is located and/or (y) on the website of any other competent authority or Regulated Market of the EEA Member State where the Notes are listed and admitted to trading.

(b) Notices to the holders of Materialised Bearer Notes and Dematerialised Notes in bearer form shall be valid if published (i) so long as such Notes are listed and admitted to trading on Euronext Paris, (a) in a leading daily newspaper of general circulation in France (which is expected to be *Les Echos*), or (b) in a leading daily newspaper of general circulation in Europe (which is expected to be the *Financial Times*) or (c) in accordance with Articles 221-3 and 221-4 of the General Regulations (*Règlement Général*) of the *Autorité des marchés financiers* and (ii) so long as such Notes are listed and admitted to trading on any Regulated Market and, to the extent applicable, laws or regulations or the rules of such Regulated Market so require (a) in a leading daily newspaper with general circulation in the city where the Regulated Market on which such Notes are listed and admitted to trading is located and/or (b) on the website of any other competent authority or Regulated Market of the EEA Member State where the Notes are listed and admitted to trading.
(c) If any such publication is not practicable, notice shall be validly given if published in another leading daily English language newspaper with general circulation in Europe. Any such notice shall be deemed to have been given on the date of such publication or, if published more than once or on different dates, on the date of the first publication as provided above. Couponholders shall be deemed for all purposes to have notice of the contents of any notice given to the holders of Materialised Bearer Notes in accordance with this Condition.

(d) Notices required to be given to the holders of Dematerialised Notes (whether in registered or in bearer form) pursuant to these Conditions may be given by delivery of the relevant notice to Euroclear France, Euroclear, Clearstream and any other clearing system through which the Notes are for the time being cleared in substitution for the mailing and publication as required by Conditions 15(a), (b) and (c) above; except that notices relating to the convocation and decision(s) of the General Meetings pursuant to Condition 11 and pursuant to Articles R.228-79 and R.236-11 of the Code monétaire et financier shall also be published (a) so long as the Notes are listed and admitted to trading on any Regulated Market and the rules of such Regulated Market so require, on the website of any other competent authority or Regulated Market of the EEA Member State where the Notes are admitted to trading, and (b) on the website of the Issuer (www.rte-france.com).

16. **No Hardship**

   Article 1195 of the French Code civil shall not apply to or in connection with any Notes or any Conditions thereof as supplemented or amended from time to time and as a result neither the Issuer nor any holder of Notes shall be entitled to make any claim under Article 1195 of French Code civil.

17. **Governing Law and Jurisdiction**

   (a) **Governing Law**: The Notes (and, where applicable, the Coupons and the Talons) and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with the Notes (and, where applicable, the Coupons and the Talons) are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, French law.

   (b) **Jurisdiction**: Any claim against the Issuer in connection with any Notes, Coupons or Talons and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with the Notes (and where applicable, the Coupons and the Talons) may be brought before any competent court of the jurisdiction of the Paris Court of Appeal.
TEMPORARY GLOBAL CERTIFICATES ISSUED IN RESPECT OF
MATERIALISED BEARER NOTES

Temporary Global Certificates

A Temporary Global Certificate, without interest Coupons, will initially be issued in connection with Materialised Bearer Notes. Upon the initial deposit of such Temporary Global Certificate with a common depositary for Euroclear and Clearstream (the "Common Depositary"), Euroclear or Clearstream will credit the accounts of each subscriber with a nominal amount of Notes equal to the nominal amount thereof for which it has subscribed and paid.

The Common Depositary may also credit with a nominal amount of Notes the accounts of subscribers with (if indicated in the relevant Final Terms) other clearing systems through direct or indirect accounts with Euroclear and Clearstream held by such other clearing systems. Conversely, a nominal amount of Notes that is initially deposited with any other clearing system may similarly be credited to the accounts of subscribers with Euroclear, Clearstream or other clearing systems.

Exchange

Each Temporary Global Certificate issued in respect of Notes will be exchangeable, free of charge to the holder, on or after its Exchange Date (as defined below):

(i) if the relevant Final Terms indicates that such Temporary Global Certificate is issued in compliance with the C Rules or in a transaction to which TEFRA is not applicable (as to which, see "General Description of the Programme — Selling Restrictions"), in whole, but not in part, for the Definitive Materialised Bearer Notes; and

(ii) otherwise, in whole but not in part upon certification as to non-U.S. beneficial ownership (a form of which shall be available at the specified offices of any of the Paying Agents) for Definitive Materialised Bearer Notes.

Delivery of Definitive Materialised Bearer Notes

On or after its Exchange Date, the holder of a Temporary Global Certificate may surrender such Temporary Global Certificate to or to the order of the Fiscal Agent. In exchange for any Temporary Global Certificate, the Issuer will deliver, or procure the delivery of, an equal aggregate nominal amount of duly executed and authenticated Definitive Materialised Bearer Notes. In this Base Prospectus, "Definitive Materialised Bearer Notes" means, in relation to any Temporary Global Certificate, the Definitive Materialised Bearer Notes for which such Temporary Global Certificate may be exchanged (if appropriate, having attached to them all Coupons in respect of interest that have not already been paid on the Temporary Global Certificate and a Talon). Definitive Materialised Bearer Notes will be security printed in accordance with any applicable legal and Regulated Market requirements. Forms of such Definitive Bearer Materialised Notes shall be available at the specified offices of any of the Paying Agent(s).

Exchange Date

"Exchange Date" means, in relation to a Temporary Global Certificate, the day falling after the expiry of 40 calendar days after its issue date, provided that, in the event any further Materialised Notes are issued prior to such day pursuant to Condition 14(a), the Exchange Date for such Temporary Global Certificate shall be postponed to the day falling after the expiry of 40 calendar days after the issue of such further Materialised Notes.
USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds of the issue of the Notes will be applied by the Issuer for general corporate purposes. If in respect of any particular issue of Notes, there is a particular identified use of proceeds, this will be stated in the applicable Final Terms.
DESCRIPTION OF THE ISSUER

INFORMATION ABOUT THE ISSUER

1. General Information about RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité

The legal and commercial name of the Issuer is "RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité". RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité is also commercially known as "Réseau de Transport d'Electricité" and "RTE".

The Issuer was registered under the name "RTE EDF Transport" at the Trade and Companies Registry of Nanterre (Registre du Commerce et des Sociétés de Nanterre) under reference number 444 619 258 RCS Nanterre. By a resolution of the general shareholders’ extraordinary meeting held on 24 January 2012, the Issuer was renamed "RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité".

RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité is a limited liability company (société anonyme) with an Executive Board (directoire) and a Supervisory Board (conseil de surveillance) governed by the laws and regulations applicable to commercial companies in France, in particular, the French Code de commerce, unless these are not applicable because of more specific laws, such as the French Energy Code (Code de l’énergie), French law no. 83-675 dated 26 July 1983 and the French order no. 2014-948 dated 20 August 2014 relating to the governance and capital transactions of companies with State interests (relative à la gouvernance et aux opérations sur le capital des sociétés à participation publique) and by the Issuer’s by-laws (statuts) approved by Decree no. 2005-1069 dated 30 August 2005 (as amended from time to time and for the last time in the RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité shareholders’ meeting on 28 August 2015). The registered office of RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité is Tour Initiale, 1 Terrasse Bellini TSA 41000, 92919 Paris, La Défense Cedex. RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité’s telephone number is +33 (0)1 41 02 19 29 and its website is www.rte-france.com.

1.1 History and development of RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité

(a) Definitions and purposes of the various entities involved in the history and development of RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité

C5

C5 was a limited liability company (société anonyme) registered at the Trade and Companies Registry of Bobigny (Registre du Commerce et des Sociétés de Bobigny) under the reference number 444 619 258 for a term of 99 years beginning on 23 December 2002. C5 had for its purpose, in France and abroad, the direct or indirect taking of holdings in all forms of companies and other corporate entities by way of acquisition or subscription, and more generally all operations of a commercial, financial, real estate or personal property nature either directly or indirectly related to its primary purpose or to the activities of the EDF group or otherwise contributing to or facilitating its development.

C5 was the legal entity used by EDF for the transfer of the electricity transmission network operation business to a separate legal entity as required by the Law dated 9 August 2004.

C5 was renamed RTE EDF Transport on 1 September 2005 following the completion of the partial contribution of assets (apport partiel d'actifs) from EDF to C5 of public electricity transmission network equipment and assets of any kind which belonged to EDF and were related to the activity of electricity transmission.

RTE

Réseau de Transport d'Electricité ("RTE") was an internal division of EDF created on 1 July 2000 following the enforcement of French law no. 2000-108 dated 10 February 2000 which required the unbundling of the accounts and separation of management between EDF and its electricity transmission network operation business.

RTE's activity was transferred from EDF to C5 (which was renamed RTE EDF Transport) on 1 September 2005 following the completion of the partial contribution of assets from EDF to C5.
RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité is a limited liability company (société anonyme) previously named C5 and then RTE EDF Transport. RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité was re-registered at the Trade and Companies Registry of Nanterre (Registre du Commerce et des Sociétés de Nanterre) under reference number 444 619 258 RCS Nanterre (following the transfer of its head office from St Denis to La Défense). By a resolution of the general shareholders’ extraordinary meeting held on 24 January 2012, RTE EDF Transport was renamed “RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité”.

Since 1 September 2005 (date of the completion of the partial contribution of assets from EDF to C5), RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité is the owner of public electricity transmission network equipment and assets of any kind which belonged to EDF and were related to the activity of electricity transmission.

Since 23 December 2016 RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité is a wholly owned subsidiary of C25, as described below.

EDF is a limited liability company (société anonyme) registered at the Trade and Companies Registry of Paris (Registre du Commerce et des Sociétés de Paris) under reference number 552 081 317 for a period of 99 years from 20 November 2004.

EDF managed directly the French high and extra high voltage transmission system from 1946 to 2000. On 1 July 2000, EDF created RTE, an independent internal entity responsible for managing the high and very high voltage public electricity network, which became RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité (an independent legal entity) on 1 September 2005. EDF was the sole shareholder of RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité until 23 December 2016, date on which it transferred all of its shares in RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité to CTE.

CTE is a limited liability company (société anonyme) registered at the Trade and Companies Registry of Paris (Registre du Commerce et des Sociétés de Paris) under reference number 529 313 652 for a period of 99 years from 15 April 2011.

CTE was initially owned by EDF until 31 March 2017 and is now held by EDF (50.1% of the share capital), Caisse des Dépôts et Consignations (29.9% of the share capital) and CNP Assurances (20.0% of the share capital). Please refer to “History and development of RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité” below for further details.

(b) EDF and the creation of RTE

Until 1 July 2000, the French high and extra high voltage transmission system was managed as an internal part of EDF, which simultaneously generated the electricity, distributed it and sold it to all its customers. EDF was created in 1946 as a public industrial and commercial company (“EPIC”) and transformed into a French société anonyme (a form of limited liability company) pursuant to Law dated 9 August 2004 and Decree no. 2004-1224 dated 17 November 2004. Today, EDF is an integrated energy company operating in a wide range of related businesses: generation, transmission, distribution, supply and trading of energy. EDF is the main operator in the French electricity market and one of the leading electricity groups in Europe.

The creation of RTE (Gestionnaire du Réseau de Transport d’Electricité), on 1 July 2000, is a direct consequence of Law no. 2000-108 dated 10 February 2000 relating to the French electricity market. This regulation resulted from European market legislation aimed at establishing common rules in the European Economic Community (EEC) concerning generation, transmission, distribution and supply of electricity, and to set forth procedures for the organisation and operation of the electricity sector, rules for access to the market, criteria and procedures applicable to network operations and the distribution and granting of licences.

In particular, European directive 96/92/EC of the European Parliament and the European Council dated 19 December 1996, relating to common rules for the domestic electricity market stated that:

(1) where the transmission system operator is part of a “vertically integrated undertaking” (an entity performing two or more of the functions of generation, transmission and distribution of electricity),
the management of the transmission system shall be independent at least in terms of its business plan, from other activities not related to transmission; and

(2) electricity undertakings shall, in their internal accounting, keep separate accounts for each of their transmission and distribution activities as they would be required to do if the activities in question were carried out by separate undertakings, with a view to avoiding discrimination, cross subsidisation and distortion of competition.

Law no. 2000-108 dated 10 February 2000 on the modernisation and development of the public electricity service (as codified in the French Energy Code by Order no. 2011-504 dated 9 May 2011), which implemented European directive 96/92/EC, provides for the opening of the French electricity market and the independence the transmission system operator within EDF.

RTE was set up on 1 July 2000 as a division of EDF, with independent accounts, management and finances, and has operated as such since that date.

(c) Transformation of RTE into a subsidiary of EDF

The creation of RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité

In accordance with the European directive of 26 June 2003 (relating to common rules for the internal market in electricity and repealing Directive 96/92/EC), Law dated 9 August 2004 on the public service of gas and electricity and gas and electricity companies, provides that RTE had to be transformed into a limited liability company and that it must be wholly owned by EDF, the French State and/or any other body or company belonging to the public sector.

Pursuant to this law and in accordance with French spin-off laws (régime des scissions), EDF entered into an agreement on 30 June 2005 for the partial contribution of assets (apport partiel d’actifs) to its wholly-owned non-operating subsidiary, a company known as C5 (which was later renamed RTE EDF Transport by Decree no. 2005-1069 on 30 August 2005). C5 was a limited liability company (société anonyme) registered at the Trade and Companies Registry of Bobigny (Registre du Commerce et des Sociétés de Bobigny) under the reference number 444 619 258 for a term of 99 years beginning on 23 December 2002.

In accordance with Law dated 9 August 2004, this agreement provides for EDF’s contribution to C5 of public electricity transmission network equipment and assets of any kind which belonged to EDF and were related to the activity of electricity transmission, as well as EDF’s rights, authorisations and obligations and any contracts entered into by it, regardless of their nature, so long as they were related to the activity of managing a public electricity transmission network, as such equipment, goods, rights, authorisations, obligations and contracts existed on the date of the contribution.

Pursuant to Law dated 9 August 2004, this transfer did not result in any modification of contracts or their provisions, and did not result in the payment of any debt that may have resulted or been required as a consequence.

The partial contribution of assets from EDF to C5 and the capital increase of C5 became effective on 1 September 2005 following:

1. the by-laws of RTE EDF Transport (which was subsequently renamed RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité), a French société anonyme with an Executive Board and Supervisory Board, being approved by Decree no. 2005-1069 on 30 August 2005;
2. the EDF extraordinary shareholders’ meeting of 31 August 2005 approving the contribution of EDF assets to C5; and
3. the C5 extraordinary shareholders’ meeting held on 1 September 2005 also approving this contribution.

In accordance with Article L. 236-16 of the French Code de commerce, the findings of the appraisers (commissaires à la scission) who were appointed in the context of this contribution were as follows:
the value of the contributions, amounting to €4,029,920,372, was not overvalued and, as a result, the net assets contributed were at least equal to the amount of the transferee company's capital increase, increased by a contribution premium; and

the payment proposed for the contribution, resulting in the issuance of 213,224,869 C5 shares, was fair.

The contribution of EDF's electricity transmission activity by partial asset contribution to RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité resulted in the removal of the assets and liabilities transferred to RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité from the balance sheet of EDF's statutory accounts, retroactive as of 1 January 2005. These contributions, evaluated at their net book value of approximately €4 billion, were reflected in EDF's balance sheet as shareholdings for an equivalent value. However, because the financing of the public electricity transmission system operator was carried out by a portion of EDF's numerous credit lines, none of which was specifically dedicated to the financing of this activity, such portion of EDF's liabilities were not transferred to RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité. Instead, in accordance with Article 9 of Law no. 2004-803 of 9 August 2004, RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité recorded a single financial liability vis-à-vis EDF of approximately €7 billion in its balance sheet, corresponding to the financial debt reflected in RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité's most recent independent financial statements.

In accordance with Article 3 of French decree n°2010-1673 dated 29 December 2010 and following approval by the Board of Directors of EDF on 14 December 2010, EDF allocated 50 per cent. of its shares in RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité to the French State to a portfolio of assets to cover the cost of decommissioning nuclear installations. In this context, the French State required a concomitant change in the composition of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité's supervisory board in order for the French State to be able to exercise its rights effectively. This has resulted in an increase in the representatives of the French State in the supervisory board to four, which makes the number of EDF and employee representatives on that board equal. EDF therefore no longer has a majority on the Supervisory Board of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité. This has resulted in a change in the method of consolidation of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité's accounts in EDF's accounts, from a on a full integration basis (intégration globale) to an equity accounting method (mise en équivalence).

The European Commission's efforts to strengthen the independence of transport networks operators was further apparent with the enactment of Directive 2009/72/EC dated 13 July 2009 concerning common rules for the internal electricity market and the repealing of Directive 2003/54/EC. Directive 2009/72/EC sets out the general rule of ownership unbundling between electricity transport network operators and "vertically integrated undertakings" ("VIU"). Nevertheless there are two alternatives to this rule:

- the ISO model (Independent System Operator); and
- the ITO model (Independent Transmission Operator).

The Directive 2009/72/EC was transposed into French law by French Order no. 2011-504 dated 9 May 2011 which codifies the legislative part of the French Energy Code. This French Order has chosen the ITO model which allows EDF to remain RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité's sole shareholder.

However, as a consequence, RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité's rule of independence and that of its staff have been strengthened, notably with regards to the relationships between RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité and the VIU, and the powers of the Commission de regulation de l'énergie (the "CRE") have been extended. In addition, a compliance officer has been designated by RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité to ensure the compliance with these independence rules. The independence rules governing the relationships between RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité and the VIU are described in the French Energy Code. This ITO certification was reaffirmed by a CRE deliberation of 11 January 2018 following changes on equity owners.
Under the provisions of the French Energy Code (in particular Article L111-3), the CRE has certified by a decision dated 26 January 2012 that RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité complies with the obligations set out by the independence rules described in the French Energy Code.

**Development of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité**

With its new found independence from the VIU, RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité’s intention has been to refinance its financial debt vis-à-vis EDF with external financing. The Programme forms part of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité's external financing programme. In 2007, RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité also established a French commercial paper programme (*billets de trésorerie*) for a maximum amount of €1,500,000,000 (or the equivalent in other currencies). The French commercial paper programme is currently rated “A-1” by Standard & Poor's.

On 29 January 2009, RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité entered into a €400 million financing agreement with the European Investment Bank (the "EIB"). As at 31 December 2009, RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité had used €200 million of the EIB facility. On 22 October 2010, RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité made a drawdown for a nominal amount of €100 million and on 26 September 2011, it made an additional drawdown for a nominal amount of €100 million. This drawdown brings the total amount borrowed from the EIB to €400 million.

RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité entered into:

(i) two financing agreements with the EIB on 6 October 2011 and 26 January 2012 for a total amount of €175 million in relation to the construction of a new high voltage power interconnector between France and Spain. On 16 December 2013, RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité made a drawdown for a nominal of €100 million on the first financing and €50 million on the second financing;

(ii) two financing agreements with the EIB, respectively on 20 March 2013 and 24 April 2014, for a total amount of €500 million in relation to the financing of several development projects concerning the transmission of high and very high voltage in France over the period 2012-2016. RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité made a drawdown for an amount of €200 million on 8 December 2013, a drawdown for an amount of €100 million on 23 July 2014 and a drawdown for an amount of €200 million on 24 July 2015; and

(iii) a financing agreement with the EIB on 26 June 2015 for a total amount of €500 million which aims to finance the reinforcement of supply security, electricity quality and the contribution of the electricity grid in the framework of the energy transition, over 35 projects. RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité made a drawdown for an amount of €250 million on 18 July 2017.

On 21 June 2016, it entered into a €1.5 billion revolving credit facility (with a final maturity date on 21 June 2021 subject to two one-year extension options exercisable at the request of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité with the consent of the relevant banks) with a syndicate of banks. RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité exercised its one-year extension option and the final maturity date and the €1.5 billion revolving credit facility has therefore been extended to 21 June 2022.

For the period 2017-2020, RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité's programme of investment is expected to total approximately €5.7 billion and will contribute significantly to public investment. RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité's investments over this period are (or will be) made in a context of important financial needs to address challenges related to energy transition. The French electrical power transmission network of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité is an essential element for new electricity productions such as offshore wind farm, European energy integration with expansion of cross-border capacities for electricity exchanges, operational safety of electricity networks and power quality for consumer markets and other territories.

On 3 April 2017, Standard & Poor’s Credit Market Services France S.A.S. ("S&P") lowered from "A+" to "A" (with stable outlook) the long-term corporate credit rating on RTE Réseau de transport
d’électricité. S&P justified such downgrade by the reorganisation of the shareholding structure of RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité (see the paragraph "Reorganisation of the shareholding structure of RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité" below) partly financed by a bridge loan of €2.8 billion. Such debt will be supported by RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité’s cash flow generation in S&P's opinion on the basis of which S&P has adopted a consolidated view of RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité and CTE under which the reorganisation of the shareholding structure of RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité has led to an increased its external debt by €2.8 billion.

S&P is established in the European Union and is registered under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 on credit rating agencies, as amended and is included in the list of registered credit rating agencies published at the website of the European Securities and Markets Authority (www.esma.europa.eu/page/List-registered-and-certified-CRAs).

**Reorganisation of the shareholding structure of RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité**

On 14 December 2016, EDF, Caisse des Dépôts et Consignations and CNP Assurances entered into a binding agreement setting the terms and conditions of the acquisition by Caisse des Dépôts et Consignations and CNP Assurances of a 49.9% indirect stake in RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité (respectively 29.9% for Caisse des Dépôts et Consignations and 20.0% for CNP Assurances), as well as the modalities of a long-term partnership to foster the development of RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité and strengthen its public service remit (the "RTE Acquisition and Partnership Agreement").

The RTE Acquisition and Partnership Agreement was entered into following the joint press release dated 22 April 2016 of the French Minister of Finance and Public Accounts and the Minister of Economy, Industry and Digital, requesting that the chairmen of RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité and EDF define a capital opening scheme to be implemented before the end of 2016 in order to give RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité the means to develop a new and ambitious business strategy for energy transport projects in France and in Europe, in line with its public service requirements, and for EDF to finance its development projects.

In accordance with the RTE Acquisition and Partnership Agreement, the final agreed value of RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité equity was set at €8.2 billion (for 100% of the equity) and EDF will potentially benefit from a value complement of up to €100 million.

The RTE Acquisition and Partnership Agreement provided that the reorganisation of the shareholding structure of RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité would occur on the basis of the following two-step approach:

(i) step 1: transfer by EDF of 100% of the shares in RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité to CTE (this transfer occurred on 23 December 2016 and was partly financed with external debt); and

(ii) step 2: acquisition by Caisse des Dépôts et Consignations and CNP Assurances of a combined 49.9% stake in CTE (29.9% by Caisse des Dépôts et Consignations and 20.0% by CNP Assurances). This acquisition took place on 31 March 2017 (following approval from the relevant merger control authorities).

As a result of the above, RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité is now a wholly owned subsidiary of CTE, which is held by EDF (50.1% of the share capital), Caisse des Dépôts et Consignations (29.9% of the share capital) and CNP Assurances (20.0% of the share capital) since 31 March 2017.

Articles L. 594 et seq. of France’s Environment Code (Code de l'environnement) and its implementing regulations require assets (known as "dedicated assets") to be allocated by EDF to a portfolio in order to secure the financing of nuclear plant decommissioning expenses and long-term storage expenses for radioactive waste. These dedicated assets must be clearly identified and managed separately from EDF’s other financial assets and investments. Decree n°2007-243 dated 23 February 2007 relating to the securing of funding for nuclear expenses (as amended from time
to time) contains a list of assets which are eligible as dedicated assets. Decree n°2016-1781 dated 19 December 2016 amended Decree n°2007-243 dated 23 February 2007 to allow the allocation of EDF’s participation in CTE to the portfolio of dedicated assets to the portfolio of dedicated assets subject to certain conditions being met.

Below is a diagram describing the shareholding of RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité after the reorganisation as described above:

(d) The RTE Group

RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité is the parent company of five companies controlled exclusively by RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité (and which are fully consolidated in the consolidated annual financial statements of RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité), two jointly-controlled companies (a "joint-venture") which is proportionally consolidated, and two companies in which RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité exercises significant influence (associates) which are accounted for under the equity method. All these economic entities are collectively referred to as the "RTE Group".

The five companies controlled exclusively by RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité are:

- Arteria, which markets:
  - optical fibres constructed by RTE,
  - stand-alone radio transmitters or power system towers which have been pre-equipped to host operators’ mobile telephone facilities for lower-cost broadband supply to the final customer, as a complement to the use of optical fibres;

- RTE International (RTE I), which provides engineering, consulting and other services in all areas of an electricity transmission network operator’s business;

- Airtelis, which provides services using one or more helicopters, and supplies products and equipment to enhance RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité’s assets and/or skills (including operations, heliborne transport, and helicopter leases);

- RTE Immo, which operates directly or through investments in sociétés civiles immobilieres (French real estate partnerships), mainly for acquisition, management, administration and sale of real estate properties and rights, execution of work on real estate properties to enhance their value, and provision of real estate services;
Cirteus which provides services, studies, trainings and advice in the competitive sector of the market in maintenance, operation and development of high-voltage and very high-voltage electricity installations, and was created in September 2014.

RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité owns INELFE (INterconnexion ELectrique France–Espagne) jointly with REE (Red Eléctrica de España SAU). The corporate purpose of INELFE was amended to refer to the building of any new electricity transmission line to increase interconnection capacity between the French and Spanish transmission networks.

RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité owns IFA 2 jointly with National Grid IFA 2 Limited (a subsidiary of National Grid, the English TSO). The corporate purpose of IFA 2 is to build an electricity transmission line to increase interconnection capacity between the French and the United Kingdom transmission networks.

The RTE Group’s associates companies are:
- the holding company HGRT (Holding des Gestionnaires de Réseau de Transport d’électricité), a French limited company which since the beginning of 2015 holds a participation in EPEX, a company in charge of the stock exchange for the power spot markets; and
- Coreso, a Belgian company which supplies safety assessments and designs coordinated preventive or corrective solutions to control the safety of the electricity system covering the west of Europe.

RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité holds the entire share capital of Arteria, RTE International, AIRTELIS, RTE Immo and Cirteus, and holds 34% of the issued share capital of HGRT, 50% of the issued share capital of INELFE, 50% of the issued share capital of IFA 2 and 15.84% of the issued share capital of CORESO.

RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité also holds 5% of the issued share capital of JAO (which performs early, monthly and daily auctions of electricity transmission rights on 27 borders in Europe), and 12.1% of DECLARANET (whose main activity is to contribute to the safety of people and assets, and to the protection of infrastructures in the context of the building electricity infrastructures).

References to RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité in this section shall, where applicable, include the RTE Group.

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**Chart of the Société RTE group of companies as at 31 March 2018**

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1 Simplified joint stock company (SAS: Société par Actions Simplifiée)
1.2 Corporate purpose of RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité

In accordance with Article 3 of its by-laws, the corporate purpose of RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité is as follows:

(a) the carrying out in France, in accordance with the conditions set out in the responsibility specifications of the public transmission network concession (cahier des charges de la concession du réseau public de transport), of the objectives given to it by Law no. 2000-108 dated 10 February 2000, in particular: the development, operation, and maintenance of the public electricity transmission network, notably ensuring that users are connected to and have access to the network on a non-discriminatory basis, in addition to interconnection with neighbouring countries;

(b) balancing, at all times, the flow of electricity on the public transmission network, in addition to ensuring the safety, security and efficiency of the network;

(c) the indirect management, via joint ventures or subsidiaries, in France and in other Member States of the European Union or of the European Free Trade Association, of electricity and gas transmission networks;

(d) the development of the networks under its management, via its subsidiaries or joint ventures, subject to the conditions that such development is incidental to network management, does not receive financial support, and that RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité is not able to give security or guarantees of any kind for the benefit of its activity;

(e) the development of its expertise, notably in the field of engineering, via subsidiaries or joint ventures, subject to the condition that this activity remains incidental to the business of managing transmission networks;

(f) the management of companies in connection with power exchanges in order to facilitate the creation of internal market of electricity; and

(g) the participation to the identification and analysis of actions to control electricity demand, when such actions are likely to promote the balanced flow of electricity on the public transport network and an effective management of the public transport network.
BUSINESS OVERVIEW OF THE ISSUER

2. Business overview and principal activities

2.1 General

RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité is the operator of the French electrical power transmission network which it also owns, maintains and develops. As such, it principally performs the following three functions:

(a) manages power flows: RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité is responsible for the supply/demand balance and makes adjustments, manages electricity flows and manages access rights to international interconnections, in collaboration with neighbouring network operators. It mobilizes reserves and compensates for losses. It makes the necessary accounting adjustments and resolves imbalances;

(b) manages the transmission infrastructure: RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité operates and maintains the public transmission network and is responsible for its development, for minimizing costs for the community and for ensuring the safety of the system, people and property; and

(c) guarantees access to the transmission network: RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité enters into contracts with transmission network users on the basis of network access tariffs and in accordance with rules of non-discrimination.

In addition, Article L111-46 of the French Energy Code authorises RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité to participate in the identification and the analysis of any action proposed to be taken to control electricity supply, to the extent that such action may encourage a balance of supply and/or demand.

2.2 Public service commitments

(a) Legal definition of public service in France

The fundamental principles of public service (service public), adaptability, continuity and equality of access, were set forth in Articles L121-1 et seq. of the French Energy Code, which apply to all operators of such public service.

(b) Public service objectives for electricity

The purpose of the public service is to guarantee electricity supplies across France, in the interest of the general public. In the context of energy policy, public services relating to electricity contribute to the independence and security of the supply, air quality and the effort to reduce the greenhouse effect, optimum management and development of national resources, demand-side management, the competitiveness of the economic business and managing future technological options as to the rational use of energy.

By guaranteeing the right to electricity for all without exclusion, the public service commitments also contribute to social harmony and to the balanced development of the territory, while respecting the environment, to research and technological progress, as well as to defence and public security.

The right to electricity, which is an essential product, is implemented through public services. Public services are managed in accordance with the principles of equality, continuity and adaptability, and in the best conditions of safety, quality, costs, price and economic, social and energy efficiency.

Public services relating to electricity ensure the balanced growth of the electricity supply, the development and operation of the public electricity transmission and distribution networks.

2.3 Responsibility of developing and operating the public transmission network

Developing and operating the public electricity transmission network consists of ensuring reliable and efficient service in continental France, while respecting the environment, and ensuring interconnection with neighbouring countries, together with connection and access, under non-discriminatory conditions, to the public transmission network.
2.4 The public service contract

The purpose of the public service contract entered into on 24 October 2005 between the French State, EDF and RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité was to constitute the framework, for an undetermined length of time (as Law dated 9 August 2004 did not set a fixed term, but rather simply provided that a report be presented to the French Parliament every three years) for the public service missions entrusted to EDF and RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité by the French State. This agreement sets forth the commitments of EDF and RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité initially over the 2005 to 2007 period and specifies the terms of compensation for public service obligations. Beyond this period, modifications made to the contract will take into account the three-year implementation report to be presented to the French Parliament and possible changes in the regulatory or legislative framework. The contract also provides that, in the event that difficulties arise with respect to the implementation of the measures relating to the compensation of additional costs incurred by virtue of executing the contract, the French State, EDF and RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité agree to meet as soon as practicable in order to adjust the financial balance of the public service commitments entrusted to EDF and RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité.

The public service contract seeks, in particular, to reaffirm the public service commitments in the electricity sector within the context of EDF's transformation into a French limited liability company (société anonyme) and the transformation of RTE into a subsidiary of EDF, in order to clearly define the financing of public service commitments in order to preserve them in the long term. The contract thereby constitutes a guarantee of public service commitments within the context of the opening of the electricity markets in which EDF and RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité operates, particularly in France.

The network operators, ENEDIS ("ENEDIS") and RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité, have undertaken obligations in the public service contract with respect to the management of the public networks and the safety of the electricity system. These obligations will be financed by the network usage tariff. ENEDIS is a limited liability company (société anonyme) responsible for operating the electricity distribution network in metropolitan France with an Executive Board (directoire) and a Supervisory Board (conseil de surveillance). In accordance with the French Energy Code, ENEDIS's main activities are notably to define and implement the operating, investment and development policies of the distribution networks.

These commitments relate, in particular, to network safety, the quality of supply, the safety of third parties and the protection of the environment, which are four areas where the expectations of customers and local authorities are particularly high.

2.5 Code of good conduct (Code de bonne conduite)

Article L111-22 of the French Energy Code provides that RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité must set out in a code of good conduct the internal organisational measures it has taken against the risks of discriminatory practices against third parties in relation to access to the network.

The implementation of this code forms the object of an annual report, drawn up and made public by RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité, addressed to the CRE.

In this decision dated 11 January 2018 maintaining RTE Réseau de Transport's certification (see "Administrative, Management, and Supervisory bodies to the Issuer – Certification of RTE Réseau de Transport by the CRE), the CRE approved the Code of good conduct (Code de bonne conduite) dated 10 May 2017 (replacing the previous version dated 4 January 2012).

The Code of good conduct (Code de bonne conduite) dated 10 May 2017 is structured around five principles:

(a) guaranteeing RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité's independence vis-à-vis the vertically integrated undertaking RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité and the other players of the electricity system and the electricity market;

(b) guaranteeing non-discrimination in relation to access to the electricity transmission network and to the access of the electricity markets;

(c) ensuring transparency vis-à-vis the regulator, users of the electricity transmission network and the other players of the electricity market;
(d) maintaining the confidentiality of commercially sensitive information;

(e) ensuring its staff obligations and commitments in relation to these obligations; and

A report on the implementation of the code of good conduct is published annually by RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité and is made available to the public on its website.

2.6 Public transmission network concession (cahier des charges de concession du réseau public de transport)

RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité pursues its objectives within the framework set out in the responsibility specifications of the public transmission networks concession approved by Decree of the Conseil d'Etat in accordance with Article L.321-2 of the French Energy Code, following the recommendation of the CRE.

Decree no. 2006-1731 dated 23 December 2006 approved the public transmission network concession framework. The public transmission network concession was conditional on the signature of a concession agreement (contrat de concession du réseau public de transport) between the French State and RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité which was signed on 30 October 2008. The public transmission network concession will expire on 31 December 2051. No later than five years before the concession expiration date, RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité will request from the minister in charge of the energy sector a renewal of its concession.

3. RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité's main source of revenues: Tariffs for Using the Public Electricity Transmission Network (Tarifs d'Utilisation des Réseaux Publics de Transport d'électricité or "TURPE")

3.1 Third-party access to the networks

Article L111-91 I of the French Energy Code provides that network operators must guarantee access to the public transmission and distribution networks in order to:

(a) ensure the public service missions relating to the supply of electricity;

(b) ensure that the electricity purchase contracts are performed; and

(c) ensure that the electricity export agreements entered into by a generator or by a supplier to purchase electricity for resale in metropolitan France and the overseas departments are performed.

3.2 Electricity delivery tariffs

Electricity delivery tariffs ("TURPE") are invoiced when the public transmission and distribution networks are used. Independent of the electricity supplier, these tariffs are based on the "postage stamp" principle, i.e., the tariffs do not take distance of delivery into account. The tariffs do, however, take into account the connection conditions and the amount of power used, and therefore comply with the principle of tariff equalisation: customers with the same characteristics (same connection voltage and same power used) pay the same tariff, regardless of where they are located and who supplies them.

TURPE is a cost-based system, which covers pre-determined costs and the remuneration of invested capital.

Articles L.341-1 et seq. of the French Energy Code lays down the principles for setting TURPE. Pursuant to Article L.341-3 of the French Energy Code, the CRE deliberates on tariffs evolutions. The CRE transmits its deliberations to the Ministers in charge of Energy and Economy relating to tariffs evolutions. These deliberations are published in the Official Journal of the French Republic (Journal officiel de la République française).

Each of the Ministers in charge of Economy and of Energy has the right to request for a new deliberation within a two-month period following receipt of the deliberations issued by the CRE. In this respect, the deliberation dated 17 November 2016 in relation to TURPE for the period from August 2017 to July 2021 ("TURPE 5 Period") issued by the CRE was published in the Official Journal of the French Republic (Journal officiel de la République française). They became effective on 28 January 2017.

The main characteristics of the TURPE 5 Period are the following:

- it applies for four years, from 1 August 2017;
as of 1 August 2017, it was increased by 6.76% compared with 2016 for two main reasons:

- the renewal of an exceptional discount for electro intensive consumers, pending the entry into force of the provisions of law no. 2015-992 on energy transition for green growth (article 157 creating a new article L.341-4-2 of the French Energy Code) with a compensation in tariffs from August 2016 and economic neutrality for the Issuer;

- the end of getting tariff revenues lower than costs on the same period, to compensate extra revenues of regulation periods "TURPE 2" (2006-2009) and "TURPE 3" (2009-2013);

- the CRE decided to renew for the TURPE 5 Period (beginning in 2017) an exceptional discount for electro intensive consumers (which was introduced in 2014) with a compensation in tariffs from August 2016 and economic neutrality for the Issuer. This exceptional discount will apply each year since it has been codified in the French Energy Code by the French law no. 2015-992 relating to energy transition for green growth (relative à la transition énergétique pour la croissance verte) (and in particular article 157 of French law 2015-992 creating a new article L.341-4-2 of the French Energy Code);

- an annual adjustment of the tariff linked to retail price index (indice des prix à la consommation) and the recovery of the "account to regulate costs and revenues" (Compte de Régulation des Charges et des Produits or "CRCP") limited between -2% and 2%;

- all forecasted costs are covered, plus a remuneration of the Regulated Asset Base ("RAB") at a weighted cost of capital ("WACC") at 6.125% (nominal before tax);

- some change in the perimeter of CRCP "account to regulate costs and revenues", compared to TURPE 4: mainly interruptibility charges, part of cost of reserves under certain conditions, rewards/penalties of reinforced incentive regulation. Depreciation and RAB remuneration for investments not related to the network are no more in the CRCP, but actual costs of these investments will be included in the RAB at the end of the regulation period.

The perimeter of the CRCP is mainly the following:

- the expenses related to compensation for losses on the grids;
- certain expenses related to interconnection management, namely international congestion costs and net outsourced costs related to management fees for interconnection capacity allocation mechanisms, provided they can be audited;
- expenses related to the net book value of decommissioned fixed assets;
- income received for all tariff components;
- income related to congestion management mechanisms at transmission grid interconnections with neighbouring countries. This income is net of all compensation paid by RTE in the event of a reduction in interconnection capacity;
- income related to contracts between Transmission System Operators (TSOs);
- financial incentives related to the various incentive-based regulation mechanisms described below;
- R&D operating expenses (only if costs are below budget);
- capital expenses except for investments non related to the grid;
- interruptibility charges;
- charges for new exempted interconnections;
- endless studies costs;
- compensations to electricity distribution system operators for long outages above €15 million.

- There are several incentive regulation schemes:

  - a modified bonuses / penalty system (système de bonus/malus) on supply quality, limited to €45 million a year, on the basis of the average outage duration and frequency of power cuts;
  - gains and losses on operating costs, compared with reference costs are kept by RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité;
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- an incentive mechanism on interconnection investments, based on the four following criteria: incentive for carrying out investments useful to the community, incentive for carrying out investments at the best cost, incentive for optimal operation of the interconnection and incentive for carrying out investments within the shortest possible time period. The financial incentives on interconnection investments is a bonus/penalty incentive system with maximum penalty costs limited to 1% of WACC applied to the investment;

- a new incentive mechanism on investments over €30 million, with a bonus/penalty system if cost investments are under 90% or over 110% of a target budget audited by CRE. Bonus will be 20% of under costs and penalties 20% of over costs. Actual costs of investments are always included in the RAB;

- a new incentive mechanism on investments non related to the grid, with no ex-post adjustment with CRCP (as operational charges);

- a new bonus / penalty system on price purchase and volume to compensate grid losses;

- a new incentive regulation on balancing reserves, 50% of saving on reference costs are kept by RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité.

4. Transmission of electricity: the network operated by RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité

The French Energy Code states that the network operator is responsible for maintaining, operating and developing the electricity transmission system, and is the owner of its industrial assets, which include all assets operated at a voltage higher or equal to 50 kiloVolt ("kV").

With 105,961 km of high and very high voltage circuits and 50 cross-border power lines, the French transmission network is the largest in Europe. RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité's geographic position places it at the heart of the European electricity market. The total energy carried by the RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité network in 2017 reached 514 Terawatt hour ("TWh") and represented 93.3% of the total electricity generated in and imported into France in 2017 (the rest related to self-generation and the electricity produced by generators connected directly to the distribution network).

4.1 Technical characteristics

The table below sets forth the technical characteristics of the RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité network as of 31 December 2017 and takes into account the impact of Article R321-4 of the French Energy Code, which modified the breakdown between (i) the public transmission network (Réseau Public de Transport, or "RPT") comprised by the public transmission network and facilities operated at a voltage greater than or equal to 50 kV and managed by RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité and (ii) the public distribution networks (Réseaux Publics de Distribution, or "RPD") comprised by of the public transmission network and facilities operated at a voltage lower than 50 kV and notably managed by ENEDIS.
Operating and non-operating Tower lines (km).............................

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>400kV</th>
<th>225kV</th>
<th>150kV</th>
<th>90 kV</th>
<th>63 kV</th>
<th>&lt;= 45kV</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>13,623</td>
<td>21,687</td>
<td>966</td>
<td>14,182</td>
<td>30,577</td>
<td>186</td>
<td>81,221</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Operating Overhead circuits (km)..........................

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>400kV</th>
<th>225kV</th>
<th>150kV</th>
<th>90 kV</th>
<th>63 kV</th>
<th>&lt;= 45kV</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>22,028</td>
<td>25,561</td>
<td>959</td>
<td>16,427</td>
<td>34,659</td>
<td>330</td>
<td>99,964</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Operating Underground circuits (km)......................

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>400kV</th>
<th>225kV</th>
<th>150kV</th>
<th>90 kV</th>
<th>63 kV</th>
<th>&lt;= 45kV</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1,471</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>936</td>
<td>3,499</td>
<td>84</td>
<td>5,997</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total circuits..........................................

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>400kV</th>
<th>225kV</th>
<th>150kV</th>
<th>90 kV</th>
<th>63 kV</th>
<th>&lt;= 45kV</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>22,033</td>
<td>27,032</td>
<td>961</td>
<td>17,363</td>
<td>38,158</td>
<td>414</td>
<td>105,961</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Substations (1) (number)..............................

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>400kV</th>
<th>225kV</th>
<th>150kV</th>
<th>90 kV</th>
<th>63 kV</th>
<th>&lt;= 45kV</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>162</td>
<td>574</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>571</td>
<td>1,405</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>2,744</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Transformers (number).................................

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>400kV</th>
<th>225kV</th>
<th>150kV</th>
<th>90 kV</th>
<th>63 kV</th>
<th>&lt;= 45kV</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>306</td>
<td>870</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1,250</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Transformer power (Mega-volt-ampere, "MVA")...........

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>400kV</th>
<th>225kV</th>
<th>150kV</th>
<th>90 kV</th>
<th>63 kV</th>
<th>&lt;= 45kV</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>138,522</td>
<td>96,190</td>
<td>1,379</td>
<td>1,215</td>
<td>795</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>238,101</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note:

(1) Figures for operating substations where RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité owns at least one set of busbars and/or bays.

Several categories of users are connected to this network (as of 31 December 2017):

(a) 628 electricity generation power plants: nuclear power stations, conventional thermal plants, hydroelectric power stations, renewable energy installations, including wind farms;

(b) distributors: ENEDIS, as distribution network operator, and 27 Local Distribution Companies; and

(c) 534 industrial user sites, with electricity requirements that are such that they need to be supplied directly by the transmission network.

The network is also connected to the transmission networks of neighbouring countries. The table below sets forth the interconnections existing as of 31 December 2017:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>320kV</th>
<th>270kV</th>
<th>400kV</th>
<th>225kV</th>
<th>150kV</th>
<th>90 kV</th>
<th>63 kV</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>DC(*)</td>
<td>DC(*)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of circuits..............................</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(*) Direct Current.

4.2 Transmitted volumes

The table below sets forth a simplified evaluation of energy flow on the RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité's network over 2014, 2015, 2016 and 2017:
Net energy withdrawn (including energy withdrawn for pumping and losses)............

Physical exports (net balance)....................

Net energy Generated in France............

In 2017, the total net energy withdrawn in the network amounted to 432.1 TWh (-1.1% compared to 2016). In 2017 the total energy transmitted on the RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité network represented 93.3% of the total energy generated in and imported to France (the rest related to self-generation and the electricity produced by generators connected directly to the distribution network).

5. Power flow management

5.1 Generation/consumption balance

As electricity cannot be stored in significant quantities, RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité ensures, on a permanent basis, that the electricity network is balanced, which entails the exact match between supply and demand for electricity in real time (see also, ‘Balancing mechanism’ below).

5.2 Balancing mechanism

In accordance with the rules on scheduling, the balancing mechanism and the balance responsible entities established by RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité, the "scheduling responsible entities" (generators, traders, etc.) notify RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité, the day before for the following day, of the quantity of electricity they intend to transmit on the network, its origin (identification of the different generation capabilities and imports, block exchanges), its destination (distributors or industrial groups connected directly to the transmission network, exports, block exchanges) and the times during which the electricity will be on the network. The programme responsible entities can alter these parameters during 24 slots. RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité ensures the operation of the network on the basis of these notifications, but it must be able to compensate for uncertainties that affect this balance (consumption imbalances, generation unit outages, damaged transmission lines, etc.) by immediately increasing or reducing energy reserves. Market operators offer these reserves to RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité in the form of “balancing offers”, which incorporate price and usage conditions. Depending on its requirements, RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité uses the available offers on the basis of financial precedence. The mechanism is designed for all parties, whether they are generators, traders or electricity consumers, whose business is characterised by flexibility. They benefit from this flexibility by adjusting their production or by reducing their consumption.

The balancing mechanism accommodates the uncertainties affecting the network. During 2017, 7.7 TWh, which is 1.6% of French consumption, was used to restore balance. Competition has played a major role, even across borders, as 36% of upwardly adjusted energy originates from neighbouring countries. The balancing mechanism was conceived, put in place and improved in order to guarantee the security of the electricity network. It constitutes the principal tool available to RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité to manage the hazards likely to affect the balance between generation and consumption. In the event of unforeseeable situations, other tools, such as the contract of mutual assistance between operators of the European transmission networks are also available to restore the balance of the transmission network.

5.3 Imbalance calculation

RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité has tailored its balance responsible system in response to the opening up to competition of the market for non-household customers on 1 July 2004. The imbalances of each balance responsible entity are calculated, first, from real load curves obtained through remote meter readings by RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité and the distributors and, second, by load curves estimated from profiling techniques.

The estimated load curves must then be re-adjusted to correspond, first, to the overall flow withdrawn from the public transmission network by the distribution networks and, second, to readings taken from the meter indexes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TWh</th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2015</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net energy withdrawn (including energy withdrawn for pumping and losses)</td>
<td>426.9</td>
<td>431.0</td>
<td>436.9</td>
<td>432.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical exports (net balance)</td>
<td>67.6</td>
<td>64.1</td>
<td>41.8</td>
<td>38.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net energy Generated in France</td>
<td>494.5</td>
<td>495.1</td>
<td>478.7</td>
<td>469.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This system is based on strict cooperation between RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité and the distributors which exchange large amounts of information.

5.4 Cost allocation

The costs corresponding to the balancing offers activated by RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité as a result of negative imbalances are passed on to the balance responsible entities (generators, traders, suppliers, etc.) proportionately, based on their imbalance. RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité financially compensates the balance responsible entities for positive imbalances.

5.5 Interconnections

RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité manages access to international interconnections in collaboration with the transmission system operators of neighbouring European countries.

The European electricity transmission networks are interconnected, and ensure that energy can be transmitted from one country to another. These interconnections are used to ensure the operating safety of the electricity transmission networks (e.g., using neighbouring generators and transmitters to compensate for a major generating or transmission unit outage in France) and to develop the European electricity market by enabling an electricity supplier to sell its energy to a customer in another country in the European Union. Moreover, these interconnections, by working on the basis of price differences between national markets and time differences between peak-loads on different sides of borders, enable generation capabilities to be better shared at a European level.

5.6 Allocation of exchange capacities

Electricity flows across the European network according to the laws of physics rather than according to the relevant underlying sales transactions. Only the balance of one country's electricity flow can be monitored, not bilateral physical exchanges. Thus, a business exchange from France to Germany actually uses the networks of France, Belgium, The Netherlands, Germany, Switzerland and even Italy and Austria. It will use part of the capacity of all interconnection installations between France and its neighbours in continental Europe. The decision to allocate export capacity from France to Germany therefore involves other decisions concerning export or import capacities with other countries, or even between these countries.

In addition to this "spatial interdependence" of capacities between countries, there is the issue of sequencing the decisions needed to implement a sales transaction. The opening up of the markets has led operators to request the implementation of practical methods that would enable them to transfer electrical energy from one country to another in a way that is compatible with wholesale market transactions. The operating method used ensures that the decisions to authorise an exchange (made by the network operators) and the decisions to purchase or sell energy on the markets (made by the generators or retailers) are coordinated.

This method is based on the notion of contractual exchange capacity. Due to the interactions between the different decisions to allocate capacities and the difference between these decisions and the transactions made on the wholesale markets, this notion of contractual capacity can be quite different from the real physical flow of energy on the networks. This problem has led network operators to adopt safety margins in order to guarantee the contractual transmission capacity available to the market. These margins are, in part, managed through redispatching: RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité purchases schedule modifications of generating plants that are needed to resolve network constraints, thereby giving participants the opportunity to export additional volumes by settling the additional costs generated by these schedule modifications.

Capacity, evaluated on the basis of the issues set forth above, must be shared among those requesting it. Since the opening up of the market, the capacity offered is insufficient to satisfy demand. As a result, only 17% of the demand to export to Great Britain was satisfied in 2017.

RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité, whenever possible with the agreement of the transmission system operator of the neighbouring country concerned, must therefore define appropriate allocation methods, within the scope of a consultation with all interested participants and with a view, in particular, to:

(a) satisfying the market operators consulted through the Committee of Electricity Transmission Network Users (Comité des Utilisateurs du Réseau de Transport d'Electricité, or "CURTE"), which was put in place when RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité was created, as well as through satisfaction surveys or special forums;
(b) defining methods of allocating and using capacities in strict cooperation with the operators of neighbouring networks according to principles and rules defined by the competent authorities; and

(c) obtaining the formal approval of the CRE. It should also be noted that the CRE itself consults market operators regarding the evolution of the exchange capacity allocation systems and must also reach an agreement with the competent regulatory authority of the neighbouring country.

The mechanisms implemented for evaluating and allocating contractual exchange capacities are completely transparent. The methods used by RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité to evaluate these capacities are published on its Internet site (www.rte-france.com), in addition to demand forecasts, the capacities requested, offered and allocated, the effects of network installation outages and the effects of these outages on the balancing mechanism.

RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité promotes the development of interconnection capacities in Europe (particularly France-England, France-Spain and France-Italy).

5.7 System of financial compensation between transmission system operators

In the past, each country applied a network access tariff for imports and exports. On 1 March 2002, the Cross Border Trade mechanism introduced by the European Transportation Systems Organization (ETSO), the European association of transmission networks, came into force. This mechanism eliminated "fees" at the borders and implemented a financial compensation system between the participating transmission system operators. With this financial compensation system, network operators that carry international transmissions on their networks receive compensation from the operators of the networks where the transmission activity begins or finishes.

For the period from June to December 2007, 27 countries (Austria, Belgium, Switzerland, Luxembourg, Germany, Spain, France, Italy, The Netherlands, Portugal, Slovenia, Greece, Sweden, Denmark, Finland, Norway, Poland, Hungary, Albania, Bulgaria, the former Yugoslavian Republic of Macedonia, Montenegro, Romania, Serbia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Estonia, Croatia) entered into a new compensation agreement, called Interim “ITC” (Inter Transmission System Operator Compensation) clearing and settlement agreement. This agreement was intended to implement the provisions of European Regulation 1228/2003 on conditions for access to the network for cross-border exchanges in electricity.

In October 2007, 33 countries agreed on a new ITC mechanism for the period 2008 and 2009. The TSOs of Czech Republic, Ireland, Latvia, Lithuania, Slovakia and United Kingdom have decided to join the 27 countries who are already signatories of the 2007 agreement.

The 41 TSOs members of the European Network of Transmission System Operators for Electricity (ENTSO-E) from 34 countries have reached a voluntary agreement on the inter-TSO compensation (ITC) mechanism, which came into force on 3 March 2011 (as amended and/or replaced from time to time). Compensation is for transmission losses and infrastructure costs and is based on the so-called "With and Without Transit model". A framework fund, which has been set at €100 million per annum, is used for compensation of the latter.

As provided by the regulation EC 838/2010 "on laying down guidelines relating to the inter-transmission system operator compensation (...)", the amount of the infrastructure compensation fund of the ITC agreement was to be assessed in March 2013 by the Agency for the Cooperation of Energy regulators and remained unchanged. The total cost of ITC mechanism for RTE can increase or decrease if the European Commission increases or decreases the ITC infrastructure fund.

5.8 Volumes exchanged

In 2017, the volume of blocks of energy exchanged between balance responsible entities on the French market decreased. As compared to 2016, block exchange notifications decreased by 26% in volume and 9% in quantity. The volumes offered averaged 33.6 TWh per month.
Number of contracts in force (as of 31 December 2017):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2015</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>2014</td>
<td>2015</td>
<td>2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>32.2</td>
<td>27.3</td>
<td>29.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>79.4</td>
<td>92.4</td>
<td>91.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>111.6</td>
<td>119.7</td>
<td>120.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Export balance</td>
<td>47.2</td>
<td>65.1</td>
<td>61.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6. **Management of the transmission infrastructure**

6.1 **Maintenance**

RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité is responsible for maintaining the transmission network, through everyday maintenance, emergency repairs and the renewal of installations that are at the end of their service lives or that are damaged.

Following the storms of 1999, RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité implemented a “mechanical strengthening programme”, which should cover a period of approximately 15 years. Undertaken with numerous external subcontractors, the programme's objective is to strengthen the mechanical resistance of overhead lines to enable them to withstand wind speeds of up to 150 km/hr and to transform or install 14,000 “anti-cascade” towers in order to prevent a domino effect when faced with higher wind speeds. RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité devoted close to €150 million per annum to roll out the programme. Such amount of operational expenses has been progressively increased to reach approximately €200 million per year from 2010 to 2014 followed by a decrease up to €100 million in 2016. The mechanical strengthening programme was completed in 2017 with an amount of €100 million.

Network safety also includes protecting vegetation and creating suitably sized forest clearances. In order to achieve the best balance between preserving the woodland surrounding the installations and network safety, RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité is developing a programmed vegetation work management plan (Gestion Programmée des Interventions sur la Végétation, or “GPIV”). This plan, which associates the mapping of installations and their surroundings to the growth models of various trees, permits the forward-looking and predictive management of forest clearances.
Finally, RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité is developing and maintaining an independent telecommunications safety network for transmitting protection and telecontrol information. The excess capacities of this safety network are sold by Arteria subsidiary. After being deployed on command-control devices and high voltage equipment in substations, the reliability-based approach for maintenance optimisation was adopted for the overhead lines and monitoring operations were redefined in 2003, with the dual objective of reducing cost and improving awareness of infrastructures. In-depth behaviour studies also extended the lifespans of certain measurement transformers and circuit breakers. This optimisation policy also involves power control systems, in particular the telecontrol systems, which are essential for controlling the uncertainties faced by the network. RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité reached an important step in 2003, with the completion of the new national power control system and an information exchange gateway. These new tools improve the visibility of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité dispatchers on the interconnection networks and provide them with modern methods of communicating with the control centers of bordering countries to enable them to better integrate themselves into the operation of the European electricity network in particular with operational data provided to CORESO (Coordination of Electricity System Operators), a company owned by RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité, Elia, National Grid, Terna and 50Hertz, whose activities started on 16 February 2009.

6.2 Development and renewal of the transmission network

The electricity system is beginning a profound evolution of its usages. In order to perpetuate its role in the future, RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité upgrades its network to:

- Ensure solidarity between territories by connecting areas presenting a generation surplus to high consumption areas (big cities, coastal areas)
- Host the new generation mix, by allowing the development of renewable generation thanks to the regional plans for RES connection to the network (“S3REnR”) and connection of offshore wind parks,
- Develop interconnectors in order to allow consumers to benefit from the European generation mix,
- Ensure the reliability of the network, thanks to investments limiting the occurrence, the magnitude and the consequences of incidents.

Two thirds of grid investments are made on the existing network, thus limiting the impact on territories. New assets are mainly needed for the energy transition and for hosting the new French and European generation mix.

RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité's ambition is to develop digital technologies that will enable to optimize its decisions in terms of management, maintenance and evolution of the network. Their deployment is inseparable from high-voltage infrastructures.

In 2017, the total amount of investment was € 1,393 million which is a decrease of 126 million compared to the previous year.

6.3 New infrastructures 2017

During 2017:

- **Substations**
  
  22 new substations were connected to the RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité's network: nine 225 kV substations (for new producers, new consumers, or merely for transmission needs), as well as thirteen 90 kV or 63 kV substations,

  Moreover, around 1,608 MVA of additional transformer capacity were installed in 2017.

- **Overhead lines and underground cables**

  1,033 km of new circuits including:

  - 400 kV: (113 km)
- partial replacement of conductors on existing 400 kV overhead lines between Montélimar and Lyon
- new 400 kV circuits for connecting to the network the above-mentioned 400 kV new substations
  - 225 kV: 320 km (including 123 km of underground cables)
  - new 225 kV circuits for connecting to the network the above-mentioned 225 kV new substations
  - partial replacement of conductors on existing 225 kV overhead lines
  - 150 kV, 90 kV and 63 kV: 599 km (including 448 km of underground cables).

6.4 Tax

The new projects will give rise to recurring taxes (known as the "taxe pylône") each year to be paid by RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité to French municipalities through the French State if towers are located on the territory of French municipalities. For the 2017 financial year, RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité paid a tax in respect of the towers amounting to €260 million (€253 million in 2016). Moreover, the substations are subject to different taxes, including mainly property tax (€35 million in 2016 and €37 million in 2017) and new taxes replacing professional tax (Territorial Economic contribution and transformers tax) (€183 million in 2016 and €187 million in 2017).

6.5 Supply quality

RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité guarantees the continuity and quality of the supply of electricity transmitted on its network.

The main indicators used for measuring electricity supply continuity to RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité customers are the long supply interruption (more than three minutes) frequency, the short supply interruption (between one second and three minutes) frequency and the equivalent supply interruption time.

The supply interruption frequency is equal to the number of long or short supply interruptions recorded at the points where RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité delivers electricity to its industrial and distributor customers in relation to the number of delivery points served. The equivalent supply interruption time is equal to the quantity of electrical energy that is not distributed to RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité customers due to long supply interruptions on the transmission network, in relation to the average annual power transmitted to customers. Calculating these indicators, excluding exceptional events (storm in Maubeuge area in August 2008, snowfall in Massif central area in December 2008, storms in the south west area in January and February 2009, storm in the west area in February 2010, floods in the southeast in June 2010, snowfall in Nord-Pas-de-Calais in March 2012, helicopter accident in Grenoble area in June 2013, storm in the south west / north east area in July 2013, fire in south west in July 2014), enables the structural evolution of results over several years to be measured.

The table below sets forth the evolution of these indicators over the last eight years:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Long supply interruption frequency (number/year):</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excluding exceptional events</td>
<td>0.06</td>
<td>0.06</td>
<td>0.08</td>
<td>0.09</td>
<td>0.07</td>
<td>0.09</td>
<td>0.08</td>
<td>0.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Including exceptional events</td>
<td>0.07</td>
<td>0.06</td>
<td>0.08</td>
<td>0.10</td>
<td>0.07</td>
<td>0.09</td>
<td>0.08</td>
<td>0.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Short supply interruption frequency (number/year):</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excluding exceptional events</td>
<td>0.32</td>
<td>0.42</td>
<td>0.32</td>
<td>0.43</td>
<td>0.39</td>
<td>0.30</td>
<td>0.30</td>
<td>0.29</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
including exceptional events

Equivalent supply interruption time:

Excluding exceptional events

excluding exceptional events 0.33 0.42 0.35 0.44 0.39 0.30 0.30 0.29

Including exceptional events

Excluding exceptional events 2'53'' 1'44'' 2'18'' 3'01'' 2'46'' 7'01'' 2'54'' 1'27''

Including exceptional events 4'48'' 2'04'' 4'28'' 3'18'' 2'48'' 7'01'' 3'15'' 1'47''

The exceptional events in 2017 referred to in the table above storms Egon (12-13 January), Kurt, Leiv and Marcel (3, 4, 5 February 2017) and Zeus (6 and 7 March 2017).

MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS AND ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE OF THE ISSUER

RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité is a wholly owned subsidiary of CTE.

Please refer to the paragraph “History and development of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité - Reorganisation of the shareholding structure of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité” below for further details on RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité's organisational structure.

The share capital of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité is €2,132,285,690 represented by 213,228,569 shares of par value €10 each as at the date of this Base Prospectus.

In accordance with Article L111-42 of the French Energy Code and Article 6 of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité's by-laws as approved by Decree no. 2005 1069 dated 30 August 2005, RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité must be wholly-owned by EDF, the French State and/or any other body or company belonging to the public sector.

The independence of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité is ensured by the independence of its Executive Board vis-à-vis its Supervisory Board (Conseil de Surveillance) and which has been strengthened by the French Energy Code and also by the possible diversification of its shareholders.

TREND INFORMATION IN RESPECT OF THE ISSUER

There has been no material adverse change in the prospects of the Issuer since the date of its last published audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

ADMINISTRATIVE, MANAGEMENT, AND SUPERVISORY BODIES OF THE ISSUER

RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité is managed by an Executive Board and is controlled by a Supervisory Board.

Executive Board (Directoire)

The French Energy Code defines the procedures for nomination and appointment of Executive Board members.

The provisions of these laws have mostly been incorporated into RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité’s by-laws. They require the Chairman of the Executive Board to be appointed by the company’s Supervisory Board after nomination by the French Minister for Energy and CRE opinion (Article L111-29 of the French Energy Code and Article 13 of French Decree no. 2011-1478 dated 9 November 2011), while other Executive Board members are appointed after the opinion of the CRE by the company’s Supervisory Board after nomination by the Chairman of the Executive Board.

The Supervisory Board of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité proposed, on 23 July 2015, François Brottes as Chairman of the Executive Board, after approval of the Minister of Ecology, Sustainable Development and Energy. François Brottes’ appointment became effective on 1 September 2015 after having received confirmation from the CRE that this appointment meets the requirements set out in the French Energy Code.

After nomination of François Brottes as Chairman of the Executive Board and confirmation from the CRE, the Supervisory Board appointed, on 29 September 2015, Valérie Champagne, Olivier Grabette, Clotilde Levillain and Xavier Piechaczyk as members of the Executive Board.
The following table shows the current members of the Executive Board and their roles and other functions held:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Other Functions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>François Brottes</td>
<td>Chairman of the Executive Board</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valérie Champagne</td>
<td>Member of the Executive Board, Member of the board of directors representing the State of the Société française du tunnel routier du Fréjus and the Fonds pour le Développement d’une Politique Intermodale des Transports dans le Massif Alpin (FDPITMA), President of the Audit Committee of the FDPITMA, Member of the board of directors of the Union des Groupements d’Achat Public (UGAP) as qualified person, President of RTE Immo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Olivier Grabette</td>
<td>Member of the Executive Board, Vice-Président of the Association ThinkSmartGrids, Président of the Comité National Français du CIGRE, President of the Association Friends Of The Supergrid, Member of the board of directors of the Union Française de l’Electricité, President of Airtelis, Member of the board of directors of HGRT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clotilde Levillain</td>
<td>Member of the Executive Board</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xavier Piechaczyk</td>
<td>Member of the Executive Board, President of Arteria</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For the purpose hereof, the business address of each of the members of the Executive Board is the head office of the Issuer.

The Executive Board is appointed for a period of five years (i.e. until 31 August 2020). Members of the Executive Board can only be removed from office after the CRE has presented a statement of the reasons for this decision.

Pursuant to Article L111-13 of the French Energy Code, the Executive Board has sole responsibility to take decisions in relation with current activities, network management and the necessary operations for the set up and implementation of the ten-year plan for network development.
Subject to the powers that the law, regulations and current by-laws expressly attribute solely to shareholders meetings and to the Supervisory Board, the Executive Board has had conferred on it the widest possible powers to act in any circumstance in the name of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité.

In particular, the Executive Board has, within its sole competence, the power to undertake transactions that are directly related to the operation, maintenance and development of the public electricity transmission network.

The members of the Executive Board, who cannot serve as members of the Supervisory Board, are not permitted to have any direct or indirect responsibility for the management of activities relating to the generation or supply of electricity or gas, in any company whatsoever, in France or abroad, at the time of their appointment and throughout the duration of their term.

One division is placed under the authority of the Chairman of the Executive Board:

• General Secretariat (Bertrand Signé).

These are in addition eight divisions:

• Prospective, Expertise and Solutions (Olivier Grabette, Deputy Executive Director, Prospective, Expertise and Solutions).

  This division is in charge of economy, markets, innovation and information and telecommunication systems. It also comprises the National Grid Engineering Centre (CNER), in charge of policies and methods for developing, operating and maintaining the network.

• European and International Affairs and Business Development (Hervé Laffaye, Deputy Chief Executive Officer, European and International Affairs).

  This division is in charge of European and International Affairs and Business Development.

• Human Resources (Didier Beny, Deputy Executive Director in charge of Human Resources).

  This division is in charge of human resources.

• Grid Development, System Operation and Services (Clotilde Levillain, Deputy Executive Director, Grid Development, System Operation and Services).

  This division is in charge of the operation of system infrastructure, network development projects and engineering and network access.

• Finance and Procurement (Valérie Champagne, Deputy Executive Director, Finance and Procurement).

  This division sets RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité's economic and financial policy. It is also in charge of accounting, management control, procurement and purchases.

• Grid Reliability, Regional Activities and Customers (Xavier Piechaczyk, Deputy Executive Director, Grid Reliability, Regional Activities and Customers).

  This division is in charge of network maintenance, real estate and logistic, sustainable development, infrastructures’ technical control and commercial activities.

• Legal and controlling (Alain Fiquet, Deputy Executive Director, Legal and Controlling).

  This division is in charge of legal, company’s security, audit and risks and general inspection.

• The Executive Committee ("COMEX") is composed of:

  • François Brottes;
  • Valérie Champagne;
The COMEX is the executive body of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité. The subjects with which it is concerned can be classified in accordance with the five key themes of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité's aims:

- to satisfy clients in the long term;
- to run well and to develop RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité's industrial resources;
- to proceed with the refinement of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité's management and to improve dialogue within the company;
- to manage the company's finances and economic interests; and
- to expand RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité's field of activity.

The COMEX meets once a week. It examines:

- the weekly report of the Management of the Electricity System and Electricity Transport (Directions Système Electrique et Transport d'Electricité) on the monitoring and control of the electricity system and the transport of electricity, and on the development of its operations;
- the monthly report of the board showing the elements of the energy balance sheet, financial management, performance, the functioning of the electricity market and other information which has a non-monthly basis;
- issues presented for guidance or decision; and
- issues of current affairs that are relevant to RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité and its interests.

**Supervisory Board (Conseil de Surveillance)**

Under the French Energy Code, one third of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité’s Supervisory Board must be employee representatives, up to one third are representatives of the French government, and the remainder are appointed by the shareholders.

The number of Board members is set at twelve in Article 13 of the Issuer’s bylaws.

In compliance with Article L.225-102-1 of the French Commercial Code, the following table shows the current members of the Supervisory Board and their roles and other functions held during the same year:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Position at RTE</th>
<th>Role</th>
<th>Other functions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Xavier Girre          | Chairman of the Supervisory Board as from 19 April 2018                         | Group Executive Director of EDF in charge of the Group Financial Division | Member of the board of NNB HOLDING COMPANY (HPC) LIMITED  
Member of the board of EDF ENERGY HOLDINGS Ltd  
Member of the board of DALKIA  
Member of the board of EDF EN  
Member of ENEDIS  
Member of the board and President of the Audit Committee of FDJ  
Member of the board of CTE |
| Marie-Anne Bacot      | Member of the Supervisory Board                                                | General inspector, of the Sustainable Development Administration to the Conseil général for the Environment and Sustainability (Division: "transportation and mobility") | Member of the board of the IHEDATE (Institut des hautes études de développement et d'aménagement des territoires en Europe).  
Member of the board of directors of RATP  
Member of the board of Roland Garros airport, Reunion |
| Vincent Le Biez       | Member of the Supervisory Board                                                | Deputy Director of participations énergie at the Agence des participations de l'État                  | Member of the supervisory board of ENEDIS (as from 19 July 2017) |
| Christophe Carval     | Member of the Supervisory Board                                                | Group Executive Director in charge of Human Ressources within the EDF Group                          | Member of the board of directors of EDF ENERGY HOLDINGS Ltd  
Member of the board of directors of NNB HOLDING COMPANY (HPC) Ltd  
Member of the board of Fondation d'Entreprise Groupe |

2 In accordance with the French Commercial Code, these roles are functions exercised during 2016 by RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité’s management and governance personnel while they held a term of office with RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Company/Institution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Virginie Chapron-du Jeu</td>
<td>Member of the Supervisory Board, Representative of the shareholders, Member of the CSEA</td>
<td>EDF - Member of the supervisory board of RTE (SA) Member of the supervisory board of FRAMATOME (SAS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catherine Mayenobe</td>
<td>Vice-Chairman of the Supervisory Board, Representative of the shareholders</td>
<td>General secretary, Caisse des Dépôts et Consignations Group - Member of the Comités de direction EP et Groupe of Caisse des Dépôts et Consignations, Member of the board of CNP Assurances, Member of the board of Humanis-Retraite Arrco, Member of the board of BPI France SA, Member of the risks and audit committee of BPI France SA, President of Novethic, Permanent representative of CDC on the supervisory board of CDC GPI SA, Permanent representative of CDC on the supervisory board of CDC GPII SAS, Member of the board and President of the audit committee of La Poste, Member of the board of Coentreprise de Transport d'Electricité – CTE – (as from 31 March 2018), Member of the board of Bpifrance Investissement, Member of the board of Bpifrance Participations, Member of the board of Société Immobilière du Théâtre des Champs Elysées, Member of the board of Cité de la Céramique de Sèvres</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Nicolas Monnier</strong></td>
<td><strong>Member of the Supervisory Board</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>Representative of the shareholders</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>President of the Remuneration Committee</strong></td>
<td><strong>Non Listed Investment Department Director, CNP Assurances</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>President of 270 Investments (SAS)</strong>&lt;br&gt;Representative of CNP Assurances on the supervisory board of the Actions CNP&lt;br&gt;Member of the board of CNP Assur-Capi&lt;br&gt;Member of the board of CNP Caution&lt;br&gt;Permanent representative of SICAC at the Board of Directors of Coeur Méditerranée&lt;br&gt;President of Ecureuil Vie Investments (SAS)&lt;br&gt;Representative of CNP Assurance on the supervisory board of Equalum&lt;br&gt;Permanent representative of CNP Assurances on the supervisory board of Farmoric&lt;br&gt;Permanent representative of CNP Assurances on the board of directors of Holdco&lt;br&gt;Permanent representative of SCI (CNP) on the supervisory board of Immaucom&lt;br&gt;Permanent representative of CNP Assurances on the board of directors of Immo Diversification&lt;br&gt;Permanent representative of CNP Assurances on the supervisory board of NOVI 1&lt;br&gt;Permanent representative of CNP Assurances on the supervisory board of NOVI 2&lt;br&gt;Permanent representative of CNP Assurances on the supervisory board of OFELIA&lt;br&gt;Member of the board and President of the board of directors of PREVIMUT&lt;br&gt;Representative of CNP Assurances on the supervisory board of SERENUM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Position 1</td>
<td>Position 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marie-Hélène Poinssot</td>
<td>Member of the Supervisory Board, Representative of the shareholders, President of the CSEA[^3]</td>
<td>Director in charge of coordination and monitoring of regulated subsidiaries, attached to the General Secretary of EDF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Christophe Aime</td>
<td>Member of the Supervisory Board, Employee representative, Sponsored by the CGT union, Member of the CSEA</td>
<td>Responsible for advice and product control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wilfried Denoizay</td>
<td>Member of the Supervisory Board, Employee representative, Sponsored by the CFDT union</td>
<td>Manager for studies and decision-making Development and Engineering</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[^3]: CSEA: Comité de Supervision Economique et de l’Audit (Economic Supervision and Audit Committee)
For the purpose hereof, the business address of each of the members of the Supervisory Board is the head office of the Issuer.

Olivier David has been appointed Government commissioner (commissaire du Gouvernemnt) to RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité by ministerial ruling (arrêté ministériel) dated 1 September 2015.

The Government commissioner attends Supervisory Board meetings in an advisory capacity, and where relevant presents the French government policy for RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité’s business sector.

The Supervisory Board monitors the activities of the Executive Board and must expressly approve certain actions of the Executive Board, for example any project to grant or obtain loans, borrowings, credits or advances where the unit value is above a threshold set annually by the Supervisory Board. The Supervisory Board conducts such checks and verifications it deems necessary. In addition, it deliberates on the strategic, economic, financial and technological development plans related to RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité’s activities. The Chairman of the Executive Board is required to provide each member of the Supervisory Board with all of the documents and information necessary to accomplish his or her mandate.

Pursuant to Article L111-13 of the French Energy Code, the Supervisory Board takes the decisions which can have a significant impact on the value of the shareholders' assets, in particular those relating to the approval of the annual and multi-annual financial plans, the debt level and the amount of dividends to be distributed to shareholders.

Furthermore, in accordance with Article L111-14 of the French Energy Code, and with Article 14-V of the by-laws of RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité, certain decisions (relating to budget, financial policies, all purchasers, transfers and sales of assets, the granting of securities or guarantees of any type the formation of any company, economic interest group (groupement d'intérêt économique) or other legal entity), must be approved by a vote of the majority of the members of the Supervisory Board, and by a vote of the majority of the members of the Supervisory Board nominated by the shareholders (EDF at the date of this Base Prospectus). Nevertheless, operations relating to maintenance and development of the transmission network are decided by the Executive Board only.

Risk Management

Risk management and control are organised at two different management levels:

(a) at the national level: RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité's Executive Committee approves risk mapping each year and gives a national manager responsibility for monitoring the identified risks. RTE Mission Audit Sûreté and RTE Mission Management de la Qualité, de la Sécurité et de l’Environnement (an internal audit division of RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité) carry out the national audits sponsored by the Executive Board, to which they report their findings and recommendations; and
(b) at the local level: each of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité's units and functional entities is responsible for its own analysis of the risks associated with its activities, controlling these through appropriate audits, and reporting on a national level.

Conflicts of interest

There are no potential conflicts of interest between any duties owned by the members of the Executive Board and the Supervisory Board of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité to the Issuer and their private interests and/or duties.

Compliance officer

At the proposal of the Executive Board’s President, and in accordance with the provisions of Article L111-36 of the French Energy Code, the Supervisory Board appointed Olivier Herz as compliance officer, since 1 October 2016 (Olivier Herz was appointed to replace Jean-Pierre Desbrosses).

The compliance officer is responsible, subject to the powers granted to the CRE, for ensuring that RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité's practices comply with the independence requirements which apply to it vis-à-vis the other companies in the VIU as defined by the French Energy Code.

In particular, he is responsible for verifying that RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité complies with the commitments of the code of good conduct provided for in Article L111-22 of the French Energy Code in relation to the internal organisational measures taken by RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité against the risk of discriminatory practices vis-à-vis third parties in relation to access to the network. The compliance officer prepares an annual report on the implementation of the code of good conduct that he transmits to the CRE.

Certification of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité by the CRE

Article L111-3 of the French Energy Code provides that only a company certified by the CRE as complying with the independence rules may be approved as operator of the electricity transport network. RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité was initially certified by the CRE on 26 January 2012. Such certification was maintained by the CRE in its decision dated 11 January 2018 for an unlimited period of time (subject to the commitments made by RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité or its shareholders as listed in the CRE's decision).

Supervision of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité by the CRE

The CRE is an independent administrative authority, created by Law of 10 February 2000 relating to the modernisation and development of the public electricity service (codified under Articles L131-1 et seq. of the French Energy Code).

Its principal mission is to support the proper functioning of the markets for electricity and natural gas for the benefit of end consumers and in accordance with energy policy objectives by (most importantly):

(a) guaranteeing the right of access to public electricity and natural gas networks and facilities;
(b) ensuring the proper functioning and development of electricity, gas and liquefied natural gas networks and infrastructures;
(c) ensuring the independence of network operators;
(d) monitoring transactions on the wholesale electricity, natural gas and CO2 markets;
(e) ensuring the proper functioning of retail markets;
(f) contributing to the implementation of measures to support electricity generation and supply of electricity and gas; and
(g) managing of the ARENH mechanism.

Its role vis-à-vis RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité includes the issuance of binding decisions in relation to (i) the approval of its annual investment programme under Article L134-3, 2° of the French Energy Code and (ii) deliberations of TURPE evolution (see “Electricity delivery tariffs” of the section “Information of the Issuer” for more details).
LEGAL AND ARBITRATION PROCEEDINGS

Tax disputes

RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité has been subject to tax audits concerning the tax years 2005 to 2009 and 2010 to 2011. The reassessment remaining under dispute relates to the tax-deductibility of provisions for annuities following work-related accidents and illness. Despite two favourable opinions on this question from the National Commission for Direct Taxes and Sales Taxes (Commission nationale des impôts directs et des taxes sur le chiffre d'affaires), a favourable ruling by the Montreuil Administrative Court (Tribunal administratif de Montreuil) on 16 December 2013, and a favourable ruling by the Versailles Administrative Court of Appeal (Cour administrative d'appel de Versailles) on 21 July 2015, the Tax Authority has brought an appeal to the Council of State (Conseil d'Etat) on 16 September 2015. In the event of an unfavourable outcome, the financial risk for RTE in relation to the payment of corporate income tax amounts to approximately €25 million.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Approval of distribution of dividend

The general shareholders' meeting of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité held on 25 May 2018 proposed to distribute a dividend of €223,424,185 for the financial year ended 31 December 2017. Such decision was approved by the Supervisory Board (Conseil de Surveillance) of RTE Réseau de transport d'Electricité on 25 May 2018.

On 28 May 2018, the Executive Board (Directoire) decided the payment of a dividend of €223,424,185 for the financial year ended 31 December 2017 to CTE (as sole shareholder of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité) at the latest on 12 June 2018.

STATUTORY AUDITORS OF THE ISSUER

Names and addresses of the Issuer's auditors for the period covered by the historical financial information (together with their membership in a professional body).

Deloitte & Associés (185 avenue Charles de Gaulle 92200 Neuilly-sur-Seine, France) and Mazars (Tour Exaltis, 61 Henri Regnault, 92400 Courbevoie, France) have audited the audited consolidated annual financial statements of the Issuer for the financial year ended 31 December 2016. Both entities are regulated by the Haut Conseil du Commissariat aux Comptes, are duly authorised as Commissaires aux Comptes and belong to the Compagnie Nationale des Commissaires aux Comptes.

Replacement of auditors

Since the general shareholders' meeting of RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité on 30 May 2017, KPMG Audit has been appointed to replace Deloitte & Associés as statutory auditor.

The statutory auditors of the Issuer and the RTE Group are Mazars, Tour Exaltis, 61 rue Henri Regnault, 92400 Courbevoie, France and KPMG Audit, Tour EQHO, 2 avenue Gambetta, CS 60055, 92066 Paris La Défense Cedex, France (both entities are regulated by the Haut Conseil du Commissariat aux Comptes and are duly authorised as Commissaires aux Comptes). The statutory auditors both belong to the Compagnie Nationale des Commissaires aux Comptes.

Mazars and KPMG Audit have audited the audited consolidated annual financial statements of the Issuer for the financial year ended 31 December 2017.

RISK FACTORS RELATING TO THE ISSUER

See section "Risk factors relating to the Issuer" on pages 5 to 17 of this Base Prospectus.
DOCS ON DISPLAY

For so long as any Notes may be issued under the Programme or are outstanding, the following documents will be available, during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and public holidays excepted), for inspection at the office of the Fiscal Agent, the Paying Agents and the Issuer:

(i) the statuts of the Issuer;

(ii) the Amended and Restated Agency Agreement;

(iii) the published annual report of the Issuer and audited consolidated accounts of the RTE Group for 2016 and for 2017 (also available on www.rte-france.com) (in English and French) (in each case as soon as they are published);

(iv) Final Terms for Notes that are admitted to trading on Euronext Paris and/or any other Regulated Market;

(v) a copy of this Base Prospectus together with any Supplement to this Base Prospectus or further Base Prospectus and any document incorporated by reference in such documents; and

(vi) any reports, letters and other documents, historical financial information, valuations and statements prepared by any expert at the Issuer's request any part of which is included or referred to in this Base Prospectus.
TAXATION

The following is a general description limited to certain withholding tax considerations in France relating to the Notes that may be issued under the Programme that may be relevant to any holder of Notes who does not concurrently hold shares of the Issuer. This summary is based on the tax laws and regulations of France, as currently in effect and applied by the French tax authorities, all of which are subject to change or to different interpretation with possible retroactive effect. This summary is for general information and does not purport to address all French tax considerations that may be relevant to specific holders in light of their particular situation.

Prospective holders or beneficial owners of Notes should consult their tax advisors as to the tax consequences, under the tax laws of the country of which they are resident for tax purposes and the tax laws of the Republic of France, of any investment in or ownership and disposition of the Notes and receipt of payments of principal, interest and/or other amounts under the Notes.

French Withholding tax

Payments of interest and other income made by the Issuer with respect to Notes will not be subject to the withholding tax set out under Article 125 A III of the French Tax Code (the “FTC”) unless such payments are made outside France in a non-cooperative State or territory (Etat ou territoire non coopératif) within the meaning of Article 238-0 A of the FTC (a "Non-Cooperative State"). If such payments under the Notes are made outside France in a Non-Cooperative State, a 75 per cent. withholding tax will be applicable (regardless of the tax residence of the owners of Notes and subject to certain exceptions, certain of which are set forth below and to the more favourable provisions of any applicable double tax treaty) by virtue of Article 125 A III of the FTC. The list of Non-Cooperative States is published by a ministerial executive order and is updated at least once a year. A draft law published by the French government on 28 March 2018 would, if adopted in its current form, expand the list of Non Cooperative States as defined under Article 238-0 A of the French Tax Code to include states and jurisdictions on the blacklist published by the Council of the European Union and as a consequence, would expand this withholding tax regime to certain states and jurisdictions included in the blacklist.

Furthermore, pursuant to Article 238 A of the FTC, interest and other income on such Notes may not be deductible from the Issuer's taxable income, if they are paid or accrued to persons domiciled or established in a Non-Cooperative State or paid to a bank account opened in a financial institution located in such a Non-Cooperative State (the "Deductibility Exclusion"). The draft law published by the French government on 28 March 2018 abovementioned would, if adopted in its current form, expand this regime to the states and jurisdictions included in the blacklist published by the Council of the European Union.

Under certain conditions, any such non-deductible interest and other income may be recharacterised as constructive dividends pursuant to Article 109 et seq. of the FTC, in which case such non-deductible interest and other income may be subject to the withholding tax provided by Article 119 bis 2 of the FTC, at a rate of (i) 12.8% for payments benefitting individuals who are not French tax residents, (ii) 30% (to be aligned on the standard corporate income tax rate set forth in Article 219-I of the FTC for fiscal years beginning as from 1 January 2020) for payments benefitting legal persons who are not French tax residents, or (iii) 75% for payments made outside France in a Non-Cooperative State (subject to certain exceptions and the provisions of any applicable double tax treaty).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, neither the 75 per cent. withholding tax provided by Article 125 A III of the FTC, nor, to the extent that the relevant interest or income relate to genuine transactions and are not in an abnormal or exaggerated amount, the Deductibility Exclusion set out under Article 238 A of the FTC and therefore the withholding tax provided by Article 119 bis 2 of the FTC will apply in respect of a particular issue of Notes solely by reason of the relevant payments being made to persons domiciled or established in a Non-Cooperative State or paid in such a Non-Cooperative State, if the Issuer can prove that (i) the main purpose and effect of the issue of the Notes was not that of allowing the payments of interest or other income to be made in a Non-Cooperative State (the "Exception") and (ii) in respect of the Deductibility Exclusion (a) it benefits from Exception and (b) that the relevant interest or other assimilated income relates to genuine transactions and are not in an abnormal or exaggerated in amount. Pursuant to official guidelines issued by the French tax authorities (Bulletin Officiel des Finances Publiques-Imôts) under the references BOI-INT-DG-20-50-20140211, no. 550 and no. 990, BOI-RPPM-RCM-30-10-20-40-20140211, no. 70 and no.80, and BOI-IR-DOMIC-10-20-20-60-20150320 no. 10, an issue of the Notes will benefit from the Exception without the Issuer having to provide any proof of the purpose and effect of such issue of the Notes if the Notes are:

(i) offered by means of a public offer within the meaning of Article L.411-1 of the French Monetary and Financial Code (Code monétaire et financier) or pursuant to an equivalent offer made in a State other than a Non-Cooperative State. For this purpose, an “equivalent offer” means any offer requiring the registration or submission of an offer document by or with a foreign securities market authority; or
(ii) admitted to trading on a regulated market or on a French or foreign multilateral securities trading system provided that such market or system is not located in a Non-Cooperative State, and the operation of such market is carried out by a market operator or an investment services provider, or by such other similar foreign entity, provided further that such market operator, investment services provider or entity is not located in a Non-Cooperative State; or

(iii) admitted, at the time of their issue, to the operations of a central depositary or of a securities and delivery and payments systems operator within the meaning of Article L.561-2 of the French Monetary and Financial Code (Code monétaire et financier), or of one or more similar foreign depositaries or operators provided that such depositary or operator is not located in a Non-Cooperative State.

**Payments made to French tax resident individuals**

Pursuant to Article 125 A, I of the FTC and subject to certain exceptions, interest and assimilated revenues received by individuals who are fiscally domiciled (domiciliés fiscalement) in France are subject to a 12.8 % withholding tax, which is deductible from their personal income tax liability in respect of the year in which the payment has been made. Social contributions (CSG, CRDS and other related contributions) are also levied by way of withholding at an aggregate rate of 17.2% on interest and assimilated revenues paid by the Issuer under the Notes, to individuals who are fiscally domiciled in (domiciliés fiscalement) France.
SUBSCRIPTION AND SALE

Summary of Dealer Agreement

Subject to the terms and on the conditions contained in an amended and restated dealer agreement dated 6 June 2018 (as amended or supplemented from time to time, the “Amended and Restated Dealer Agreement”) between the Issuer, the Permanent Dealers and the Arrangers, the Notes will be offered on a continuous basis by the Issuer to the Permanent Dealers. However, the Issuer has reserved the right to sell Notes directly on its own behalf to Dealers that are not Permanent Dealers. The Notes may be resold at prevailing market prices, or at prices related thereto, as determined by the relevant Dealer, at the time of such resale. The Notes may also be sold by the Issuer through the Dealers, acting as agents of the Issuer. The Amended and Restated Dealer Agreement also provides for Notes to be issued in syndicated Tranches that are jointly and severally underwritten by two or more Dealers.

The Issuer will pay each relevant Dealer a commission as agreed between them in respect of Notes subscribed by it. The Issuer has agreed to reimburse the Arrangers for their expenses incurred in connection with the Programme and the Dealers for certain of their activities in connection with the Programme.

The Issuer has agreed to indemnify the Dealers against certain liabilities in connection with the offer and sale of the Notes. The Amended and Restated Dealer Agreement entitles the Dealers to terminate any agreement that they make to subscribe Notes in certain circumstances prior to payment for such Notes being made to the Issuer.

Selling Restrictions

France

Each of the Dealers and the Issuer has represented, warranted and agreed that it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell, directly or indirectly, any Notes to the public in France and it has not distributed or caused to be distributed and will not distribute or cause to be distributed to the public in France, the Base Prospectus, the relevant Final Terms or any other offering material relating to the Notes and such offers, sales and distributions have been and will be made in France only to (a) persons providing investment services relating to portfolio management for the account of third parties, and/or (b) qualified investors (investisseurs qualifiés) as defined in, and in accordance with, Articles L.411-1, L.411-2 and D.411-1 of the French Code monétaire et financier.

United States

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”) and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons except in certain transactions exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by Regulation S under the Securities Act (“Regulation S”).

Materialised Bearer Notes are subject to U.S. tax law requirements and may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or its possessions or to a United States person, except in certain transactions permitted by U.S. tax regulations. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by the U.S. Internal Revenue Code and regulations thereunder.

Each Dealer has represented, warranted and agreed and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent, warrant and agree that, except as permitted by the Amended and Restated Dealer Agreement, it will not offer, sell or, in the case of Materialised Bearer Notes, deliver Notes, (i) as part of their distribution at any time or (ii) otherwise until 40 calendar days after the completion of the distribution of any identifiable Tranche as determined, and certified to the Issuer, by the Fiscal Agent, or in the case of Notes issued on a syndicated basis, the Lead Manager, within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, and it will have sent to each dealer to which it sells Notes during the distribution compliance period a confirmation or other notice setting forth the restrictions on offers and sales of the Notes within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons. Terms used in the preceding sentence have the meanings given to them by Regulation S.

The Notes are being offered and sold outside the United States to non-U.S. persons in reliance on Regulation S.

In addition, until 40 calendar days after the commencement of the offering of any identifiable tranche of Notes, an offer or sale of Notes within the United States by any dealer (whether or not participating in the offering of such tranche of Notes) may violate the registration requirements of the Securities Act.
This Base Prospectus has been prepared by the Issuer for use in connection with the offer and sale of the Notes outside the United States. The Issuer and the Dealers reserve the right to reject any offer to purchase the Notes, in whole or in part, for any reason. This Base Prospectus does not constitute an offer to any person in the United States. Distribution of this Base Prospectus by any non-U.S. person outside the United States to any U.S. person or to any other person within the United States, is unauthorised and any disclosure without the prior written consent of the Issuer of any of its contents to any such U.S. person or other person within the United States, is prohibited.

European Economic Area

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a "Relevant Member State"), each of the Dealers and the Issuer has represented, warranted and agreed that with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that Relevant Member State (the "Relevant Implementation Date") it has not made and will not make an offer of Notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this Base Prospectus as completed by the final terms in relation thereto to the public in that Relevant Member State except that it may, with effect from and including the Relevant Implementation Date, make an offer of such Notes to the public in that Relevant Member State:

(a) **Qualified investors**: at any time to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Directive;

(b) **Fewer than 150 offerees**: at any time to fewer than 150 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus Directive), as permitted under the Prospectus Directive, subject to obtaining the prior consent of the relevant Dealer or Dealers nominated by the Issuer for any such offer; or

(c) **Other exempt offers**: at any time in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive,

provided that no such offer of Notes referred to in (a) to (c) above shall require the Issuer or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression an "offer of Notes to the public" in relation to any Notes in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the Notes, as the same may be varied in that Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Member State, the expression "Prospectus Directive" means Directive 2003/71/EC, as amended.

This EEA selling restriction is in addition to any other selling restrictions set out above or below.

Prohibition of Sales to EEA Retail Investors

Unless the Final Terms in respect of any Notes specify the "Prohibition of Sales to EEA Retail Investors" as "Not Applicable", each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made available and will not offer, sell or otherwise make available any Notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated by the Base Prospectus as completed by the Final Terms in relation thereto to any retail investor in the European Economic Area.

For the purposes of this provision:

(i) the expression "retail investor" means a person who is one (or more) of the following:

(a) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, "MiFID II"); or

(b) a customer within the meaning of Directive 2002/92/EC, as amended (the "Insurance Mediation Directive"), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or

(c) not a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Directive; and

(ii) the expression "offer" includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the Notes.
United Kingdom

Each of the Dealers has represented, warranted and agreed that:

(i) in relation to any Notes which have a maturity of less than one year from the date of their issue, (i) it is a person whose ordinary activities involve in it acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of its business and (ii) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell any Notes other than to the persons whose ordinary activities involve in it acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses or whose it is reasonable to expect they will acquire, hold, manage or dispose of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses where the issue of Note would otherwise constitute a contravention of section 19 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, as amended (the "FSMA") by the Issuer;

(ii) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of Section 21 of the FSMA received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Notes in circumstances in which Section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the Issuer; and

(iii) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to any Notes in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

General

These selling restrictions may be modified or supplemented by the agreement of the Issuer and the Dealers following a change in a relevant law, regulation or directive. Any such modification or supplement will be set out in a Supplement to the Base Prospectus.

No action has been taken in any jurisdiction that would permit an offer to the public of any of the Notes, or possession or distribution of the Base Prospectus or any other offering material or any Final Terms, in any country or jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required.

Each Dealer has represented, warranted and agreed that it will, to the best of its knowledge, comply with all relevant laws, regulations and directives in each jurisdiction in which it purchases, offers, sells or delivers Notes or has in its possession or distributes the Base Prospectus, any other offering material or any Final Terms and neither any of the Issuer nor any other Dealer shall have responsibility therefor.

Each of the Dealers and the Issuer has represented, warranted and agreed that Materialised Notes may only be issued outside France.
PRO FORMA FINAL TERMS FOR USE IN CONNECTION WITH ISSUES OF NOTES WITH A DENOMINATION OF AT LEAST €100,000 TO BE ADMITTED TO TRADING ON A REGULATED MARKET

[PROHIBITION OF SALES TO EEA RETAIL INVESTORS] - The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the European Economic Area ("EEA"). For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, "MiFID II") or (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive 2002/92/EC (as amended, "Insurance Mediation Directive" or "IMD"), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Directive 2003/71/EC, as amended (the "Prospectus Directive"). Consequently, no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 (the "PRIIPs Regulation") for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the EEA has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the EEA may be unlawful under the PRIIPs Regulation.

[MIFID II PRODUCT GOVERNANCE / PROFESSIONAL INVESTORS AND ELIGIBLE COUNTERPARTIES]  ONLY TARGET MARKET – Solely for the purposes of [the/each] manufacturer['s/s'] product approval process, the target market assessment in respect of the Notes taking into account the five categories referred to in item 18 of the Guidelines published by ESMA on 5 February 2018 has led to the conclusion that: (i) the target market for the Notes is eligible counterparties and professional clients only, each as defined in MiFID II; and (ii) all channels for distribution of the Notes to eligible counterparties and professional clients are appropriate. Any person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a "distributor") should take into consideration the manufacturer['s/s'] target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to MiFID II is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the manufacturer['s/s'] target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.

Final Terms dated [●]

RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité

Issue of [Aggregate Nominal Amount of Tranche] [Title of Notes]
under the €10,000,000,000 Euro Medium Term Note Programme
of RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité

SERIES NO: [●]
TRANCHE NO: [●]

PART A – CONTRACTUAL TERMS

Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the Conditions set forth in the Base Prospectus dated 6 June 2018 which has received visa no. 18-229 from the Autorité des marchés financiers ("AMF") on 6 June 2018 [and the supplement to the Base Prospectus dated [●] which has received visa no. [●] from the AMF on [●]] which [together] constitute[s] a base prospectus for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive (Directive 2003/71/EC), as amended (the "Prospectus Directive"). This document constitutes the Final Terms of the Notes described herein for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive and must be read in conjunction with such Base Prospectus [as so supplemented]. Full information on the Issuer and the offer of the Notes is only available on the basis of the combination of these Final Terms and the Base Prospectus. The Base Prospectus [and the supplement to the Base Prospectus] [is] [are] available for viewing free of charge on the website of the AMF "www.amf-france.org", on the website of the Issuer "www.rte-france.com" and for inspection at the specified offices of the Paying Agents.

The following alternative language applies if the first tranche of an issue which is being increased was issued under a Base Prospectus with an earlier date.

Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the Conditions (the "Conditions") which are the [EMTN 2017 Conditions / EMTN 2016 Conditions / EMTN 2015 Conditions / EMTN 2014 Conditions / EMTN 2013 Conditions / EMTN 2012 Conditions / EMTN 2011 Conditions]. This document constitutes the Final Terms of the Notes described herein for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive (Directive 2003/71/EC), as amended (the "Prospectus Directive") and must be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus dated [current date], which has received visa no. [●] from the AMF on [●] [and the supplement to the Base Prospectus dated [●] which has received visa no. [●] from the AMF on [●]], which [together] constitute[s] a base prospectus for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive, save in respect of the
Full information on the Issuer and the offer of the Notes is only available on the basis of the combination of these Final Terms, the [EMTN 2016 Conditions / EMTN 2015 Conditions / EMTN 2014 Conditions / EMTN 2013 Conditions / EMTN 2012 Conditions / EMTN 2011 Conditions] and the Base Prospectuses dated [original date] and [current date] [and the supplements to the Base Prospectuses dated [●] and [●]]. The Base Prospectuses [and the supplements to the Base Prospectuses] are for viewing free of charge on the website of the AMF ”www.amf-france.org”, on the website of the Issuer ”www.rte-france.com” and for inspection at the specified offices of the Paying Agents.
Issuer: RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité

(i) Series Number: [●]
(ii) Tranche Number: [●]
(iii) Date on which the Notes become fungible: [Not Applicable/ The Notes will be assimilated (assimilées) and form a single series with the existing [insert description of the Series] issued by the Issuer on [insert date] (the "Existing Notes") [as from the date of assimilation which is expected to be on or about 40 calendar days after the Issue Date (the "Assimilation Date") of this Tranche]/[as from the Issue Date of this Tranche].] (This item applies to fungible issues only)

Specified Currency or Currencies: [●]

Aggregate Nominal Amount of Notes admitted to trading:

(i) Series: [●]
(ii) Tranche: [●]

Issue Price: [●] per cent. of the Aggregate Nominal Amount (plus) accrued interest from [insert date] [if applicable]

Specified Denomination(s): [●] [one denomination only for Dematerialised Notes]

(i) Issue Date: [●]
(ii) Interest Commencement Date: [Specify/Issue Date/Not Applicable]

Maturity Date: [●] [Specify date or (for Floating Rate Notes) Interest Payment Date falling in or nearest to the relevant month and year]

Interest Basis/Rate of Interest:

([●] per cent. Fixed Rate)

([specify particular reference rate] +/– [●]) per cent. Floating Rate)

[Fixed/Floating Rate]

(further particulars specified in paragraphs 11, 14 and 15 below)

[Zero Coupon]

(further particulars specified below)

Redemption/Payment Basis: [Redemption at par]

Change of Interest Basis: [Applicable (for Fixed/Floating Rate Notes)/Not Applicable]

Specify details for convertibility of the Fixed/Floating Rate Notes in accordance with the provisions of Conditions 5(e) or cross refer to paragraph 15 and/or 16 below and identify there]

Put/Call Options: [Issuer Call/Investor Put]

[Make-Whole Redemption by the Issuer]

[Residual Maturity Call Option]

[Clean-Up Call Option]

([further particulars specified below])

(i) Status of the Notes: Unsubordinated
(ii) Date[s] of corporate authorisation[s] for the issuance of Notes obtained: [●]

PROVISIONS RELATING TO INTEREST (IF ANY) PAYABLE

14 Fixed Rate Note Provisions [Applicable/Not applicable] (If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)

(i) Rate[(s)] of Interest: [●] per cent. per annum [payable in arrear on each Interest Payment Date]

(ii) Interest Payment Date(s): [●] in each year [adjusted in accordance with [specify Business Day Convention and any applicable Business Centre(s) for the definition of "Business Day"]/not adjusted]

(iii) Fixed Coupon Amount[(s)]: [●] per [●] in Nominal Amount

(iv) Broken Amount[(s)]: [●] payable on the Interest Payment Date falling [in/on] [●] (Insert particulars of any initial or final broken interest amounts which do not correspond with the Fixed Coupon Amount [(s)])

(v) Day Count Fraction (Condition 5(a)): [Actual/365 – FBF / 30/360 / Actual/Actual - ICMA / Actual/Actual – ISDA / Actual/365 (Fixed) / Actual/360 / 30E/360 (ISDA)]

(vi) Determination Date(s) (Condition 5(a)): [●] in each year (Insert regular interest payment dates, ignoring issue date or maturity date in the case of a long or short first or last coupon. N.B. only relevant where Day Count Fraction is Actual/Actual (ICMA))

15 Floating Rate Provisions [Applicable/Not applicable] (If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)

(i) Interest Period(s): [●]

(ii) Specified Interest Payment Dates: [[●] in each year, subject to adjustment in accordance with the Business Day Convention set out in (iv) below]

(iii) Interest Period Date: [●] (Not applicable unless different from Specified Interest Payment Dates)


(v) Business Centre(s): [●]

(vi) Manner in which the Rate(s) of Interest is/are to be determined: [Screen Rate Determination/FBF Determination/ISDA Determination]

(vii) Party responsible for calculating the Rate(s) of Interest and Interest Amount(s) (if not the Calculation Agent): [●]

(viii) Screen Rate Determination:

— Reference Rate: [●]

— Interest Determination Date(s): [●]

— Relevant Inter-Bank Market: [●]
— Relevant Screen Page Time: [●]
— Relevant Screen Page: [●]

(ix) FBF Determination:
— Floating Rate: [●]
— Floating Rate Determination Date (Date de Détermination du Taux Variable): [●]

(x) ISDA Determination:
— Floating Rate Option: [●]
— Designated Maturity: [●]
— Reset Date: [●]

(xi) Linear Interpolation: [Not Applicable / The Rate of Interest for the [long/short] [first/last] Interest Period shall be calculated using Linear Interpolation (specify for each short or long interest period)]

(xii) Margin(s): [+/-] [●] per cent. per annum

(xiii) Minimum Rate of Interest: [●] per cent. per annum

(xiv) Maximum Rate of Interest: [●] per cent. per annum

(xv) Day Count Fraction: [Actual/365 – FBF / 30/360 / Actual/Actual - ICMA / Actual/Actual – ISDA / Actual/365 (Fixed) / Actual/360 / 30E/360 / 30E/360 (ISDA)]

16 Zero Coupon Note Provisions
[Applicable / Not Applicable]
(If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)

(i) Amortisation Yield: [●] per cent. per annum

(ii) Any other formula/basis of determining amount payable: [●]

(iii) Day Count Fraction: [Actual/365 – FBF / 30/360 / Actual/Actual - ICMA / Actual/Actual – ISDA / Actual/365 (Fixed) / Actual/360 / 30E/360 / 30E/360 (ISDA)]

PROVISIONS RELATING TO REDEMPTION
17 Call Option
[Applicable/Not Applicable]
(If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)

(i) Optional Redemption Date(s): [●]

(ii) Optional Redemption Amount of each Note: [●] per Note of [●] Specified Denomination

(iii) If redeemable in part:
(a) Minimum Redemption Amount: [●]
(b) Maximum Redemption Amount: [●]

(iv) Notice period: [●]

18 Make-Whole Redemption by the Issuer (Condition 6(b))
[Applicable/Not Applicable]

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4 In no event shall the amount of interest payable be less than zero.
(i) Notice period: [Not Applicable/•]

(ii) Reference Security: [•]

(iii) Reference Dealers: [•]

(iv) Similar Security: [Not Applicable/•]

(v) Party, if any, responsible for calculating the principal and/or interest due (if not the Calculation Agent): [Not Applicable/•]

(vi) Redemption Margin: [•]

Clean-Up Call Option [Applicable/Not Applicable]

(i) Clean-Up Redemption Amount: [•] per Note of [•] Specified Denomination

Put Option [Applicable/Not Applicable]

(i) Optional Redemption Date(s): [•]

(ii) Optional Redemption Amount each Note: [•][•] per Note of [•] Specified Denomination

(iii) Notice period: [•]

Residual Maturity Call Option: [Applicable/ Not Applicable]

(ii) Call Option Date: [•]

Final Redemption Amount of each Note: [•] per Note of [•] Specified Denomination

Early Redemption Amount

(i) Early Redemption Amount(s) payable on redemption for taxation reasons, for or an event of default or other early redemption: [•] per Note of [•] Specified Denomination

(ii) Early Redemption for taxation reasons on days other than Interest Payment Dates: [Yes/No]

GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE NOTES

24 Form of Notes: [Dematerialised Notes/Materialised Notes]

(Materialised Notes are only in bearer form) [Delete as appropriate]

(i) Form of Dematerialised Notes: [Not Applicable/if Applicable specify whether]

[Bearer dematerialised form (au porteur)/[fully/administered]

Registered dematerialised form (au nominatif [pur/administré])]

(ii) Registration Agent: [Not Applicable/if applicable give names and details]

(Note that a Registration Agent must be appointed in relation to Registered Dematerialised Notes only)

(iii) Temporary Global Certificate: [Not Applicable/Temporary Global Certificate exchangeable for

Definitive Materialised Bearer Notes on [•] (the "Exchange
(iv) Applicable TEFRA exemption (or successor exemption as contemplated by Notice 2012-20):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>([C Rules/D Rules/Not Applicable] (Only applicable to Materialised Notes))</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

25 Financial Centre(s):

[Not Applicable [(give details)]]

26 Talons for future Coupons to be attached to Definitive Notes (and dates on which such Talons mature):

[Yes/No/Not Applicable. If yes, give details]

27 Redenomination, renumberalisation and reconventioning provisions:

[Not Applicable/The provisions [in Condition 1(d)] apply]

28 Consolidation provisions:

[Not Applicable/The provisions [in Condition 14(b)] apply]

29 Possibility of resale of purchased Notes in accordance with Article L.213-1 A and D.213-1 A of the French Code monétaire et financier:

[Yes/No]

30 Masse (Condition 11):

Name and address of the Representative: [●]

[Name and address of the alternate Representative: [●]]

[The Representation will receive no remuneration/The Representative will receive a remuneration of [●]]

[If the Notes are held by a sole Noteholder, insert the wording below:

As long as the Notes are held by a sole Noteholder, and unless a Representative has been appointed in relation to such Series, such Noteholder shall exercise all the powers, rights and obligations entrusted to the Masse by the provisions of the French Code de commerce. A Representative will be appointed as soon as the Notes are held by several Noteholders.]

RESPONSIBILITY

The Issuer accepts responsibility for the information contained in these Final Terms.

Signed on behalf of the Issuer

By:

Duly authorised
1 LISTING

(i) Listing:
[Paris Stock Exchange (Euronext Paris)/other (specify)/None]

(ii) Admission to trading
[Application [has been / is expected to be] made for the Notes to be admitted to trading on [●] with effect from [●].] [Not Applicable]

(iii) [Estimate of total expenses related to admission to trading:
[●]]

2 RATINGS AND EURO EQUIVALENT

Ratings:
The Notes to be issued [have been/are expected to be] rated:
[S & P: [● ]]  
[Moody's: [●]]  
[Fitch: [●]]  
[[Other]: [●]]

[The Notes to be issued have not been rated.]

[[Insert credit rating agency] is established in the European Union and has applied for registration under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009, as amended although the result of such applications has not been determined.]

[[Insert credit rating agency] is established in the European Union, is registered under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009, as amended (the "CRA Regulation") and is included in the list of registered credit rating agencies published on the European Securities and Markets Authority's website (https://www.esma.europa.eu/supervision/credit-rating-agencies/risk). / Not Applicable].

[[Each of [●],[●] and [●] is [not] established in the European Union [nor has/and has not] applied for registration under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009, as amended (the "CRA Regulation"), but is endorsed by [insert credit rating agency's name] which is established in the European Union, registered under the CRA Regulation and included in the list of registered credit rating agencies published on the European Securities and Markets Authority's website (https://www.esma.europa.eu/supervision/credit-rating-agencies/risk)].

None of [●] and [●] is [not] established in the European Union [nor has/and has not] applied for registration under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009, as amended.

(The above disclosure should reflect the rating allocated to Notes of the type being issued under the Programme generally or, where the issue has been specifically rated, that rating.)

Euro equivalent:
[Not Applicable/Euro [●]] (Only applicable for Notes not denominated in Euro)

The aggregate principal amount of Notes issued has been converted into Euro at the rate of [●], producing a sum of:
3 NOTIFICATION

[The Autorité des marchés financiers [has provided]/[has been requested to provide] the [names of the competent authorities of host Member States] with a certificate of approval attesting that the Base Prospectus has been drawn up in accordance with the Prospectus Directive.]

4 INTERESTS OF NATURAL AND LEGAL PERSONS INVOLVED IN THE ISSUE

(Need to include a description of any interest, including conflicting ones, that is material to the issue/offer, detailing the persons involved and the nature of the interest. May be satisfied by the inclusion of the following statement:) ["Save as disclosed in ["Subscription and Sale"] so far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the offer of the Notes has an interest material to the offer."]*[●]

[(When adding any other description, consideration should be given as to whether such matters described constitute significant new factors” and consequently trigger the need for a supplement to the Prospectus under Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive,)]

5 REASONS FOR THE OFFER

Reasons for the offer: [General corporate purposes/ [●] (specify)]

6 THIRD PARTY INFORMATION AND STATEMENT BY EXPERTS

Where information has been sourced from a third party, provide a confirmation that this information has been accurately reproduced and that as far as the Issuer is aware and is able to ascertain from information published by that third party, no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading. In addition, the Issuer shall identify the source(s) of the information.

6 [FIXED RATE NOTES ONLY - YIELD

Indication of yield: [●]

8 [FLOATING RATE NOTES ONLY - DESCRIPTION OF THE UNDERLYING, MARKET OR SETTLEMENT DISRUPTION AND ADJUSTMENT RULES

Details of historic [LIBOR, LIBID, LIMEAN or EURIBOR/replicate other as specified in the Conditions] rates can be obtained from [Reuters/the relevant national Central Bank or as the case may be from the European Central Bank/other].

[Amounts payable under the Floating Rate Notes will be calculated by reference to [EURIBOR, LIBOR, LIBID or LIMEAN/] which is provided by [the European Money Markets Institute/ICE Benchmark Administration[●]]. As at [●], [the European Money Markets Institute/ICE Benchmark Administration[●]] [appears/does not appear] on the register of administrators and benchmarks established and maintained by the European Securities and Markets Authority pursuant to Article 36 of the Benchmark Regulation (Regulation (EU) 2016/1011) (the "Benchmark Regulation"). As far as the Issuer is aware, the transitional provisions in Article 51 of the Benchmark Regulation apply, such that [the European Money Markets Institute/ICE Benchmark Administration[●]] is not currently required to obtain authorisation or registration.]

9 OPERATIONAL INFORMATION

(i) ISIN: [●]

(ii) Common Code: [●]

(iii) Any clearing system(s) other than [Not Applicable/give name(s) and number(s) and address(es)]

Euroclear France, Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. and Clearstream Banking S.A. and the relevant identification
number(s):  
(iv) Delivery: Delivery [against/free of] payment

(v) Names and addresses of initial Paying Agent(s): [●]

(vi) Names and addresses of additional Paying Agent(s) (if any): [●]

(vii) Name and address of the entities which have a firm commitment to act as intermediaries in secondary trading, providing liquidity through bid and offer rates and description of the main terms of their commitment.

10 DISTRIBUTION

(i) Method of distribution: [Syndicated/Non-syndicated]

(ii) If syndicated:

(A) Names of Managers: [Not Applicable/give names]

(Include names of entities agreeing to underwrite the issue on a firm commitment basis and names of the entities agreeing to place the issue without a firm commitment or on a "best efforts" basis if such entities are not the same as the Managers)

(B) Stabilising Manager(s) if any: [Not Applicable/give name]

(iii) If non-syndicated, name and address of Dealer: [Not Applicable/give name]

(iv) US Selling Restrictions (Categories of potential investors to which the Notes are offered): Reg. S Compliance Category [2/1] applies to the Notes; [TEFRA C]/[TEFRA D]/[TEFRA not applicable] (See paragraph 12 of General Information in the Base Prospectus)

(v) Prohibition of Sales to EEA Retail Investors: [Not applicable/Applicable]

(If the Notes do not constitute “packaged” products, “Not Applicable” should be specified. If the Notes may constitute “packaged” products and no KID will be prepared, “Applicable” should be specified. For the purpose of the above, a “packaged” product shall designate a “packaged retail investment product” which means in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 of 26 November 2014 an investment, where, regardless of the legal form of the investment, the amount repayable to the retail investor is subject to fluctuations because of exposure to reference values or to the performance of one or more assets which are not directly purchased by the retail investor)
GENERAL INFORMATION

(1) Application has been made to the Autorité des marchés financiers ("AMF") to approve this document as a base prospectus. Application will be made in certain circumstances to Euronext Paris for Notes issued under the Programme to be admitted to trading on Euronext Paris.

This Base Prospectus received the visa No. 18-229 on 6 June 2018 from the AMF. Euronext Paris is a regulated market for the purposes of the Directive 2014/65/EU. The Final Terms applicable to each Series of Notes admitted to trading on Euronext Paris will be filed with the AMF.

(2) The Issuer has obtained all necessary corporate and other consents, approvals and authorisations in France in connection with the Programme.

The establishment of the Programme was authorised by a decision of the Executive Board (Directoire) of the Issuer dated 3 July 2006.

Any drawdown of Notes under the Programme requires the prior authorisation of the Executive Board (Directoire) of the Issuer, with the prior authorisation of the Supervisory Board (Conseil de Surveillance), which may delegate its powers to its Président or to any person of its choice.

Pursuant to a decision of the Executive Board (Directoire) of the Issuer dated 12 December 2017, issues of obligations have been authorised, as approved by a decision of the Supervisory board (Conseil de Surveillance) of the Issuer dated 12 December 2017, up to a maximum amount of Euro 1,300,000,000 of obligations from 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2018 (unless previously cancelled) (subject to an overall maximum aggregate amount of Euro 1,300,000,000 for all financings made available to the Issuer from 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2018) and the Executive Board (Directoire) of the Issuer has delegated to its Chairman and to its member and Directrice Générale Adjointe en charge de Finances et Achats the authority to issue obligations within the limits fixed by the Executive Board (Directoire) of the Issuer and determine the terms and conditions of the obligations.

(3) Except as disclosed in this Base Prospectus, neither the Issuer nor any member of the RTE Group is or has been involved in any governmental, legal or arbitration proceedings (including any such proceedings which are pending or threatened of which the Issuer is aware), during a period covering the previous 12 months which may have, or have had in the recent past, significant effects on the financial position or profitability of the Issuer or the RTE Group.

(4) There has been no significant change in the financial or trading position of the Issuer or of the Group since the date of the last published audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2017 of the Issuer or of the Group.

(5) There are no material contracts not entered into in the ordinary course of the Issuer's business, which could result in any member of the Issuer's Group being under an obligation or entitlement that is material to the Issuer's ability to meet its obligations to Noteholders in respect of the Notes being issued.

(6) Notes will be accepted for clearance through the Euroclear and Clearstream systems which are entities in charge of keeping the records. The Common Code and the International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) or the identification number for any other relevant clearing system for each Series of Notes will be set out in the relevant Final Terms.

(7) The address of Euroclear is 1 boulevard du Roi Albert II, 1210 Bruxelles, Belgium and the address of Clearstream is 42 avenue John Fitzgerald Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg.
Dematerialised Notes will be inscribed in the books of Euroclear France (acting as central depositary). Dematerialised Notes which are in registered form (au nominatif) will be also inscribed either with the Issuer or with the registration agent.

The address of Euroclear France is 66, rue de la Victoire, 75009 Paris, France.

For as long as any Notes are outstanding, a copy of this Base Prospectus together with any supplement to this Base Prospectus and any document incorporated by reference (a) may be obtained, free of charge, at the registered office of the Issuer during normal business hours and (b) will be available on the website of the Issuer (www.rte-france.com).

For so long as Notes may be admitted to trading on Euronext Paris, the following documents will be available, on the website of the AMF (www.amf-france.org):

(i) the Final Terms for Notes that are listed and admitted to trading on Euronext Paris, and any other Regulated Market; and

(ii) this Base Prospectus together with any supplement to this Base Prospectus or further Base Prospectus.

In relation to any Tranche of Fixed Rate Notes, the yield in respect of such Notes will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. The yield is calculated at the Issue Date of the Notes on the basis of the relevant Issue Price. The yield indicated will be calculated as the yield to maturity as at the Issue Date (as defined in the Final Terms) of the Notes and will not be an indication of future yield.

Amounts payable on Floating Rate Notes may be calculated by reference to one of EURIBOR, LIBOR, LIBID or LIMEAN as specified in the relevant Final Terms and are respectively provided by the European Money Markets Institute ("EMMI") and the ICE Benchmark Administration Limited ("ICE"). As at the date of this Base Prospectus, (i) the ICE appears on the register of administrators and benchmarks established and maintained by the European Securities and Markets Authority pursuant to Article 36 of the Regulation (EU) N° 2016/1011 (the "Benchmarks Regulation") and (ii) the EMMI does not appear on such register. As far as the Issuer is aware, the transitional provisions in Article 51 of the Benchmarks Regulation apply, such that the EMMI is not currently required to obtain authorisation/registration (or, if located outside the European Union, recognition, endorsement or equivalence). The relevant Final Terms in respect of an issue of Floating Rate Notes may specify the relevant benchmark, the relevant administrator and whether such administrator appears on the ESMA register referred to above.

This Base Prospectus and all documents incorporated by reference may include forward-looking statements. All statements other than statements of historical facts included in this Base Prospectus, including, without limitation, those regarding the Issuer's or the Group's financial position, business strategy, plans and objectives of management for future operations, are forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Issuer or of the Group, or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are based on numerous assumptions regarding the Issuer's or the Group's present and future business strategies and the environment in which the Issuer and the Group will operate in the future. The Issuer expressly disclaims any obligation or undertaking to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement contained herein to reflect any change in the Issuer's or the Group's expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

The LEI of the Issuer is 969500JRJW0K2ET1UP76.
PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR THE INFORMATION GIVEN IN THE BASE PROSPECTUS

In the name of the Issuer

To the best knowledge of the Issuer (having taken all care to ensure that such is the case), the information contained in this Base Prospectus is in accordance with the facts and contains no omission likely to affect its import.

Paris, 6 June 2018

RTE Réseau de transport d’électricité

Represented by Valérie Champagne

Membre du Directoire

Directrice Générale Adjointe en charge de Finances et Achats

In accordance with Articles L.412-1 and L.621-8 of the French Code monétaire et financier and with the General Regulations (Réglement général) of the Autorité des marchés financiers (AMF), in particular Articles 212-31 to 212-33, the AMF has granted to this Base Prospectus the visa No. 18-229 on 6 June 2018. It was prepared by the Issuer and its signatories assume responsibility for it. In accordance with Article L.621-8-1-I of the French Code monétaire et financier, the visa was granted following an examination by the AMF of "whether the document is complete and comprehensible, and whether the information it contains is coherent". It does not imply the approval on the opportunity of the transaction or any authentification by the AMF of the accounting and financial data set out in it. In accordance with Article 212-32 of the Règlement général of the AMF, all Notes issued or admitted pursuant to this Base Prospectus will result in the publication of the applicable Final Terms.
Registered Office of the Issuer
RTE Réseau de transport d'électricité
Tour initiale
1 Terrasse Bellini
TSA 41000
92919 Paris La Défense cedex
France

Arrangers
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Crédit Agricole Corporate and Investment Bank
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United Kingdom

MUFG Securities EMEA plc
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250 Bishopsgate
London EC2M 4AA
United Kingdom

SMBC Nikko Capital Markets Limited
One New Change
London EC4M 9AF
United Kingdom

Société Générale
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75009 Paris
France

Fiscal Agent, Principal Paying Agent, Paris Paying Agent,
Redenomination Agent, Consolidation Agent and Calculation Agent

BNP Paribas Securities Services
3-5-7 Rue du Général Compans
93500 Pantin
France

Auditors to the Issuer

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2 avenue Gambetta
CS 60055 - 92066
Paris La Défense Cedex
France

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Tour Exaltis, 61 Henri Regnault
61 Henri Regnault
92400 Courbevoie
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Legal Advisers

To the Issuer

Hogan Lovells (Paris) LLP
17, avenue Matignon
CS 30027
75378 Paris Cedex 8
France

Linklaters LLP
25, rue de Marignan
75008 Paris
France

To the Dealers